Operation & Maintenance Manual

SWE25UF Hydraulic Excavator

SUNWARD INTELLIGENT EQUIPMENT CO., LTD. Sunward Intelligent Industrial Park, Xingsha, Changsha, China

FOREWORD

This manual provides rules and guidelines which will help you use this machine safely and effectively. The precautions in this manual must be followed at all times when performing operation and maintenance. Most accidents are caused by the failure to follow fundamental safety rules for the operation and maintenance of machines. Accidents can be prevented by knowing beforehand conditions that may cause hazard when performing operation and maintenance.

Operators and maintenance personnel must always do as follows before beginning operation or maintenance.

- Always be sure to read and understand this manual thoroughly before performing operation and maintenance.
- Read the safety message given in this manual and the safety labels affixed to the machine thoroughly and be sure that you understand them fully.
- This manual should be considered as a permanent part of your machine. If you sell the machine, be sure to give this manual to the new owners together with the machine.
- Only original spare parts procured from Sunward are to be used. To use parts of poor quality will be detrimental to machine's overall performance.
- All operation described in this instruction manual should be carried out exclusively by trained and qualified staff.
- This machine is designed in metric system and the sizes provided in this manual are metric, therefore, please only use parts and tools in metric system.

Sunward guarantees maintenance to our customers. Please refer to guarantee certificate which you have obtained from our distributors for maintenance concerns. With a guarantee certificate, you are entitled to get maintenance from Sunward. In some cases even beyond maintenance period, Sunward provides maintenance on the spot, which is usually free of charge. However, if machine is abused or kept in overloading operations or its performance is changed beyond our original regulations, compensations for maintenance will be unavailable and service on the spot will probably be refused.

All the information including charts and specifications in this manual is the latest that we can get. We reserve the right to make without prior notice any modification or amendment to machine component.

Sunward Intelligent Equipment Co., Ltd

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. SAFETY RULES	1
1.1 SAFETY MARK	1
1.2 SAFETY LABEL	1
1.3 GENERAL SAFETY INSTRUCTION	1
1.4 PREPARE FOR EMERGENCIES	2
1.5 WEAR SAFETY PROTECTIVE ARTICLES	2
1.6 CHECK MACHINE BEFORE START-UP	2
1.7 ADJUST OPERATOR SEAT	2
1.8 ENTER OR LEAVE MACHINE CORRECTLY	2
1.9 START ENGINE CORRECTLY	2
1.10 FORBID HITCHING OTHER PEOPLE	
1.11 KEEP MACHINE AWAY FROM ELECTRICITY TRANSMISSION LINE	
1.12 MOVE MACHINE SAFELY	
1.13 PREVENT ACCIDENT WHILE BACKING OR SWINGING	
1.14 OPERATE DIGGING WORK SAFELY	4
1.15 AVOID ACCIDENT BY CONTROL FAILURE	5
1.16 PARK MACHINE SAFELY	5
1.17 SAFE MAINTENANCE	5
1.18 SUPPORT MACHINE CORRECTLY	6
1.19 CLEAN TRASH ON THE MACHINE	6
1.20 PREVENT BATTERY FROM EXPLODING	6
1.21 STORE PARTS SAFELY	7
1.22 PREVENT SPLASHING OBJECTS	7
1.23 PREVENT PARTS FROM FLYING OFF	7
1.24 KEEP AWAY FROM TRANSMISSION PARTS	7
1.25 AVOID INHALING ASBESTOS DUST	7
1.26 BEWARE OF INHALING FOG OR EXHAUST GAS	8
1.27 BEWARE OF SCALD	
1.28 BE CAUTIOUS OF PRESSURE LIQUIDS	
1.29 AVOID HEATING UP NEAR PRESSURE OIL PIPE	
1.30 AVOID HEATING UP INFLAMMABLE LIQUID PIPE	9
1.31 REMOVE PAINT BEFORE WELDING OR HEATING	9
1.32 DISPOSE OF LIQUID SAFELY	9
1.33 DISPOSE OF CHEMICAL SAFELY	9
1.34 AVOID FIRE	9
1.35 EMERGENCY EXIT	
1.36 Noise and vibration	
1.37 OTHER SAFETY MARKS	
2. MACHINE FAMILIARIZATION	

2.1 POSITION OF THE VARIOUS MACHINE COMPONENTS	14
2.2 CABIN	
2.3 START-UP SWITCH	
2.4 MONITOR PANEL	
2.5 WANE CONTROL PANEL	
2.6 HEATER	
2.6.1 WORK THEORY	
2.6.2 INSTALLATION	
2.6.3 OPERATION	
2.7 RADIO	21
2.8 SEAT ADJUSTMENT	21
2.9 PILOT SAFETY LEVER	
2.10 ENGINE ACCELEROGRAPH SPEED CONTROL LEVER	
2.11 PILOT OPERATION	23
2.12 OPEN AND CLOSE FRONT WINDOW	25
2.13 AIR DUCTING HOOD AND UPPER-COVER	
2.14ACCESSORY AND TOOL LIST	
2.15 IDENTIFIER	
3. MACHINE OPERATION	
3.1 MACHINE WORKING ENVIRONMENT	
3.2 RUNNING AND OPERATION	
3.3 OPERATE ENGINE	
3.4 TRAVEL CONTROL	
3.4.1 CONTROL TRAVEL WITH PEDAL	
3.4.2 TRAVEL WITH HANDLE CONTROL	
3.4.3 TRAVEL SPEED	
3.4.4 TRAVEL BRAKE	
3.4.5 OUTLINE OF TRAVEL	
3.5 EXCAVATION	
3.6 LIFT WORK	
3.7 HYDRAULIC BREAKING OPERATION	
3.8 BOOM SWING	
4 MAINTENANCE	
4.1 CORRECT MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION PROCEDURE	
4.2 MAINTENANCE GUIDE	
4.2.1 ADD LUBRICANT GREASE	53
4.2.2 ENGINE OIL	
4.2.3 GEAR OIL	
4.2.4 FUEL SYSTEM	
4.2.5 HYDRAULIC SYSTEM	
4.2.6 AIR FILTER	69
4.2.7 COOLING SYSTEM	71
4.2.8 OTHERS	74

4.2.9 MAINTENANCE IN SPECIAL SITUATION	
4.2.10 PROTECTION FOR LONG TERM STORE	
4.2.11 HEATER MAINTENANCE	
5. TRANSPORTATION AND STORAGE	
6. TROUBLE SHOOTING	
7. SPECIFICATIONS	
7.1 TECHNICAL PARAMETER	
7.2 TECHNICAL INTRODUCTION	
7.3 OPERATION PARAMETER	
8. ATTACHMENT	
8.1 ELECTRIC DRAWING	
8.2 HYDRAULIC DRAWING	
8.3 HYDRAULIC COMPONENT LIST	
9. ABOUT MANUFACTURER	

1. SAFETY RULES

1.1 SAFETY MARK

Fig on the right side is the mark to remind of safety, when you see this mark on the machine or in the manual book; it indicates that the human body is in danger of injury.

1.2 SAFETY LABEL

There are various labels at various points of machine, in these labels, various words indicate various hurt risks, such

as "DANGER", "WARNIGN", "CAUTION" etc (as right figure), they mean as follows:

- DANGER—indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
- 2) WARNING—indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
- CAUTION—indicates potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.

"DANGER", "WARNING" safety labels are stuck at given points of machine within the range of possible danger. General attentions listed on the "CAUTION" safety label. In this manual book, "CAUTION" also reminds of safety instruction.

1.3 GENERAL SAFETY INSTRUCTION

Study the manual carefully and follow the safety instructions in the labels and manual before operating the machine.

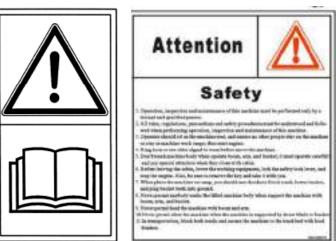
 Always keep the safety labels clean. Change any lost or damaged label with a new one. If the labels or manual book are lost, you can contact dealer and indicate the model of machine to purchase a new one.

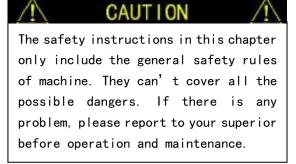


WARNING

DANGER

CAUTION





Only qualified operator is permitted to operate this machine. Keep the machine in good condition as per this manual.

2) Don't refit machine without authorization, otherwise it will affect the performance and service life of machine, or may cause human body hurt oreven death.

1.4 PREPARE FOR EMERGENCIES

All concerned people should be cautious so as to prevent accident from occurring, and at the same time, deposit first-aid kit and fire extinguisher nearby, and place the phone numbers of hospital and fire department near telephone to ask for help in case of emergency.

1.5 WEAR SAFETY PROTECTIVE ARTICLES

Before operation, always wear protective articles when the work requires, they include:

Skintight work clothes Hard hat Safety gloves Safety glasses, goggles, or veil Respirator or filtration veil Earplug or ear cap

1.6 CHECK MACHINE BEFORE START-UP

Before starting machine every day or every shift, check the machine according to the contents in "Check machine before start-up" in this manual.

1.7 ADJUST OPERATOR SEAT

If you use this machine for the first time, or change operator, the operator should adjust seat to suit himself: back on the seat, the feet can operate the pedals at ease. (Refer to 2.8 seat adjustment for details)

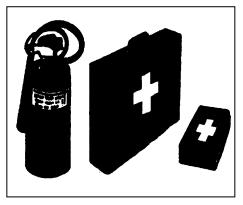
1.8 ENTER OR LEAVE MACHINE CORRECTLY

Always face the machine when you use the steps and hand-holds to enter or leave machine.

Never use any control lever as hand-hold. Never enter or leave machine when the machine travels, swings, or digs (lifts).

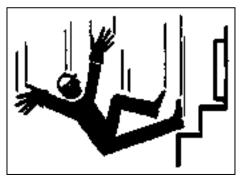
1.9 START ENGINE CORRECTLY

The operator must sit on cab seat to start engine. Not allow starting engine with the operator standing on crawler.











Not allow starting engine with short circuit start-up (including terminal start-up).

1.10 FORBID HITCHING OTHER PEOPLE

When the machine is in operation or traveling, prohibit other people except operator staying on the machine.

1.11 KEEP MACHINE AWAY FROM ELECTRICITY TRANSMISSION LINE

Any part or load of machine touching electricity transmission line will cause human death or GBH.

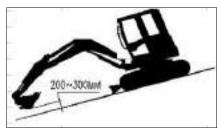
Prohibit machine or its load being close to electricity transmission line, the machine should be 3 meters away from line.

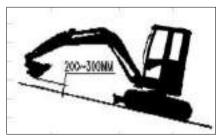
1.12 MOVE MACHINE SAFELY

- Before the machine travels and swings, operator should know the position of other people.
- When machine travels or before it swings, operator should warn other people by ringing the horn.
- Operation at confined area should use signal in swinging, and harmonize the hand signal before machine start-up.
- Before operating the machine traveling, confirm that the operation of traveling pedal/control lever is corresponding with the traveling direction.
- Treadle the foreside of traveling pedal or push traveling lever forward, and the machine will travel along tension wheel. By contraries, the machine will travel along sprocket wheel.
- When machine travel on slope, place bucket as figures show, keep bucket 200-300mm up the slope ground, if the machine slides or becomes unstable, set the bucket down at once.





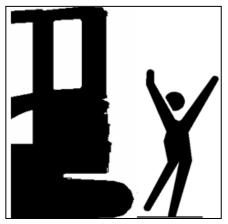




1.13 PREVENT ACCIDENT WHILE BACKING OR SWINGING

In order to prevent accident while backing or swinging, the operator must follow:

- Before back or swing the machine, look round and confirm nobody is around.
- Ensure that other people stand out of the boom swing range.



- Pay attention to that whether other people stay in work range or not. Ring horn or use other signals to warn before moving the machine.
- If the operator's vision is blocked when the machine backs, a signalman is needed and the signalman should always be seen.
- If signalman is needed, he or she should use hand signal. Only when both signalman and operator understand the meaning of signal, the operator can operate the machine traveling and swinging.
- Understand all the meanings of flag, mark, and signal, and determine the person who is in charge of signaling.
- Keep the cleanness of window, mirror, and lamp.
- When the visibility is weakened by dust, rain, and fog, etc, lamplight should be used.
- Please read carefully and understand well the contents of this manual book.

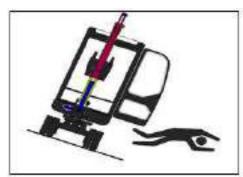
1.14 OPERATE DIGGING WORK SAFELY

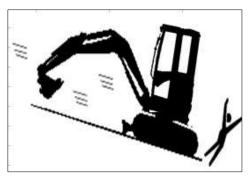
- Before digging, operator should be aware of the position of the embedded lines, such as cable, gas pipe, water supply pipe, and operate the machine carefully to prevent accident.
- All the non-working people should be away from the working range of machine.
- Make sure the ground of working site is hard enough to support machine.
- When the machine works at pithead, the tension wheel end should be outward pithead, keeping the traveling orientation vertical with pit cliff. In this way, the machine can move away easily when the cliff collapses.
- When the machine works in deep spot, you should prevent the boom bottom and cylinder from colliding with high objects.
- Turn over prevention

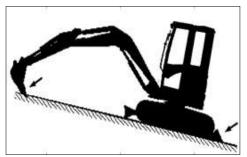
When the machine works on slope, the track should be parked along the slope, retract the bucket as much as possible, keep the bucket close to ground and machine to avoid turning over.

When swinging with load, decrease swing speed to avoid turning over. When work on frozen ground, you should prevent the ascending temperature from causing the ground to soften, otherwise it will affect the stability of machine.









- During operation, prevent boom or arm from colliding with high objects.
- The bucket is only for digging work, do not allow using bucket to work as pneumatic pick or hydraulic breaker does.

1.15 AVOID ACCIDENT BY CONTROL FAILURE

When the machine loses control, if someone tries to mount on or stop machine, it will cause GBH or death.

To avoid the machine losing control, pay attention to the following proceedings:

• Place the machine on horizontal ground, try your best not to stay on slope, and stop machine as following procedures:

Lower the bucket to the ground.

Run engine at low revs for 3 minutes to cool down machine.

Stop engine, take out key from key switch.

Switch off pilot control.

- If the machine has to stay on slope, use chocks to block crawler, lower bucket, and plug bucket teeth into ground.
- Fix the machine well to avoid accidental movement.
- Park the machine away from other machines at proper distance.

1.16 PARK MACHINE SAFELY

Stop machine as following schedule:

- Place machine on horizontal ground.
- Lower the bucket to the ground.
- Run engine at low rev for 3 minutes.
- Place the timing handle at stop position, screw the ignition key to "OFF" position.
- Switch off pilot control.
- Close window, top window, and cabin.

1.17 SAFE MAINTENANCE

• Attention of maintenance:

Before working, be aware of maintenance rules.

Keep the working area clean and dry.

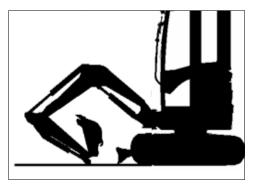
Don't allow injecting lubricant or maintaining to the moving machine.

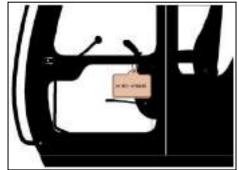
Avoid body and clothing touching with transmission parts.

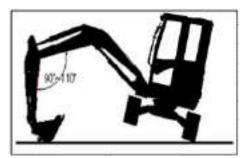
- Preparation for maintenance
 - Place the machine on horizontal ground.
 - Lower the bucket to the ground.

Run engine at low rev for 5 minutes.

Pull stop handle forward, stop engine, take out key







from the switch.

Hang "DO NOT OPERATE" label at control lever. Switch off pilot control.

• Safety in maintenance

If maintenance must be made during engine operation, there must be somebody in cabin.

If the machine must be lifted, then the angle between boom and arm must be kept between

90-110° to support the lifted parts stably in maintenance work.

Never work under the machine being lifted by boom.

- Check some parts at regular intervals, repair or replace, if necessary. (refer to chapter "maintenance" in this manual)
- Make sure all parts are in good condition and fitted correctly. Replace worn or damaged parts. Clean any accumulative lubricant or scraps.
- When adjust electric system or weld on machine, disconnect earthing cable (negative pole) of battery.

1.18 SUPPORT MACHINE CORRECTLY

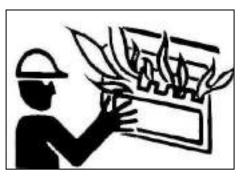
- Prohibit repairing or maintaining machine before the machine is well supported.
- Before maintenance, lower the working device to the ground.
- If the machine or work device have to be lifted for maintenance purpose, the machine or work device should be well supported.
- Don't support the machine on slag, hollow brick, or other fragile objects.
- Don't work under machine when it is only supported by a jack.

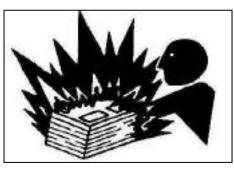
1.19 CLEAN TRASH ON THE MACHINE

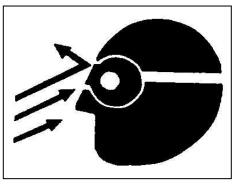
- Keep the engine, radiator, battery, hydraulic line, fuel tank, and cabin clean.
- After stopping engine, the surrounding temperature may rise immediately. Open overhaul gate to cool engine as soon as possible and clean engine apartment.
- Clean machine at regular interval, eliminate accumulative lubricant and other trash. Make sure not to spray water or vapour into cabin.

1.20 PREVENT BATTERY FROM EXPLODING

- Prohibit fire or flame being close to the battery top, otherwise the battery gas will explode.
- Check the electricity deposit with voltage meter or gravimeter. Don't place metal bestriding connection rod to check electricity deposit.







 Never electricize the frozen battery, otherwise it will explode. The battery should be warmed up to 16℃ (60F).

1.21 STORE PARTS SAFELY

- The stored parts, such as bucket, hydraulic breaker, etc, are likely to fall down, causing GBH or death.
- By all effective means, store parts and machine safely to avoid falling down. Don't permit unauthorized people, especially children being closed to the parts storage area.

1.22 PREVENT SPLASHING OBJECTS

- Prevent splashing metal or grits hurt, wear blinkers or safety glass.
- Before knocking on object, check whether somebody else is in the working area or not, and stop other people from entering the working area to avoid hurt.

1.23 PREVENT PARTS FROM FLYING OFF

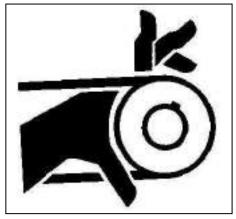
In operation or maintenance, take care of the parts that may fly off, avoid possible flying off parts to human body and face.

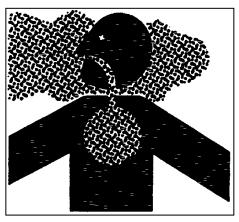
1.24 KEEP AWAY FROM TRANSMISSION PARTS

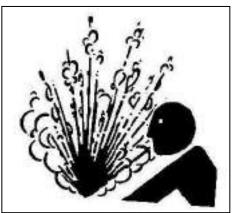
- Touching transmission parts may cause GBH.
- When work around the transmission parts, in order to avoid accident, prevent hand, foot, hair and clothes from entangling in the machine.

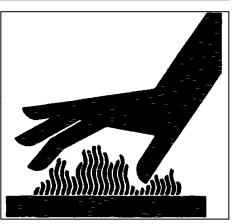
1.25 AVOID INHALING ASBESTOS DUST

- Prevent inhaling possible asbestos dust, for the asbestos fibre may cause lung cancer.
- Some washers contain asbestos fibre, in these components, normally, the asbestos is in the resin or enveloped in some way. If the asbestos-contained parts don't bring dust, there isn't danger in normal disposal.
- To avoid causing dust, don't clean with compressed air, and avoid brushing and grinding asbestos-contained materials. In maintenance work, please wear regulated respirator, use special dust collector to clean asbestos. If you can't get this dust collector, use little oil or water to be moistened asbestos-contained material.









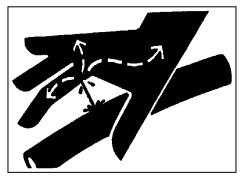
Comply with working area rules and concerned asbestos disposal rules, stop other people from entering working area.

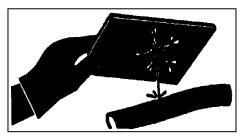
1.26 BEWARE OF INHALING FOG OR EXHAUST GAS

- Inhaling engine exhaust gas will cause disease, so much as, or death.
- If it is necessary to operate machine in the building, open door and window to ensure well ventilation, or use long exhaust pipe to discharge smoke.

1.27 BEWARE OF SCALD

- During operation, engine oil, gear oil, hydraulic oil will become hot. Meanwhile, engine, hose, pipeline, and other parts will also become hot. Beware of scalding.
- Carry out inspection and maintenance after oil and parts are cooled to prevent scalding. The hydraulic oil tank and pipeline are high pressured, before maintenance or replacement, release the pressure to avoid hot oil erupting.





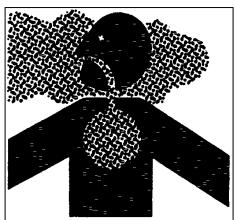
1.28 BE CAUTIOUS OF PRESSURE LIQUIDS

- Effluent liquids in high pressure can penetrate through skin, causing GBH.
- Release pressure before disjoining liquids or other pipeline to avoid this danger. Operate control lever many times to release pressure.
- Before supercharging, tighten all the connections.
- Inspect leakage with cardboard, make sure to protect your hand and body against touching high pressure liquids
- If accident occurs, see the doctor at once.
- Any liquid penetrated in skin must be cleaned within a few hours. Otherwise it will cause necrosis.

1.29 AVOID HEATING UP NEAR PRESSURE OIL PIPE

- If heating up near pressure oil pipe, the inflammable spray will cause severe burn to the nearby people. Don't carry out welding, gas protection welding, or gas cutting near pressured oil pipe or other flammable goods.
- If it is a must to carry out welding, gas protection welding, or gas cutting near pressure oil





pipe, mount temporary fireproof jacket to protect hose or other materials.

1.30 AVOID HEATING UP INFLAMMABLE LIQUID PIPE

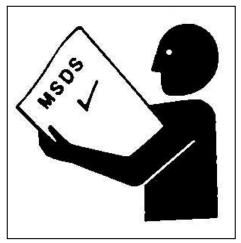
Not permit welding inflammable liquid steel pipe or hose. Before welding this kind of pipe or hose, clean this pipe or hose completely with incombustible solvent.

1.31 REMOVE PAINT BEFORE WELDING OR HEATING

- Prevent bringing potential poisonous gas and dust.
- When paint is heated up by welding or by other methods, it will cause poisonous gas.
- Remove paint as following methods before welding or heating up.

Rub out paint with abrasive paper or wheel, during this work, remember to wear regulated respirator to avoid inhaling dust.

Rub out paint with solvent or paint remover. After rubbing out, clean paint remover with soap and water before welding. Before welding or heating up, volatilize the paint remover gas at least 15 minutes.



• The paint removing work should be operated outdoor or at well ventilation sites.

1.32 DISPOSE OF LIQUID SAFELY

- All fuels, the majority of lubricants, and some coolants are inflammable. These inflammable liquids should be stored away from fire, do not permit stabbing or setting storage case on fire.
- Dispose of fuel carefully, stop engine before adding fuel, prohibit smoking while adding fuel or using flame near the machine being added fuel. Add fuel at outdoor site.
- Don't put oil-containing rags on machine to ensure machine is clean.

1.33 DISPOSE OF CHEMICAL SAFELY

Touching deleterious chemical directly will cause serious injury to human body. The chemical used in excavator, such as lubricant, coolant, dope, and adhesive, may be deleterious.

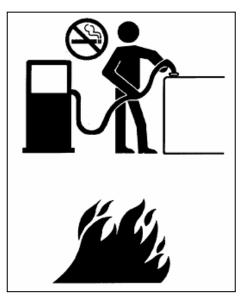
Before using deleterious chemical, you should check and understand its danger, know how to operate safely, and use recommended implement to work.

1.34 AVOID FIRE

In order to avoid fire, following methods are necessary.

• Check leakage, the leakage of fuel, hydraulic oil and lubricant may cause fire.

Inspect clamps whether lost, damaged or loosened or not, hose twisted or not, attrition between hose and hard pipe or not, oil cooler damaged or not, and oil cooler connection loosened or not. Use a piece of cardboard to check leakage, never check leakage with nude hand to prevent pressured oil from shooting up causing injury.



Tighten, repair, or replace any clamps, pipe, hose, oil cooler, and flange bolt of oil cooler. Don't twist or knock on high-pressured pipe.

- Don't assemble twisted or damaged pipeline or hose.
- Inspect short circuit. The short circuit of electric system can cause fire.

Before every shift or 8-hour operation, check loosened, twisted, hardened, or cracked cable and wire.

Before every shift or 8-hour operation, check lost or damaged connectors.

Before operation, tighten, repair, or replace any loosened or damaged cable, wire and connector. If the cable or wire is loosened or twisted, don't operate the machine.

• Repair switch

Before everyday operation, check the function of key switch and engine emergency stop switch. If there is any unusuality, repair at once. In case of fire, if you can't stop engine, it will aggravate firepower, and may cause GBH.

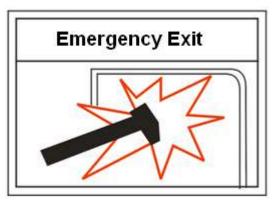
• Clean out inflammable materials

Spilled fuel, stored breeze, and other inflammable materials may cause fire. Keep the machine clean every day to prevent fire.

1.35 EMERGENCY EXIT

Emergency exit mark is shown in right figure:

When there is an emergency and the operator can not get out of the cabin, take the small hammer hung on the wall in cabin to break the window with emergency exit mark to leave the machine. The cabin safety structure can not be repaired after damage but it can be replaced with other qualified safety protective structures.





CAUTION

- Pay attention not to be hurt by the splashing objects while breaking the window with a certain distance to the breaking hole for safety.
- The breaking hole should be big enough for operator to get out (according to operator' s own condition) and the hole should have no sharp spines for safety.

1.36 Noise and vibration

The emission sound pressure level at the operator's and the sound power level of machine are

measured according to ISO 6396:2008 considering the method of ISO 3744:2009 under the operation condition required in EU Directive 2000/14/EC and 2005/88/EC, the test results as below:

The A-weighted emission sound pressure level at the operator's position is:

 L_{pA} = 80 dB, which is less than 80 dB required in EN 474-1:2006+A1:2009.

The sound power level of the machine is: LWA=93 dB, which complied with the limit of 2000/14/EC and 2005/88/EC

Note: it is suggest to wear ear shields for long time operation.

The exposure to the vibrations can be considerably reduced observing the following recommendations:

-- the correct equipment for the machine and for the work to do;

--select the suitable seat, which can reduce the vibration to the operator sufficiently. (remark: the seat provided in the machine has complied with spectral class EM 6 of EN ISO 7096:2008);

-- Adjust and set the operator seat in the correct position;

-- check regularly the operator seat's adjusting and do not forget its properly maintenance;

-- Operate correctly with the machine equipment using it uniformly and avoid, as much as possible, abrupt movement and excessive shakes;

-- Adjust the speed and choose the best journey during the machine travelling, avoid as much as possible uneven journey or the impact with possible obstacles so to minimize the vibrations level

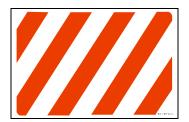
The following result is measured for sitting operator in accordance with EN 12096:1997 under the normal operation condition, refer to ISO/TR25398.

The mean square weighted value of the acceleration to whom the upper limbs of the operator is subjected, which is less than 0.5 m/s^2 ;

The mean square weighted value of the acceleration to whom the body of the operator is subjected, is less than 0.5 m/s^2 .

1.37 OTHER SAFETY MARKS

• warning: Please do not get near to the machine when it is being operated.



• Warning: Please do not get near to the machine when machine working equipment is being operated.



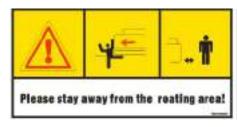
• Warning: Please do not stop engine before opening engine hood.



• Warning: Please stay away from the loader arm clearance area.



• Warning: Please near away from the rotating area.



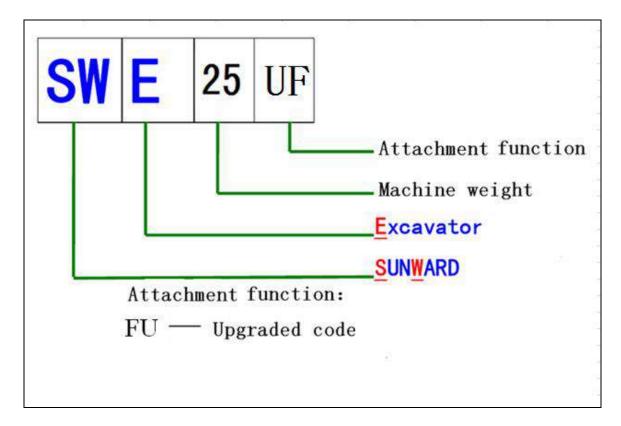
• Warning: Pay attention to machine's lifting capacity in operation.

m 130		N. 2	/AF	(JA)	NC	2		
					angen anken		and a state	1000
	See Strategy			A state	9834 9834	Con State	12	2:3

The lifting capacity is based on the criteria of the machine being level on a firm supporting ground. When the machine is operated in conditions that deviate from these criteria (e.g. on soft or uneven ground, on a slope or when subject to slide loads), these conditions shall be taken into account by the operator and need contract manufacture for safety operation.

2. MACHINE FAMILIARIZATION

Name of excavators



Model	Development code No.	Swing	Crawler allocation	Cabin allocation	Weight (Kg)
		With swing	Rubber crawler	Cabin	276
SWE25UF	621	With swing	Rubber crawler	Simple cabin	unknown

Note: The above weight figures are measured with the following five requirements: 1. Diesel oil tank is full (diesel oil instrument displays full); 2. Hydraulic oil is enough ; 3. Water tank antifreeze fluid is enough; 4. Sealing plate is assembled; 5. Driver's weight is not included

2.1 POSITION OF THE VARIOUS MACHINE COMPONENTS

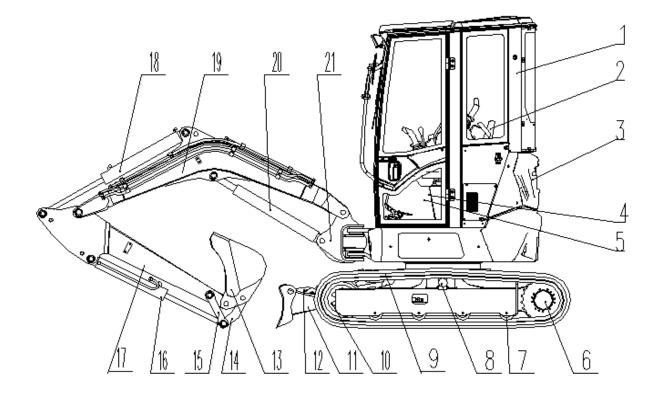


FIG. 2-1

- 1. Cabin
- 2. Seat
- 3. Rear hood
- 4. Fuel tank
- 5. Hydraulic tank
- 6. Traveling motor
- 7. Support wheel
- 8. Carrier board
- 9. Rubber crawler
- 10. Guide wheel
- 11. Dozer blade
- 12. Dozer cylinder
- 13. Bucket
- 14. Link rod

- 15. Swing arm
- 16. Bucket cylinder
- 17. Arm
- 18. Arm cylinder
- 19. Boom
- 21. Boom cylinder
- 22. Swing head

2.2 CABIN

- 1 Monitor
- 2 Heating/defrost alternation switch
- 3 Right operating handle
- 4 Bulldozer control rod
- 6 Engine accelerograph speed control
- 7 Starting switch
- 8 Wane control switch
- 9 Seat
- 10 Left operating handle
- 11 Pilot safety rod
- 12 Assisting control pedal
- 13 Left-traveling control rod
- 14 Right-traveling control rod
- 15 Arm swing control pedal

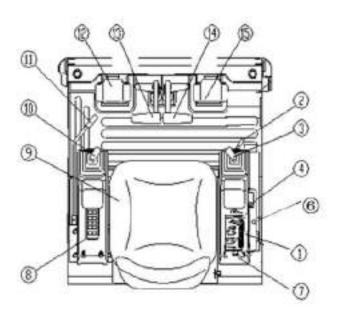
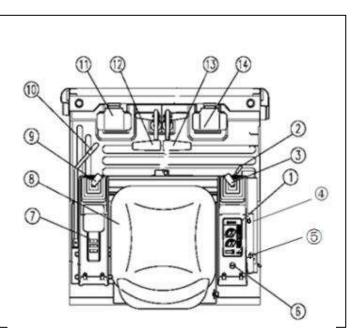


FIG. 2-2

SIMPLE CABIN

- 1 Monitor
- 2 Heating/defrost alternation switch
- 3 Right operating handle
- 4 Bulldozer control rod
- 5 Engine accelerograph speed
- 6 Starting switch
- 7 Wane control switch
- 8 Seat
- 9 Left operating handle
- 10 Pilot safety rod
- 11 Assisting control pedal
- 12 Left-traveling control rod
- 13 Right-traveling control rod
- 14 Arm swing control pedal





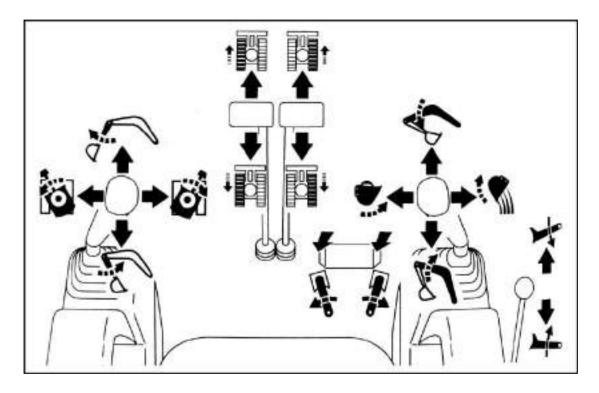


FIG. 2-4

2.3 START-UP SWITCH

CAUTION Do not turn the switch from "off" to "on" or from "on" to "off" in a short time, or it may cause damage to the engine.

- P POSITION(no any action)
- O OFF(stop the engine)
- I = ON(connect electric power)
- II HEAT(warm-up)

III — START(start engine)start the engine, The switch will turn back to "ON" position when let go of the key.

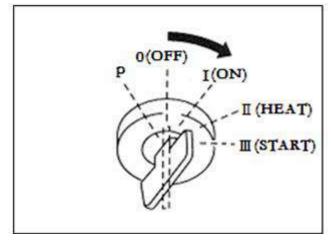


FIG. 2-5

2.4 MONITOR PANEL



FIG. 2-6

- 1 Automatic idling indicator 2 -Working Light indicator $\underline{3}$ — Engine oil pressure warning indicator $\underline{4}$ — Work hour meter 5 — Engine speed meter $\underline{6}$ — Electric charging indicator
- $\underline{7}$ High speed traveling indicator
- 9 Air filter clogged indicator lamp
- <u>11</u> Cooling Water temperature indicator
- <u>13</u>— High speed traveling control button
- 15— Screen switch button

17— Excavator monitor

- $\underline{8}$ Warm-up indicator
- 10— Flameout control indicator
- <u>12</u> Sound cancel button
- 14- Working Light control button
- 16— Fuel level indicator
- 18— Fuel level warning indicator
- 19— Cooling water temperature warning indicator

Check operation control

When the start switch is on position 3 (refer to start switch), auto-check start, all the indicators come on for about 2 seconds.

1 — Automatic idling indicator

This symbol light comes on when the system is in automatic idling. SWE17B-3 has no the function of automatic idling

2 — Working Light indicator

This symbol light comes on when the working light is on work.

3 — Engine oil pressure warning indicator

This indicator indicates the engine oil pressure. When the pressure is normal, there's no indication; it lights on when the pressure is low and meanwhile, buzzer will warn.

4 —Work hour meter

The number on this device is the work time of this machine.

5 — Engine speed meter

The speed of the working engine.

6 — Electric charging indicator

This symbol light comes on when the generator working condition is abnormal; and it turns off when generator becomes normal.

7 — High speed traveling indicator

This indicator lights up when machine is traveling at high speed; and it will not light up when the machine is traveling at low speed.

8 — Warm-up indicator

If the machine has to start in cold weather, put the key at warm-up position and this signal will light up; at the same time, the screen shows "warming up", after 15second, it shows "warming up finish".

9 — Air filter clogged indicator lamp

When the air filter core is clogged, red indicator light comes on. Please clean or replace outer core.

10 —Flameout control indicator

This symbol light comes on when the engine working condition is abnormal(the engine oil pressure is low or coiling water temperature is high); and the buzzer warning ; after 30seconds engine stops working.

11 — Cooling Water temperature indicator

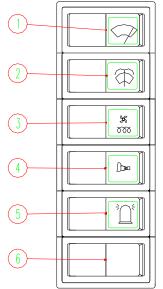
This indicates the engine cooling water temperature. The pointer is within green range when the water temperature is normal; if it goes into the red range, it means water temperature is too high; the LCD will flicker with buzzer alarming.

12 — Sound cancel button

When the monitor warning up, pressing this button can stop the sound of buzzer alarming.

13 — High speed traveling control button

Press this button, the machine will travel at high speed; press the button again, it will travel at low speed.



14 —Working Light control button

Press this button, the working light comes up.

15 — Screen switch button

Press this button, the screen will show the working hour and speed; press the button again, it will show the time.

16 —Fuel level indicator

This indicates the fuel level. The pointer is within green range when the fuel level is normal; if it goes into the red range, it means fuel in tank is lower than 10%; the LCD will flicker with buzzer alarming.

17 — Excavator monitor

Other parts of this monitor.

18 — Fuel level warning indicator

If the fuel level is normal, green lamp comes on; if red lamp comes on and LCD flicker, that means only litter fuel in tank, it should check and fill fuel.

19—Cooling water temperature warning indicator

When the water temperature is normal, there's no display, the signal lights up when the temperature is high(about 105 degree), the buzzer warns and the screen shows "Cooling water temperature is too high" at the same time.

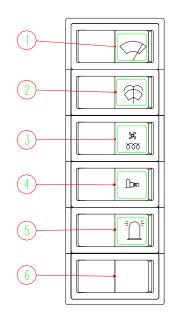


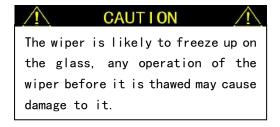
FIG. 2-7

2.5 WANE CONTROL PANEL

1-windshield wiper switch

This switch turns on and off the cabin windshield wiper. When press this button, wiper starts working, and the green lamp turns on, press the button again, green light turns off, which means the wiper has stopped.

This is a two-gear switch, first half is the first gear (low speed), the second half is the second gear (high speed).



2-Washer switch

This switch turns on and off the water bottle in cabin. When press this button, green lamp turns on, the burner cap on glazing works; press the button again, the burner stops working.

3-heater switch

When press this button, green lamp turns on, heater works, the whole cabin starts to be heated.

4-transfer switch

Up and down switches are used to control dozer blade and the extension and retraction of chassis separately.

5-Caution light switch

When press this button, red lamp turns on, caution light works and start flickering.

6–Wane panel

Figure 2-7 is the wane control panel of closed cabin, the simple cabin only applies to 4.

2.6 HEATER

2.6.1 WORK THEORY

High and low port of engine circulating water is connected with inlet and outlet of heater core separately by hose. Open hot water valve when heating, circulating water (about 90 \mathbb{C}) will flow into the heater core, open airflow switch, warm air will blow continuously, thus obtaining heating effect.

CAUTION

For the heating system adopts engine cooling water as heat source, it is connected with water tank, when ambient temperature is lower than 0° C and engine stops working, empty water tank or add antifreeze to water tank in order to prevent heater core crack.

2.6.2 INSTALLATION

Heater unit must be firm and not loose after installation. Wire harness and hot water tube circuit must be connected reliably.

2.6.3 OPERATION

Ensure enough space for ventilation. Do not store flammable or explosive stuff near the air exit.

Heater work switch

I—heater fan rotates at low speed

CAUTION

- •Be cautious to the operation of heater in warm weather, because the coolant will circulate in the heater even after the switch is turned off.
- •When the heater is not needed, do as the follows to stop the circulation of coolant:
- Park the machine on a level ground, shut down

the engine, open engine cover, shut down value

CAUTION

 Λ

It is recommanded that this system should be applicated before engine 20tart-up, otherwise, there may be a shortage of battery power. II—heater fan rotates at high speed

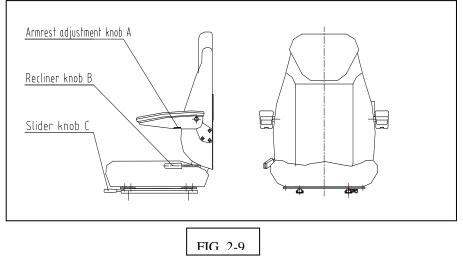
2.7 RADIO

Well-known brand radio with strong aseismatic and dustproof capability is beautiful and durable. (Refer to the radio user manual)



2.8 SEAT ADJUSTMENT





Technical Features

- (1) The Forward and afterward travel of the seat is 150mm (For:75mm, Aft:75mm)
- (2) The stepless adjustable angle scope of the backrest: 35 degrees 170 degrees.
- (3) Headrest adjustable height scope:60mm
- (4) The adjustable armrest can be adjusted between: -45 to 90 degrees.

Operation Instruction

(1) For & Aft adjustment

Put up the adjustment knob by your hand, then pull or push knob C forward or backward to the proper position you want, and then release the knob, the slider will lock automatically.

(2) Backrest adjustmentPut up recliner knob B, then rotate the backrest to the proper position you want, release the knob to lock the backrest.

(3) Armrest adjustment

While adjusting the armrest angle, put up the armrest to the proper angle, then rotate the adjustment knob until it is on locking position, by which adjustment is done.

Caution

- (1) Only adjust the seat when the driver is in safety status.
- (2) For slider and recliner adjustment, please make sure the knob in the proper position; only when the adjustment mechanism parts are separate can you do the adjustment.
- (3) After all the adjustment, please make sure every knob stays in proper position and every part is locked.

The seat of the machine meets the requirements of EN ISO 7096:2000.

2.9 PILOT SAFETY LEVER

• Before leaving the operator's seat, set the safety lever securely to lock position. If any controls should be touched accidentally when the safety lever has not been locked, it may cause serious accident.

WARNING

- Make sure the engine is stopped and safety lever is set to lock position before leaving the operator's seat.
- Carefully push or pull the safety lever, do not touch other levers.
- The safety lever can lock the work lever of front device (left & right operation joystick). Therefore, there will be no impact when the left & right operation lever is touched by accident; but you should know that the safety lock lever is not used for the operation of dozer (undercarriage extension) lever, left & right travel control lever been swing control pedal.
- When pull the safety lever up to lock position, the whole front work device will not be able to work.
- Push the safety lever to release position.

CAUTION

- •Lower bucket (front work device) to ground and put all the control levers on, stop the machine.
- •When the engine does not work, safety lever is on "release" position and the starting switch is on, by pushing handle can the machine work. The battery can supply the movement of control valve with pressure.
- If the front work device can still work when the safety lever is on "Release" position, and all the control levers are at "Neutral", that means there are some malfunctions of the system. Push the safety value to "Lock" position, turn off the engine switch

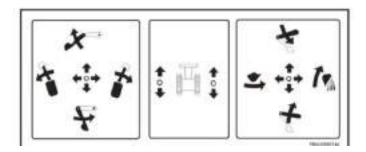
2.10 ENGINE ACCELEROGRAPH SPEED CONTROL LEVER

Engine accelerograph lever adjusts engine revs. When accelerograph handle is lifted to the upmost, engine runs at full load; lower handle to bottommost, engine runs at minimum load; adjust accelerograph between upmost and bottommost to adjust engine revs, and also you can screw handle to adjust accelerograph imperceptibly.



2.11 PILOT OPERATION

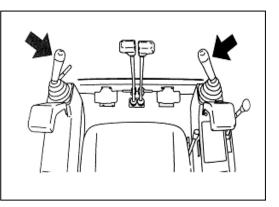
Operation marks:



You should clearly understand the corresponding part of each control lever.

The instruction of this manual is established under the international standard.

These control levers are used for the operation of boom, arm, bucket, swing, boom swing and dozer (undercarriage extending).



A. Right joystick

This joystick can make the following operations:

- a- Lift boom
- b- Lower boom
- c- Load backhoe, or bucket close
- d- Unload backhoe, or bucket open



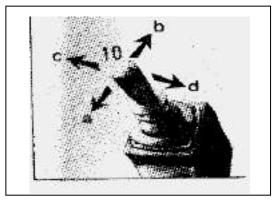


FIG.2-12

B. Left joystick

This joystick can do the following operations:

- e- slew the superstructure widdershins
- f- slew the superstructure clockwise
- g- extend the arm
- h- retract the arm

Composite operation can be achieved by the assorted operations of the two joysticks.

The horn button is equipped on the joystick.

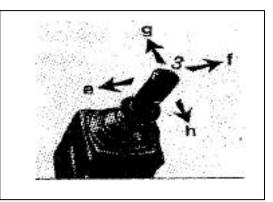


FIG.2-13

C. Dozer control pedal

This control lever can control the dozer or undercarriage extension by composite operation with the dozer

(A)—lift the dozer

(B)—lower the dozer

D. Traveling control lever

Make sure that the dozer is at the foreside of the operator's seat before operating the traveling control lever. Reverse the control lever when the dozer is at the heel of operator's seat.

The traveling control lever can operate the machine go forward or backward or change the direction of traveling.

Refer to the page of "traveling joystick operation".

E. Boom swing control pedal

This pedal is used to control the boom swing.

- (A) Boom swings to the right
- (B) Boom swings to the left

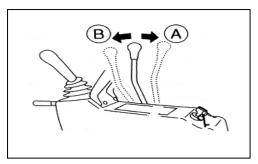
F. Assistant control pedal

This pedal is used to control the hydraulic oil of assistant hydraulic circuit

- (A) Hydraulic oil flows to the assistant pipe
- (B) Hydraulic oil flows to the assistant pipe.

WARNING

- Set the pedal to lock position when it is not being used, if any controls should be touched accidentally when the pedal has not been locked, it may cause serious accident!
- These devices are used to lock the boom swing and assistant pedal. You can lock the pedal by putting the lock pedal on the pedals. 24



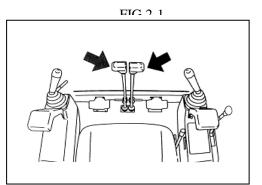


FIG 2-1

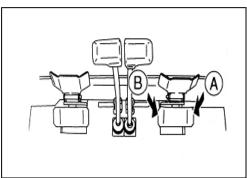
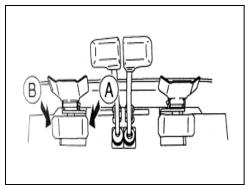
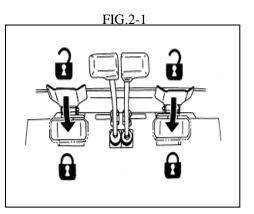


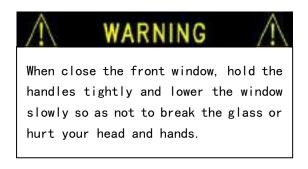
FIG.2-1





2.12 OPEN AND CLOSE FRONT WINDOW

Front window of the cabin can easily be opened for maintenance and emergency leave. Open the fastening of front window, push the glass window upwards and backwards to the scheduled position, then the front window is fastened. Before closing the front window, firstly, loosen the lock pin, grasp the 2 handles with your hands, lower the front window slowly to the bottom, then lock the lock pin tightly.



2.13 AIR DUCTING HOOD AND UPPER-COVER

Air ducting hood:

The engine should be equipped with air ducting hood to prevent foreign materials from being reeled into fan which disturbs the normal work of fan. On the other hand, the assembly of air ducting hood can prevent accident caused by carelessly putting hand into the fan. It is equipped with mounting plate on both left and right and is connected with the water tank.



Upper-cover

The upper-cover can protect the hydraulic components, electric circuit in the interior of the excavator and ensures the beautiful appearance. It is fixed on the platform and also protects engine.

2.14 ACCESSORY AND TOOL LIST

Random accessory list

No.	COD.	Name	Quantity
1	703201069003	O-ring69X5.3 GB/T 3452.1	4
2	703201060004	O-ring60X5.3 GB/T 3452.1	3
3	703201109001	O-ring109X3.55 GB/T 3452.1	3
4	703201050002	O-ring50X3.55 GB/T 3452.1	1
5	730652000026	Dustproof ring DLW04002 50X40X5	2
6	730652000027	Dustproof ring DLW03501 45X35X4	5
7	730652000206	Dustproof ring DLW 60X70X5	4
8	302010000683	Adjusting washer(80*36 t0.5)	4
9	302010000658	Adjusting washer(68*41 t1)	4
10	302010005015	Adjusting washer(105X61 t0.2)	2
11	302010000653	Adjusting washer(70*36 t0.5)	10
12	302010000649	Adjusting washer(80*41 t0.5)	10
13	703202033001	bonded washer	2
14	720211000008	Safety leverBX2011C-5A	1
15	720211000009	Safety leverBX2011C-10A	5
16	720211000011	Safety leverBX2011C-15A	1
17	720211000010	Safety leverBX2011C-20A	1
18	720211000018	Safety leverBX2011C-30A	2
19	301020103001	Steel cable baffle ring	5
20	701702010005	Pin B10X50 GB119	5
21	703102010002	oil cup M10X1 45° JB/T 7940.2	2
22	703101010001	oil cupM10X1 JB/T 7940.1	8
23	750601000032	Pin 18pin	4
24	750601000033	Bucket teeth rubber18LK	4
25	750601000027	Bucket teeth PC35	4
26	730403000077	Filter-cartridge of diesel oil filter 119810-55650	1
27	730401000093	Filter-cartridge of engine oil filter119305-35170	1
28	750201010252	Filter-cartridge of air cleaner 119655-12560	1
29	730403000072	Filter-cartridge of air cleaner 119233-12700	1
30	730403000076	Oil-water sepaeator filter171081-55910	1
31	730403000432	Pilot filter element JFX-20X10H(KC01G36-B01)	1
32	730403000401	Oil-filterKSP-0200010L	2
33	730402000241	Oil-filter KUT-0200100F	2
34	750603000001	Viewfinder 136#	1
35	750401000009	Grease gun JC-LG14K	1
36	790010000001	Fatigue dress	2
37	750629000009	Cab fire extinguisher	1

Tool list	t		
No.	COD.	Name	Quantity
1	740104000019	Inner hexagon spanner S3 GB5356-85	1
2	740104000003	Inner hexagon spanner S4 GB5356-85	1
3	740104000004	Inner hexagon spanner S5 GB5356-85	1
4	740104000005	Inner hexagon spannerS6 GB5356-85	1
5	740104000006	Inner hexagon spanner S8 GB5356-85	1
6	740104000007	Inner hexagon spanner S10 GB5356-85	1
7	740115000001	double-solid wrench 8-10	1
8	740115000022	double-solid wrench 12-14	1
9	740115000002	double-solid wrench 13-16	1
10	740115000003	double-solid wrench 17-19	1
11	740115000004	double-solid wrench 18-21	1
12	740115000007	double-solid wrench 24-27	1
13	740115000024	double-solid wrench 22-24	1
14	740106000014	double offset ring spanner 8-10	1
15	740106000016	double offset ring spanner 12-14	1
16	740106000006	double offset ring spanner 16-18	1
17	740106000005	double offset ring spanner 17-19	1
18	740106000009	double offset ring spanner 19-22	1
19	740106000003	double offset ring spanner 24-27	1
20	740103000001	adjustable wrench 150X19 GB4440	1
21	740103000004	adjustable wrench 300X36 GB4440	1
22	740121000011	cross-screwdriver 150 GB1064-89	1
23	740121000029	screwdriver 150X6.5X1 GB10639	1
24	740131000004	cutting pliers 200MM	1
25	740131000022	nipper pliers 200	1
26	740119000023	wrench for oil-filter	1
27	740210000026	ball hammer 1.5P	1
28	740505000017	Tool box 385*180*155	1
29	810299000010	bracket of bucket (interchange parts)	1
30	810299000011	bracket of bucket (interchange parts)	1

2.15 IDENTIFIER



Gravity center mark:



Pull hook mark:

Foot pedal dropping mark:

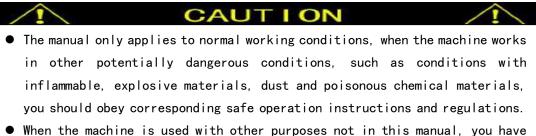
研究机能可能被干燥能够

3. MACHINE OPERATION

3.1 MACHINE WORKING ENVIRONMENT

Machine adjustment is not needed below the altitude of 2300m.

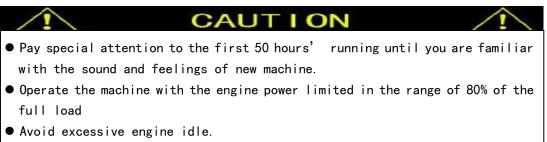
The machine should work at a temperature above -30 °C and you should fully preheat machine before starting it. You can run it all day even on rainy or snowy days but have to obey corresponding safe operation instructions.



• when the machine is used with other purposes not in this manual, you have to get the consent of Sunward or its agents and obey relative regulations in the place where the machine is used.

3.2 RUNNING AND OPERATION

1) Watch engine running carefully



• Check the indicators and indicate lamps frequently during operating.

2) Every 8-hour operation or everyday

- Carry out the 8-hour operation or everyday maintenance.
- Pay attention to liquid leakage.
- In the first 100-hour or when work in mud, lubricate the pivot of working instrument every other 8 hours' operation.

3) After first 50-hour operation

- Carry out 50-hour operation maintenance.
- Check the torque of detectable fastener.
- 4) After first 100-hour operation

Carry out 50-hour and 100-hour maintenance.

3.3 OPERATE ENGINE

Daily inspection

1) Electric system

Check whether there are abraded or cracked wire and slack connector or not, and check whether the light can be turned on or off normally.

2) Boom, arm, bucket, dozer blade, sheet metal, track shoe

Check whether there are curving, damaged and lost parts or not.

3) Fastener

Check whether there are slack or lost parts or not.

4) Fuel system

Drain water and sediment from the fuel tank.

5) Hydraulic system

Check leakage, hose twist, abrasion between pipe and hose or other parts.

6) Lubrication

Check the appointed lubrication points listed in the periodic maintenance table.

7) Protection device

Check shield and mud shield.

8) Safety

Keep all people away from machine and remove barrier.

Check diesel engine

Place the machine on a horizontal ground, check the engine oil level (stop engine, the engine oil will return to the tank 15 minutes later)

The oil dipstick should be in the range of "MIN" and "MAX" mark.

Electric device

Check all switches, light indicators, safety warning devices, battery electrolyte acidity and fuses.

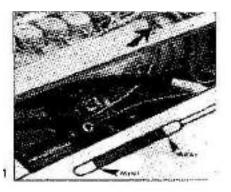


FIG. 3-2



FIG. 3-1

Air filter

When indicator light comes on, it means that you should maintain or replace filter core.

Oil level in hydraulic oil tank



Hydraulic oil filling mark:

Please pay attention to the followings when fill oil to hydraulic oil tank:

- 1) Place machine on a horizontal ground and retract all hydraulic cylinders, the oil level is not allowed to exceed MAX mark.
- 2) Similarly, when all hydraulic cylinders extend, the oil level should be above the MIN mark.
- 3) Choose the recommended oil according to the Lubricant List.
- 4) All filled hydraulic oil must pass through returning oil filter.

Engine staring and stopping mark:





Before starting engine

1) Keep pilot valve control lever locked and pilot handle & travel pole neutral. Operator sits on seat.



FIG.3-3

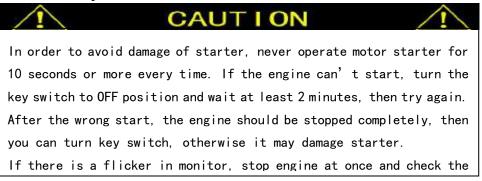




2) Turn key switch to ON position, all indicator lights come on except engine hour meter and LCD module, buzzer tweets, self inspection is finished after 2 seconds and the monitor system is on normal working condition.

Start engine

- 1) Keep pilot valve control lever locked.
- 2) Turn key switch to ON position.
- 3) Beep horn to warn surrounding people.
- 4) Start engine by turning key switch clockwise to START position. Release key, the switch will return to ON position.



Start engine in cold weather

- 1) Turn key switch to ON position.
- 2) Screw key switch to start position and keep a few seconds.
- 3) Screw key switch anticlockwise to HEAT position, about 30 seconds later, indicator light comes on, it means the preheating work is finished,
- 4) When preheating light comes on, start engine.

Adjust engine rev

When accelerograph handle is lifted to upmost and engine runs at full load; lower handle to bottommost, engine runs at minimum load; adjust accelerograph between upmost and bottommost to control engine rev, and also you can screw handle to adjust accelerograph imperceptibly.

Stop engine

- 1) Lower the bucket to ground.
- 2) Place the accelerograph handle to minimum load position for about 5 minutes.
- 3) Screw key switch to "OFF" position to stop engine, and take out key.
- 4) Pull pilot control lever to LOCK position.

CAUTION	\land
Don't stop engine directly when it is fully l	oaded,
stop engine after 5 minutes minimum load ope	ration
to unload the heat load and avoid possible	damage
to engine. If engine stops with load, remov	e load
and start engine at once. Operate engine	for 1
minute at half speed before loading.	

Use assistant battery

CAUTION

- When battery is used or charged, it will produce explosive gas. Avoid flame or spark being close to battery. Electricize battery in a well-ventilated area. Place the machine on dry & hard ground, not on steel plate, otherwise it may produce spark accidentally. Never connect anode and cathode directly, otherwise it will cause short circuit.
- When start engine, the operator must sit on the operation seat to control machine.

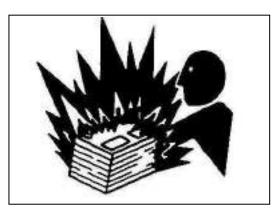


FIG. 3-6

CAUTION

- Earth the 12V cathode (-), and only use 12V assistant battery.
- When the battery exhausts, start engine with assistant battery.

1) Connect assistant battery

- Stop engine which is equipped with assistant battery.
- Connect one end of red wire ① with battery anode (+), and connect the other end with assistant battery anode (+).
- Connect one end of black wire ② with cathode of assistant battery, and connect the other end with excavator framework as earthing

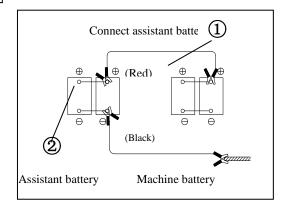


FIG.3-7

connection. When connecting with excavator framework, keep as far as possible away from the battery connection wire end.

• Start engine.

2) Separate assistant battery

- First, break black cathode (-) wire 2 away from framework.
- Disjoin the other end of black cathode (-) wire 2 from assistant battery.
- Disjoin red anode (+) wire ① from assistant battery.
- Disjoin red anode (+) wire ① from machine battery.

3.4 TRAVEL CONTROL

3.4.1 CONTROL TRAVEL WITH PEDAL

1) **Straight travel:** Treadle two pedals forward at the same time. (pedal 1 and 2)

2) **Straight back:** Treadle two pedals backward at the same time. (pedal 3 and 4)

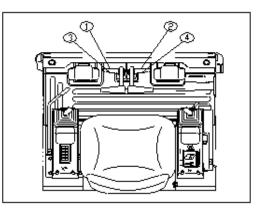


FIG 3-8

3) **Turning in one point**

• Turn left (FIG. 3-9): Treadle right pedal 2 forward and treadle left pedal 3 backwards. (FIG. 3-6)

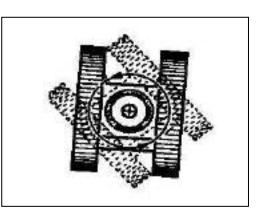
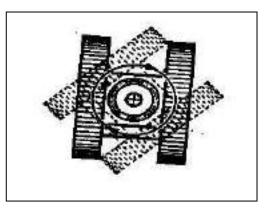


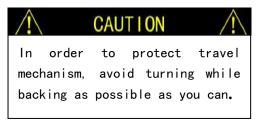
FIG 3-9

 Turn right (FIG. 3-10): Treadle right pedal 4 backwards and treadle left pedal 1 forward. (FIG. 3-6)



34

- 4) **Turning with one side crawler** (FIG.3-11)
- Turn left: treadle right pedal 2 forward. (FIG. 3-8)
- Turn right: treadle left pedal 1 forward. (FIG. 3-8)



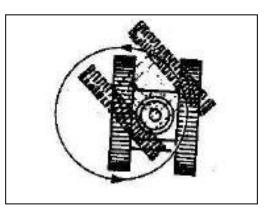


FIG.3-11

3.4.2 TRAVEL WITH HANDLE CONTROL

If the machine hairlike traveling is needed, you can insert two attached handles to carry out hand control. This method is safe and reliable and fits for loading and unloading machine to trailer.

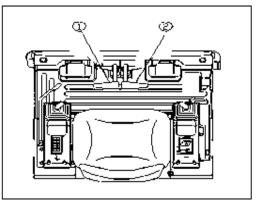


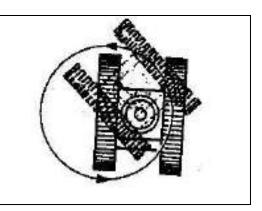
FIG.3-12

- 1) **Straight travel:** Push two handles forward at the same time.
- 2) **Straight back:** Pull two handles backward at the same time.
- 3) Turning in one point
- Turn left (FIG. 3-13): Push right handle 2 forward and pull left handle 1 backward.
- Turn Right (FIG.3-14): Pull right handle 2 backward and push left handle 1 forward.

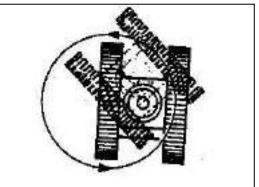
4) Turning with one side crawler

Turn left: push right handle 2 forward.

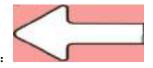
Turn right: push left handle 1 forward.







In order to protect travel mechanism, avoid turning while backing as possible as you can.



Travel direction mark:

3.4.3 TRAVEL SPEED

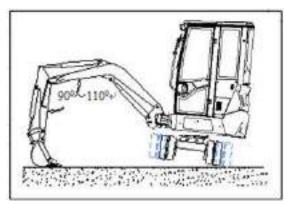
When the machine is traveling, press high/low speed switch ⁽⁶⁾ on control panel(FIG 2-5), the shift of travel motor high and low speed is achieved, then the machine can travel at high or low speed.

3.4.4 TRAVEL BRAKE

Release travel pedal or travel handle, it will return to natural position automatically, the machine stops traveling.

3.4.5 OUTLINE OF TRAVEL

- 1) Avoid crossing over obstacles whenever possible. Because the machine may get injured from the possible strike. If you must do so, keep the hoe attachment close to the ground and stride over the obstacle slowly with the centre of the track.
- 2) On uneven ground, travel at low speed and avoid accelerating, stopping or changing directions abruptly.
- 3) When working in water, check the depth of the water, make sure that the water's depth is not higher than the half of the track roller. Never dip the rear end of the machine into water.
 - If the lubricant parts need to work in water for a long time, add enough lubricant oil until the old oil is replaced.
 - Never imerge the slew bearing in water or sand, if you have to do so, contact the dealer or technician to confirm if this is allowed.
- 4) Pay special attention to the balance when traveling on a slope (the maximum grade ability is 20°, maximum lateral tipp ing angle is 10°). And you should note that when actual working area conditions are poor, the machine's stability might be lower.
 - When traveling on slopes or grades, lower the bucket to a height of 20 to 30cm. In



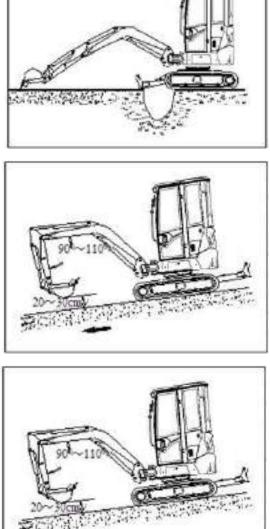
emergencies, lower the bucket to the ground and stop the machine.

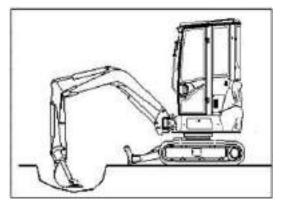
- When traveling on slopes or grades, move slowly in first gear (low speed).
- Do not travel down slopes in reverse.
- Do not change the directions or cross slopes sideways. First return to a flat surface, then

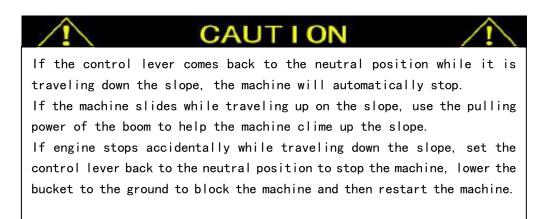
redirect the machine.

- 5) If the excavator can't travel for getting into miriness, you can extend arm and place bucket to ground to lift one side of crawler, then turn the lifted crawler to clean out the bedload. In order to reduce the force enduring of boom and arm, the angle between boom and arm should be in the range of 90° --110°
- 6) When the machine gets into wallow or passes raceway, you can use arm and boom to help the machine pass.
- The machine must travel in the pose shown in fig 3-17 when traveling up on a slope of 15° or more.

 The machine should travel at low speed and in a pose shown in FIG. 3-18 when it is traveling down on a slope of 15° or more.







3.5 EXCAVATION

Working condition

When dig lengthways with backhoe, make the drive wheel backward and guide wheel forward. (as figure)

In order to guarantee safety in quarry working, make the drive wheel backward and guide wheel forward.

Pilot handles control

- 1 Left pilot handle
- 2 Right pilot handle



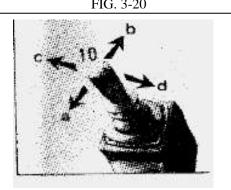
FIG. 3-20

Control with right pilot handle

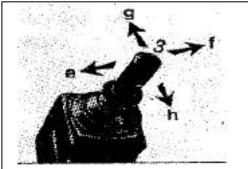
Right figure is the obverse view of right pilot handle (when operator sits on the seat). The four movements of handle can make the excavator move as follows.

a —— Raise boom

- b —— Lower boom
- c backhoe load, or bucket close
- d backhoe dump, or bucket open







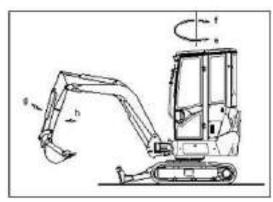
Control with left pilot handle

Right figure is the obverse view of left pilot handle (when operator sits on the seat). The four movements of handle can make the excavator move as follows.

- e ——Make the superstructure slew widdershins.
- f ——Make the superstructure slew clockwise.
- g Extend arm
- h Retract arm

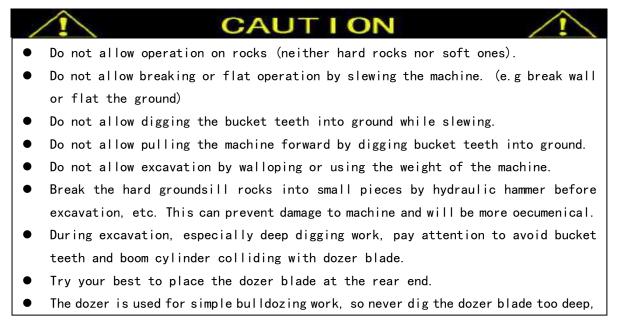
Composite movement of excavator

- 1) When the machine slews, you can operate the composite movement of boom and bucket.
- 2) It can operate as follows: bucket digs while arm is flexing; arm digs while lowering boom, etc.
- Besides the co-operation between right and left handle, pull either of the handles to any diagonal orientation (45° direction), can achieve the adjacent two composite movements.



Slewing platform brake

Release slewing control handle, return it to neutral position, it will bring sufficient brake power to brake platform. While reverse handle operation can bring more brake torque.



Attention in excavation

- 1) Operator must wear safety helmet and work clothes, make sure the safety of working area before starting machine.
- 2) During digging work, the dozer blade should be placed on ground.
- 3) Other people are not permitted to stand on the machine or within the range of 6 m away from working radius. When begin to work or transport with full load, operator should ring horn to warn.
- 4) Bucket should dig along the cutting track and avoid digging hard earth constrainedly, otherwise it will cause the hydraulic oil overheated.
- 5) During work, do your best to avoid pulling the handle to the end, otherwise it will make hydraulic oil overheated and damage components.
- 6) Slewing is not allowed if bucket has not left the working face.
- 7) It allows using arm and bucket to impel or level off rideau, but never operate side of bucket to work by slewing force.
- 8) When work at swampy ground (especially on rainy day), the excavator must be kept at a proper distance away from working face to prevent collapse.
- 9) After stopping machine, shut off all switches of control panel, shut off electric power and lock cabin.
- 10) During digging work, avoid overload work to reduce energy consumption and hydraulic oil temperature.
- 11) During digging work, pay attention to the cylinder stroke end, avoid using baffle of boom, arm, and bucket to prolong the lifetime of framework.
- 12) If the productivity can satisfy the working demand, in order to prolong engine lifetime and keep low noise running, try your best not to run at maximum accelerograph, the best revs of engine should be 1600-1800 r/min.
- 13) Before every shift, according to the rules, inject grease to all reaming connections through grease nozzles until the grease overflows. Otherwise it will cause axle and sleeves damage.

Park excavator

- 1) Place excavator on a horizontal ground.
- 2) Lower the bucket to ground.
- 3) Place accelerograph handle on minimum load position for 5 minutes.

CAUTION /

In order to protect the electric parts in cabin, close top window and cabin door when you park the excavator.

- 4) Turn ignition key to "OFF" position, and take out key.
- 5) Pull pilot control lever to lock position.
- 6) Lock all doors and compartments.

7) **Inspection after the engine is stop.**

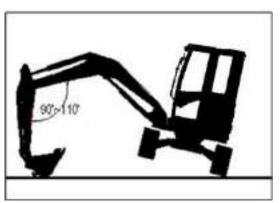
- Check the oil tank and water tank, work device, superstructure and infrastructure, repair all the abnormal parts;
- Fill all the oil tank, this can refer to chapter "check the oil level", and clean all the paper scrapes and dirt from engine.
- Remove any dirt from
- 8) Lock all the doors and boxes.
- 9) If you have to park the machine on the slope, use other method to prevent machine from sliding.

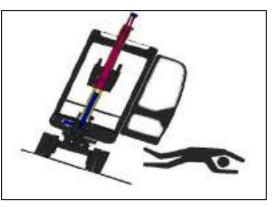
Operate on swampy ground

- 1) Try your best to avoid traveling on swampy ground.
- 2) Clean crawler frame if the machine works on very soft ground or is stuck.
- Slew superstructure 90° and lower bucket to lift one side of crawler off ground, keep the angle between boom and arm within a range of 90°--110°, and place the bucket arc on the ground.
- 4) Turn the lifted crawler to eliminate dirt.

CAUTION

In cold weather, the excavator should be parked on hard ground to avoid crawler and ground congealing together. If congealment happens accidentally, please lift crawler by using boom, move excavator carefully to avoid damaging drive wheels.







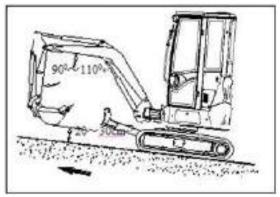
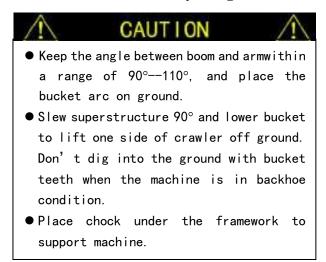


FIG. 3-25

Lift one side of crawler by using boom and arm.



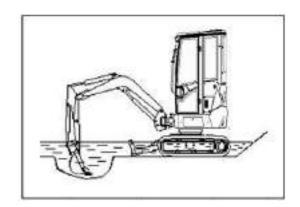


FIG. 3-26

Avoid tilting

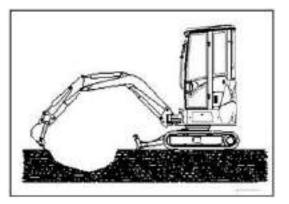
Avoid transverse traveling on slope. When the machine travels on slope, the traveling direction should be accordant with the gradient. When upgrade and downgrade, keep the bucket pointing to the traveling direction and lifted 20-30cm to the ground. Lower bucket at once if the machine is skidding or instable.

When the machine slews with heavy load, operate carefully with low slewing speed.



Operate in water or mud

- You should note following information when operate in water or mud:
- 1) The working area should be hard enough to prevent excavator from going down.
- 2) The water flow should be slow.
- 3) Undercarriage immerged height should not exceed chain support wheel.





- 4) Avoid immerging slewing support, inner gear ring, and slewing connector.
- 5) The rear end of machine is not allowed to be immersed into water.

When operate in these conditions, please check the excavator position often.

Backhoe operation

- Place the bucket teeth on ground while the angle between bucket bottom and ground is 45°.
- 2) Apply arm to be the main digging force, pull bucket to the machine direction.
- When dirt adheres to the bucket, remove arm and (or) bucket quickly to throw dirt.

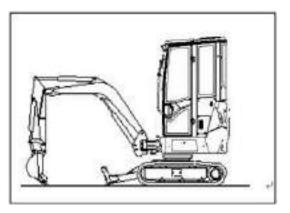
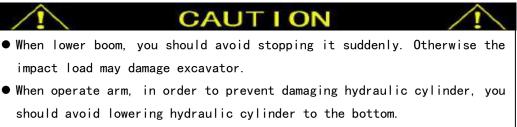


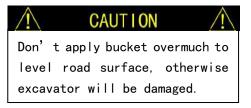
FIG. 3-28

4) When dig straight trench, place crawler parallel to the trench. After digging to required depth, remove machine to continue digging.



- Prevent bucket from colliding with crawler.
- When digging deep trench, you should prevent boom or arm cylinder hose from impacting with ground.

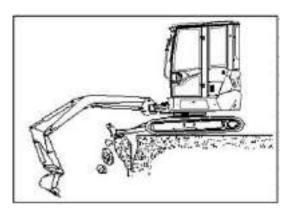
Leveling operation



Don't push or pull earth with bucket when the machine travels.

1) Push dozer blade backward to fill and level road.

2) Apply boom, arm, and bucket generally. As the figure shows, place bucket and arm on a line basically. Operate arm in while lifting boom slowly. Once arm passes the vertical position, lower boom slowly and keep the movement of bucket plane. Operating boom, arm, and bucket at the same time





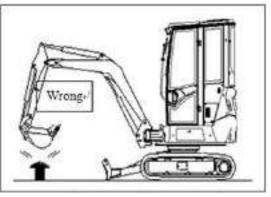


FIG. 3-30

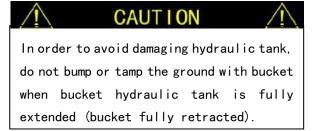
enables the leveling operation more accurate.

Prevent collapse

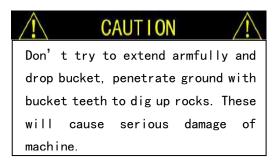
- Place traveling motor to the rear end of machine to work while the machine and the digging surface are in certain angle or perpendicular.
- Don't place machine at the edge of trench or digging area.
- 3) Don't dig earth under the machine.

Operation tips

- 1) In digging work, don't let bucket collide with crawler.
- 2) Try your best to place the excavator on horizontal ground.
- 3) Don't operate bucket as hammer or piling machine. Don't slew machine to remove blocks or to break up wall.



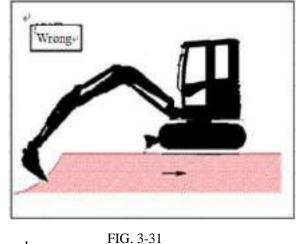
4) Adjust the digging length and depth every time to ensure every digging is fully loaded.

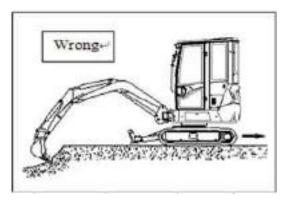


The rapid circulation output of every full load of digging will be bigger than part full load.

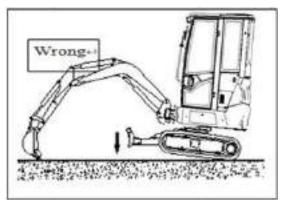
In order to increase throughput, full load should be the first goal, then the working rate

5) Once trench is excavated, it can dig up rocks by raising bucket from earth.









6) Don't make side bucket be loaded. For example, don't level materials by swinging bucket or side impact objects with bucket.

Prevent misuse of machine

- Don't treat traveling movement as accessional digging force. Otherwise it will damage the machine.
- Don't raise the front and rear of machine and treat the weight of machine as accessional digging force. Otherwise it will damage the machine.

Dozer blade operation mark:



Wrong-

Pay attention to the dozer blade position

FIG. 3-34

- 1) When extend dozer blade, it may collide with boom cylinder or bucket, please pay attention to it.
- 2) When carries out deep digging work, place dozer blade at rear to guarantee safety.

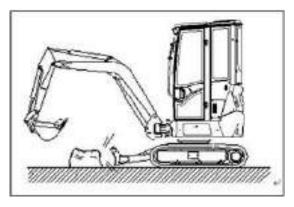


FIG. 3-35

Prevention measurement for dozer blade

- 1) Don't use dozer blade to dig, otherwise it will damage dozer blade or crawler system.
- 2) Dozer blade can't support large or unstable barycenter objects, otherwise it will damage dozer blade or crawler system.

- When the machine is traveling, dozer blade can't l dozer blade or crawler system.
- 4) When prop up machine with dozer blade, the grout touch ground stably.

Be careful when retract foreside working device

Don't allow the bucket to collide with dozer blade.

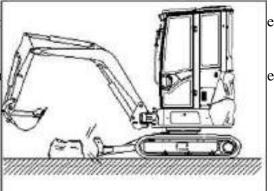
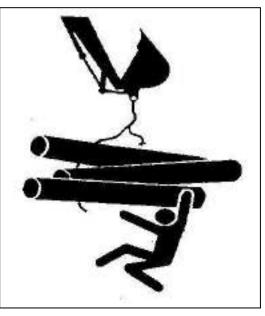


FIG. 3-36

Don't allow dozer blade to touch roadblock

Don't allow dozer blade to touch roadblock, otherwise dozer blade, cylinder or other components will be damaged

3.6 LIFT WORK



9

Lifting hook mark:

- Sling/chain should tightly bind the load, the workman should glove when bind sling/chain.
- 2) Connect sling/chain with bucket lifting ring, curled bucket and retracted arm.
- 3) Before start, uniform the hand signal with signalman.
- Acquaint with the positions of all workmen in the range of work area.

FIG.3-37

WARNING /

Follow all safety regulations when the machine lifts objects.

- Don't use damaged chain, wire rope, or cord in lifting work.
- Don't move the load suddenly, don't move load on the top of human beings, and never permit anybody to be adjacent to the load.
- Ensure everybody is away from the lifted objects until the chocks support the load or the load has been stably placed on the ground.
- Fix superstructure and place the traveling motor at the rear.

Don't connect sling/chain to the bucket teeth.

- 5) Mark hand rigging on the load to ensure the people pulling hand rigging is away from load.
- 6) Try to lift the load before normal operation.
 - Park the machine beside the load.
 - Load the machine.
 - Lift load to the height of 50mm (2in) off the ground.
 - While keeping the load close to ground, move the load from the machine.
 - If there is any evidence of stability reduction, lower load to the ground.
- 7) Just lift the load to required height.

3.7 HYDRAULIC BREAKING OPERATION

Hydraulic breaking operation tips...if equipped

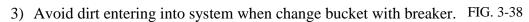
Choose hydraulic breaker with correct dimension and weight. Consult with your dealer.

Pump / Main valve section assignment

The hydraulic pressure of section AUX (the hydraulic pressure of the breaker section) supplied by P2 is 21 M Pa.

Attention to hydraulic breaker tubing

- 1) When the hydraulic breaker is out of use, cover the pipe end of arm and fit a plug at the end of hydraulic breaker hose to avoid dirt entering into system.
- 2) Ensure stocking cover and plug in tool compartment for maintenance purpose.



4) After connection, check the oil leakage and bolts slack condition.

Before fitting hydraulic breaker on the arm, read machine and hydraulic breaker manuals carefully, and carry out the required confirmation or inspection.

Carry out required inspection before daily operation.

 Operate machine slowly, the stability of machine will be decreased because the hydraulic breaker is heavier than the bucket. Therefore, use dozer blade to support and work in front of dozer blade.

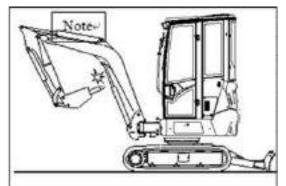
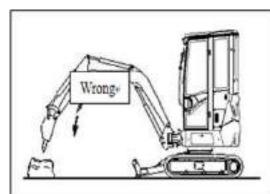


FIG. 3-39



- 2) Avoid hammering work with hydraulic breaker. Never use boom or arm to break objects, otherwise it will damage machine.
- 3) Don't move objects with hydraulic breaker, otherwise it will damage machine.
- Don't operate hydraulic breaker when hydraulic cylinder piston retracts or extends fully, avoid damaging hydraulic cylinder or machine.
- 5) If hydraulic breaker hose jumps abnormally, stop operation immediately. The pressure change of breaker accumulator or damaged accumulator will

Wrong+

cause unusual hose jump, and damage hydraulic breaker or machine.

- 6) When retract foreside attachment, don't allow the chisel of breaker to touch boom.
- 7) Don't operate hydraulic breaker in water.
- 8) Don't lift objects with hydraulic breaker, otherwise it will cause machine upset and (or) breaker damage.
- 9) Don't swing superstructure to the side of machine to operate hydraulic breaker, or the machine will be instable and thus shorten the lifetime of undercarriage.

Replacement of hydraulic oil and filter core

Hydraulic breaker operation will pollute hydraulic system and accelerate aging. You should replace hydraulic oil filter core and hydraulic oil more frequently to avoid damaging hydraulic pump and other hydraulic parts. The recommended replacement interval is shown as follows.

Replacement interval (hours)

	Excavator with hydraulic hammer breaker	Excavator with normal bucket
Hydraulic oil	600★	1500 or 2500
Filter core	100★	500

CAUTION The figures with mark ★ apply for excavators whose hydraulic breaker operation time is more than 100%. For the hydraulic breaker operation time ratio is less than 100%, the replacement interval should be as the diagram shows. When the machine operates hydraulic breaker continuously more than 100 hours, replace hydraulic oil filter core.

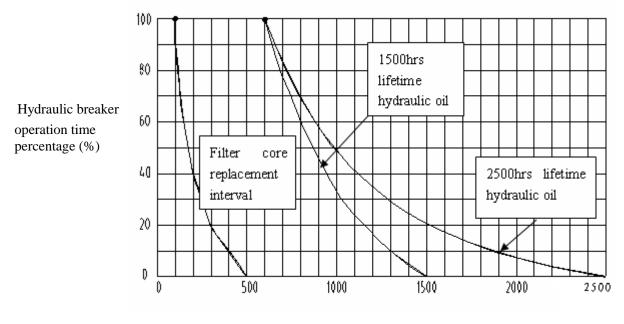
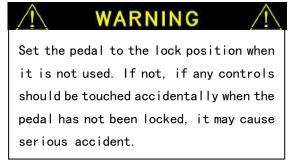


FIG.3-42 Replacement interval (hours)

3.8 BOOM SWING

The boom swing pedal locates at the position of operator's right foot, it is used to swing boom, but the superstructure (cabin, engine, etc) won't slew when operating this pedal.

- A. Treadle lower side of pedal, swing boom to right side.
- **B.** Treadle higher side of pedal, swing boom to left side.



You can lock them just by putting the lock pedal on it.

A——Unlocked position

B——Locked position

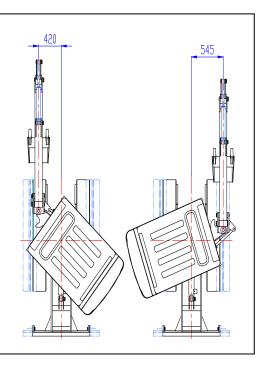


FIG.3-4

The figure to the right shows the maximum swing distance of boom swing from superstructure central line.

4 MAINTENANCE

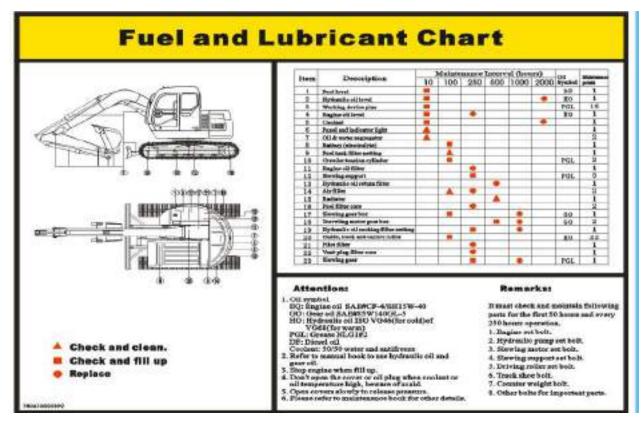


FIG. 4-1

4.1 CORRECT MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION PROCEDURE

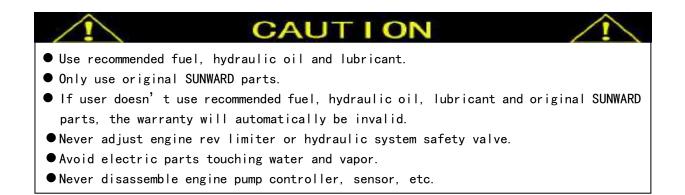
Please read this manual carefully and learn how to maintain excavator correctly. Follow the correct maintenance and inspection procedures in this manual.

Check excavator before daily operation.

- 1) Check monitor.
- 2) Check all liquid level.
- 3) Check leakage, distortion, abrasion, and damage of hoses and pipes.
- 4) Check noise and temperature around excavator.
- 5) Check slack or loss of parts.

FIG.4-2

Repair the excavator before operation if the machine has problems, or consult your dealer.



Periodic maintenance





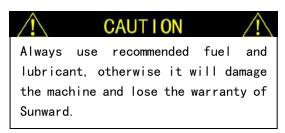
Carry out all recommended maintenance in this manual.

Check work calculagraph (hour meter) usually

Determine when the machine needs periodic maintenance according to calculagraph ①.

The intervals in the periodic maintenance list are based on the normal condition. If operate excavator in bad conditions, the intervals should be shorten.

Use fuel and lubricant correctly



Preparation for maintenance

- 1) Place the machine on a hard horizontal ground.
- 2) Lower the bucket to the ground.
- 3) Operate engine at low rev for 5 minutes.
- 4) Stop engine, and take out the key from switch. (If it is necessary to maintain the machine as the engine runs, operator can't leave cabin)
- 5) Pull the pilot control lever to "LOCK" position.
- 6) Before maintenance, please hang the label "DO NOT OPERATE" on left joystick.

Engine maintenance

Please carry out periodic maintenance in the engine manual.

Periodic replacement of hydraulic hose

- 1) Make sure to carry out periodic inspection of machine to guarantee safe operation. If listed parts are damaged, it may cause serious fire. Because it is difficult to judge the aging situation of these parts by vision, you should replace them at listed intervals. However, if any part is found bad in the inspection, it should be replaced before operation without consideration of intervals. Also check the hose couplers, if they are distorted, cracked or aged, replace them if necessary.
- 2) Make sure to check all hoses periodically, and replace them if necessary.
- 3) Consult your dealer about how to replace hose correctly.

Recommended periodic hose placement list

	Periodic replaced parts				
Engine	Fuel hose (from fuel tank to precipitator, from precipitator to oil feeding pump)	1.5 years			
	Pump inhaling hose (from oil tank to main pump)	2 years			
Machine	Pump output hose (from pump outlet to multipurpose valve)	2 years			
Body	Multipurpose valve hose (from multipurpose valve to working device, slewing coupler, slewing motor)	2 years			
	Low pressure hose (pilot hose, oil-returning hose)	2 years			
	Boom cylinder hose	2 years			
Working	Arm cylinder hose	2 years			
Device	Bucket cylinder hose	2 years			

Note: Make sure to replace seals (such as 0 ring) when replace hoses.

4.2 MAINTENANCE GUIDE

4.2.1 ADD LUBRICANT GREASE

 $\star\star$ Means that these parts need maintaining when work in water or mud.

Recommended lubricant grease brand and specification

	Position: bucket, arm, boom, slewing gear, slewing bearing, etc.				
	From -20 to 40° C (from -4 to 104 F)				
BP petroleum	BP Energrease Ls—EP2				
Caltex petroleum	Multifax EP2				
Esso	Beacon EP2				
Japan	Daphne Coronex Grease EP2				
Mobil petroleum	Mobilux EP2				
Germany	2# lithium grease ★				
Shell	Shell Alvania EP Grease 2				
Remark	Heavy duty lithium grease				



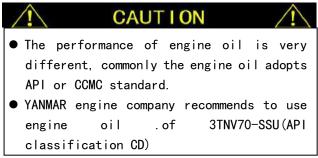
Note: The excavator departed from factory has been filled with " \star " marked engine oil.

4.2.2 ENGINE OIL

			Interval (hours)								
Parts name	Parts name		8	50	100	250	500	1000	2000		
	Check										
1. Engine oil	oil		\triangle								
	level										
2 Engine oil	Replac	$1.6\sim$		$\Delta \star$			~				
2. Engine oil	e	2.8L		$\Delta \mathbf{X}$			Δ				
2 Engine oil filter	Replac							^			
3.Engine oil filter	e							Δ			

Note: \star means that the engine oil must be replaced after the first 50 hours' operation of machine.

Please maintain as per the requirement in diesel engine manual book.



In order to make the correct choice of a commercial oil, please refer to the "YANMAR operation and maintenance manual."

Recommended engine oil

	Position: bucket, arm, boom, slewing gear, slewing bearing, etc.				
	From -20 to 40° C (from -4 to 104 F)				
BP petroleum	BP Energrease Ls—EP2				
Caltex petroleum	Multifax EP2				
Esso	Beacon EP2				
Japan	Daphne Coronex Grease EP2				
Mobil petroleum	Mobilux EP2				
Germany	2# lithium grease				
Shell	Shell Alvania EP Grease 2				
Remark	Heavy duty lithium grease				



Note: The excavator departed from factory has been filled with " \star " marked engine oil.

Engine oil specification:

Be sure engine oil being used must meet following criterion or classification.

API classification CD (or higher)....

ACEA classification E3, E4, E5.

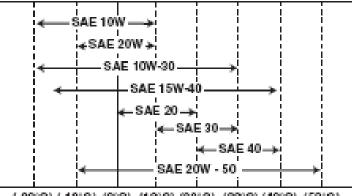
JASO classification DH-1

The other technical requirement for engine.

Replace engine oil, when value TBN drops to 1.0(mgKOH/g),

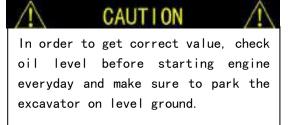
Engine oil viscosity :

Refer to viscosity fig below for proper engine oil of SAE during different ambient temperature.



(-20°C) (-10°C) (0°C) (10°C) (20°C) (30°C) (40°C) (50°C)

Check engine oil level



	CAUTION	
The readi	ng will be	imprecise if
check oil	level immed	iately after
stopping m	nachine. Make	sure to cool
down the	engine oil	at least 15
minutes be	fore inspecti	on.

- 1) Park the excavator on a level ground.
- 2) Take out dipstick, wipe the oil with clean cloth, and insert dipstick into engine again.
- 3) Take out dipstick again, the oil level must lie between MAX and MIN marks.
- 4) Fill engine oil through filler filter if necessary. Make sure to use recommended oil.

Replace engine oil

The engine oil and oil filter must be replaced after the first 50 hours' operation.

After first replacement, please carry out replacement as per <YANMAR operation and maintenance manual>.

Replace engine oil filter...every 500 hours

Steps of replacing engine oil and filter

- 1) Warm up engine oil before start, but don't overheat.
- 2) Park the excavator on a level ground.
- 3) Lower the bucket to ground.
- 4) Run engine idle for 5 minutes.
- 5) Shut off engine, and take out key switch.
- 6) Pull the pilot control lever to lock position.
- 7) Take off the outlet plug, pour the oil into a 10L container through a clean cloth.

CAUTION

The engine oil may be very hot, please be cautious of scalding.

1

- 8) After oil is vented, check whether there is metallic chipping on cloth.
- 9) Fit and screw down outlet plug.
- 10) Clean surrounding area of engine oil filter seat. Turn the filter cartridge anti-clockwise to remove old seals.
- 11) Clean sealed washer surface of filter seat.
- 12) Wipe clean oil on the seals of new filter.
- 13) Fit new filter, turn filter clockwise until the washer touch interface. Ensure not to damage washer when fitting filter.
- 14) Screw down engine oil filter. Remember not to make it too tight to prevent screw thread distortion or filter core seals damaging.
- 15) Open oil filter cover, and fill recommended oil in engine 15 minutes later, check whether the oil level lies within the marking range or not.
- 16) Fit filler cap.
- 17) Start engine. Run at low revs for 5 minutes.
- 18) Check whether the engine oil pressure indicator light goes out at once, if not, stop engine and check for the reason.
- 19) Stop engine, take out key from key switch.
- 20) Check whether there is any leakage at outlet plug.

21) Check oil level on dipstick

4.2.3 GEAR OIL

Donto nomo		04-1	Interval (hours)							
Parts nan	Parts name		Qty	8	50	100	250	500	1000	2000
	Check	oil					^			
1 Slewing reducer	level						Δ			
	Replace		2L						\triangle	
	Check	oil					^			
2、Traveling reducer	level						Δ			
	Replace		2x2 L						\triangle	

Recommend gear oil

Brand Manufacturer	Gear oil -20°C40°C
Esso	Esso Gear Oil GP80-90,GP85W-90
Nippon Petroleum	Gear Lube Sp90
Mobil	Mobilube Gx90
Fina	GL-580W-90
GREAT WALL brand of China Petrochemical	85W/90
Shanghai oil refining factory	API-GL-4 85W/90

Slewing reducer

Check oil level...every 250 hours operation

- 1) Park the excavator on a level ground.
- 2) Lower bucket to the ground.
- 3) Run engine idle for 5 minutes.
- 4) Shut off engine, and take out key switch.

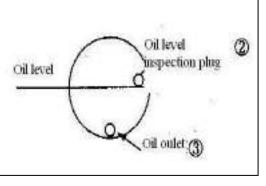
5) Pull the pilot control lever to lock position.

6) Open oil level check plug, check oil level.

7) If necessary, fill the filler through oil ② filler hole to the level as the right figure shows.(refer to "gear oil blank")







In the figure: (2) is the reducer oil filler hole, (3) is the oil drainage port.

Replace gear oil...every 1000 hours operation

- 1) Park the excavator on a level ground.
- 2) Lower bucket to the ground.
- 3) Run engine at low revs for 5 minutes.
- 4) Shut off engine, and take out key switch.
- 5) Pull the pilot control lever to lock position.
- 6) Take out oil drainage port plug ③, and empty gear oil.
- 7) Re-fit on oil drainage port plug.
- 8) Take out filler cap. Fill in gear oil until the oil level is equal to the oil filler hole.

4.2.4 FUEL SYSTEM

CAUTION /!\
The gear oil may be very hot,
please start working until the
gear oil cools down.
A CAUTION A
The first replacement should be
applied after 250 hours '
operation of the new machine,
after this time, replace it every

1000 hours.

			Interval (hrs)						
]	Parts name	Qty	8	50	10 0	20 0	400	1000	2000
1. Vent fue	l tank sediment	1	\triangle						
2. Check and vent sundries in precipitator		1		$\Delta \bigstar$				Δ	
3. Vent water and sediment in water segregator		1	Δ						
4. Replace	fuel filter	1					Δ		
5 Chaola	Leakage, crack, etc.		Δ						
5.Check fuel hose	Crack, distortion, etc.					Δ			

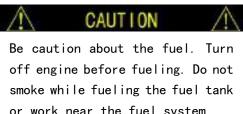
Recommended fuel:

Please use high quality diesel fuel (GB2520 in normal condition; 10 for the winter) only, do not use kerosene.

Check and vent the precipitator every 50 hours, and replace it every 1000 hours.

CAUTION

Fueling



work near the fuel system. <u>Refer to "stop engine" chapter</u>, park the excavator properly and turn off the engine correctly.

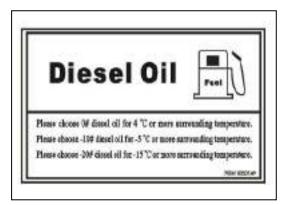


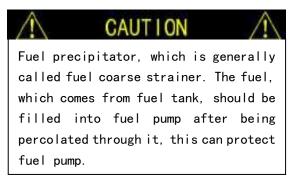
FIG. 4-6

- 2) Check fuel indicator on monitor, do fueling work if necessary.
- 3) Prevent any dirt, dust, water or other impurity from getting into fuel tank or fuel system.
- 4) Make sure that there is no fuel sparked onto the ground in the fueling work every day after the work in order to prevent coagulation of fuel.
- 5) Put on cap after fueling.

Vent the sediment in fuel tank

- 1) Rotate the superstructure flat roof 90°, and park the excavator on level ground.
- 2) Lower the bucket to ground.
- 3) Run engine at low revs for 5 minutes.
- 4) Shut off engine, and take out key switch.
- 5) Pull the pilot control lever to lock position
- 6) Open the vent valve on the bottom of fuel tank for several seconds, vent water and sediment. Then close the vent valve.

Check and vent the impurities...every 50 hours



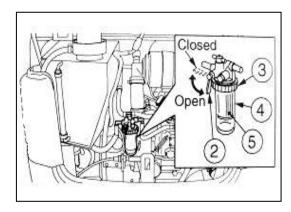
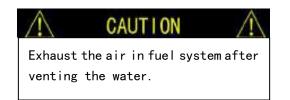


FIG.4-8

Vent water and sediment of the segregator...

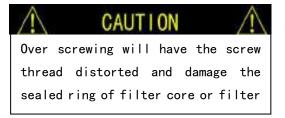
everyday

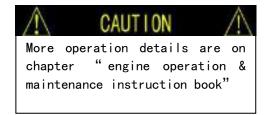
Vent water and sediment of the segregator...everyday. Shut off engine in a correct manner. Open the vent valve on the bottom of the segregator. Screw the valve anticlockwise for circles, until the valve goes down for 25mm. Vent the water in the catch basin of the filter until pure fuel flows out.



Replace the fuel filter...every 400 hours.

- 1) Use proper container when venting the fuel to protect environment and secure safety. Do not pour the fuel on ground, into slot or river, pool and lake. Properly dispose of the scrap fuel.
- 2) Clean the surrounding area of filter. Disassemble the filter, clean the surface of the sealed washer.
- 3) Replace O ring.
- 4) Fill clean fuel into the new fuel filter and lubricate the O ring with clean oil.
- 5) Screw down the filter by your hands, but make sure not over do it.
- 6) Exhaust the air from fuel system after replacement of the filter.





Check the fuel hose...every day...every 200 hours



In order to prevent such danger:

- 1) Park the excavator on firm level ground. Lower the bucket to ground, stop the engine in a correct manner, and take off the key from key switch.
- 2) Check the twist wear and leakage of fuel hose. Replace or fasten the hose if any abnormality

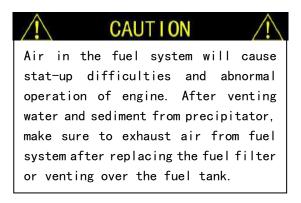
is found.(refer to the table below)

interval (hour)	Check point	abnormality	Solution
Everyday	Hose end Hoses with knitted cover	leakage wear crack	Fasten or replace replace replace
Every 200 hours	Hose end Hoses with knitted cover hose hose hose end and connector	crack crack brushfire protrusion bending distortion & eroding	replace replace replace replace (adopt proper bending semidiameter) replace

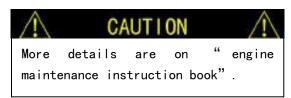
Inspection of hoses

<u>/!</u>	CAUTION	<u>_!</u>
Please u	se the original compo	nents of
sunward	only.	

Exhaust air from fuel system.



Exhaust air from fuel system by pushing down the joystick on fuel filter seat.

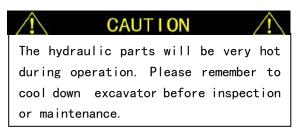


4.2.5 HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

Parts name		Interval (hours)							
		8	50	100	200	400	800	1500	2000
1. Check hydraulic oil level		8	50	100	200	400	800	1500	2000
2. Vent sundries of hydraulic oil tank		\triangle						*	
3. Replace hydraulic oil	30L				\triangle				
4. Clean oil inhaling filter									
5. Replace oil inhaling filter		When replacing hydraulic oil							
6. Clean oil returning filter						\triangle			
7. Replace oil returning filte core.	: 					\bigtriangleup			
8. Replace pilot oil filter		\triangle				\bigtriangleup			
9. Check Leakage					\triangle				
hoseandCrackandpipelinedistortion	8	50	100	200	400	800	1500	2000	

Recommended hydraulic oil brand and specification

Inspection and maintenance of hydraulic system



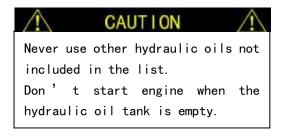
- 1) Make sure to park the machine on a firm level ground when maintaining hydraulic system.
- 2) Lower bucket to ground, and stop engine.
- 3) Begin hydraulic system maintenance after parts, hydraulic oil, and lubricant have cooled down completely. The hot parts or oil are likely to fly out or spark out and cause serious damage. When remove screw plug or bolts, keep your body and face away from them.
- 4) Before maintaining hydraulic system, exhaust air of hydraulic oil tank to release pressure.
- 5) Make sure to operate control lever several times to release inner pressure.
- 6) Avoid checking and maintaining the traveling and slewing circuit at slope.
- 7) When connecting hydraulic hoses and pipes, pay special attention to keep seals surface clean and avoid damaging them. Please remember following items:
 - Wash the interior of hoses, pipes, and oil tank with cleanser; and wipe up them before

Oil species	Hydraulic oil			
Parts	Hydraulic system			
Replacement interval	2000	hours		
Temperature				
Engine oil Manufacturer	-30°C−30°C	-5°℃—40°C		
Fina	HM46			
Esso Standard				
Mobil	AW32	AW46		
Shell				
German				
Caltex	HD46			
Note	Abrasion-resisted hydraulic oil			

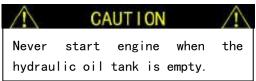
connection.

• Use scatheless or non-defective O rings. Don't damage them in the assembly.

- Never distort high pressure hose, the lifetime of distorted hose will be shortened greatly.
- 8) Fill same brand & spec. hydraulic oil, never use different brands of oil at the same time. When you want to use "recommended hydraulic oil brand and specification" listed oil, make sure to replace all hydraulic oil in the system at the same time.



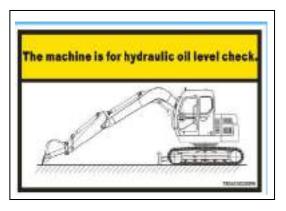
Check hydraulic oil level...everyday



- 1) Park machine on a level ground.
- Arm cylinder extracts and bucket cylinder extends completely to fix excavator.
- 3) Lower bucket to ground.
- 4) Run engine idle for 5 minutes.
- 5) Stop engine, and take out key switch.
- 6) Pull pilot control lever to lock position.
- Open right side door, check oil level meter. The oil level must lie between marks. Otherwise you should fill oil.

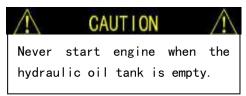
Fill oil:

- 1) Screw anticlockwise and open screw cover on the top.
- 2) Fill oil through filter netting, and check oil lever meter again.
- 3) Screw down cover.





Vent hydraulic oil tank impurities...every 200 hours



- For easy access, rotate superstructure 90°, and park the machine on level ground.
- 2) Lower bucket to the ground.
- 3) Run engine idle for 5 minutes.
- 4) Stop engine, and take out key switch.
- 5) Pull pilot control lever to lock position.

CAUTION

Don't loosen vent plug before oil cools down, the hydraulic oil may be hot enough to cause scald.

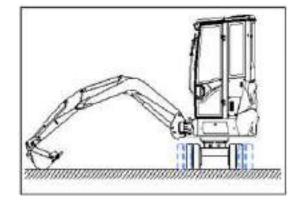


FIG. 4-10

- 6) Keep your body and face far away from oil outlet plug.
- 7) Loosen vent plug at the bottom of hydraulic oil tank after oil cools down, vent water and sediments.
- 8) Screw down vent plug after water and sediments have been vented.

Replace hydraulic

oil...every 2000 or 1500

hours

Clean oil inhaling filter ...when replace hydraulic oil

Attention	\triangle
When replace hydraulic oil filter core circuit, it must stop the engine, release down the hydraulic oil, and then maint	e compressed air, cool

FIG. 4-11

\land	WA	RNING	\wedge			
The hydraulic oil may be hot,						
cool	it	down	before			

1) For easy access, rotate superstructure 90° , and park the machine on level ground.

2) Arm cylinder extracts and bucket cylinder extends completely to fix excavator.

- 3) Lower the bucket to ground.
- 4) Run engine at low revs for 5 minutes.
- 5) Stop engine, and take out key.
- 6) Pull pilot control lever to lock position.
- 7) Screw the screw plug ① of vent hole, release the inner pressure of fuel tank.

Before screwing the screw plug, or

separating the oil pipe, stand at the side of the part, screw it slowly to release pressure, and keep your face and body away from the screw plug.

- Release oil vent plug ③ at the bottom of hydraulic oil tank by spanner to vent the oil. And fill the scrap oil into some kind of container.
- Release the rubber hose connecting oil return hole flange (2) and oil sucking hole flange (4).
- Remove the oil return hole flange (2) and oil sucking hole flange (4).
- Remove the oil sucking filter core and oil returning filter core.
- 5) Clean the interior of oil sucking filter core and oil tank, if change filter, fit new filter on the flange.
- 6) Connect the clean filter core (or new filter core) with their connect flange, fasten the fuel tank, then connect the rubber hose.
- 7) Clean, fit on, and screw down oil outlet plug.
- 8) Fill the new clean hydraulic oil from point A to the oil tank. Keep the oil level reach the position between the marks of oil level meter.
- 9) Screw down screw plug (1) of air vent hole.

The replacement interval of hydraulic oil is different with

its specification. (Refer to the recommended oil table of this part)

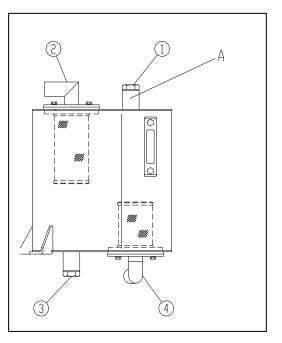
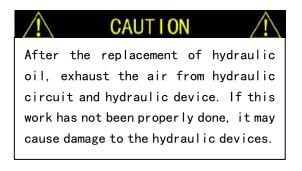


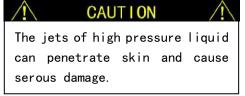
FIG.4-12

Exhaust air



- 1) Release exhaust plug of hydraulic pump.
- 2) Once hydraulic oil overflows from the exhaust plug plug, screw the plug down immediately.
- 3) Start engine and run it idle for 10 mins.
- 4) Run engine idle, do 4-5 times incomplete journey extending & contracting operation all the hydraulic cylinders.
- 5) Run engine at high speed, do 4-5 times incomplete journey extending & contracting operation with all the hydraulic cylinders.
- 6) Run engine idle again, do 4-5 times complete journey extending & contracting operation with all the hydraulic cylinders.

Check the hoses and pipes...everyday...every 200 hours



- Inspect leakage with cardboard, pay attention to protect your hand and body not touching high pressure liquids
- 2) If accident occurs, see the doctor at once.
- Any liquid penetrated in skin must be cleaned within a few hours. Otherwise it will cause necrosis.

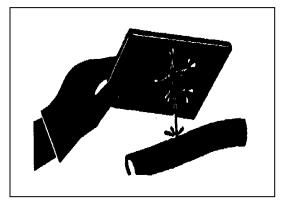


FIG.4-13

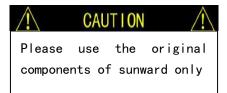
1	CAUTION	1
The leakage of hydra	aulic oil and lubricant can cause fire and	damage of human
body, in order to pr	revent this danger:	
 Park the excavat 	tor on a firm level ground.	
 Lower the bucket 	t to ground.	
 Run engine idle 	for 5 minutes.	
• Stop the engine	in a correct manner and take out the key f	from key switch.
 Put pilot contro 	ol split level to LOCK position.	
 Check the twist, 	the wear between other parts, leakage of fue	el hoses. Replace

or fasten them immediately if there is any abnormality. (Refer to the table

Hose inspection

below)

lose inspection			
Interval hour	Check point	Abnormality	manner
Everyday	Hose surface Hose end Connector	leakage leakage leakage	replace replace fasten or replace hose or O ring
Every 200 hours	hose surface hose end hose surface hose surface hose hose hose end and connector	crack crack out coming of enhanced material parts protrusion bending distortion and eroding	replace replace replace replace replace replace(adopt proper bending semidiameter) replace



4.2.6 AIR FILTER

Desta name		- 4	interval (hour)						
Parts na	me	qty	8	50	100	250	500	1000	2000
	Clean	1				^	Or	when	the
1. Air filter core Clean		1				Δ	indicator light		
replace		1	After 5 times clean or 1 year operation						
2. Air filter and	Check the								
connecting	seal		\bigtriangleup						
pipes	condition								
between			Replac	e imm	ediately	when	crack	or leak	age is
engines	Replace	Replace		ed					

Clean air filter core...every 250 hours or clogging indicator light comes on.

Replace outer and inner filter core...every 5 times clean or 1 year operation.

Only clean air filter at scheduled time to prevent dust entering engine.
Also check airproof and fixation termly of elastic joint between engine and air filter. Because the engine, muffler, radiator, hydraulic oil pipe, glide components and many other parts of the machine may still hot, touching may cause scald.
Shut off engine and cool the machine down before inspection and maintenance.

Shut off engine and cool the machine down before inspection and maintenance.
 Wear proper protective equipments when operating compressed air, such as blinkers and light filter mask, metal scraps or other objects may cause damage to human body.

- 1) Park excavator on level ground.
- 2) Lower bucket to ground
- 3) Run engine idle for 5 minutes.
- 4) Stop engine, and take out key switch.
- 5) Pull pilot control lever to lock position.
- 6) Open engine cover. Remove pothook of rubber ring ④ and release shell (8).



- 7) Release the lock catch and take out the dust collection $\sup 6$.
- 8) Clean the interior of the dust collection cup (6)
- 9) Take out the filter core \overline{O} .

- 10) Cover the back of the shell of the air filter with cloth or adhesive tape to avoid the entering of dust.
- 11)Clean the interior of the shell.
- 12)Use dry compress air whose pressure is lower than 686kPa to clean air filter core ②, first, blow along the flute of interior of the filter core, than blow from outside, finally blow from the interior.

Decrease pressure of compressed air, keep other people away from operation site, beware of flying debris and wear personal safety implements.

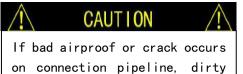
- 13)Light a lamp in the filter core, check the filter core, replace it immediately whether any hole or spot is detected.
- 14) Remove the cloth or adhesive tape of step 10.
- 15) Install filter core.
- 16) Install dust collection cup (6), keep the "TOP" mark up, then lock the lock catch (5).
- 17)Use rubber ring 4 to fasten shell 8.
- 18)Press button ③ on dust indicator ① to press the red piston into filter core shell.

Connection pipeline between air filter and engine

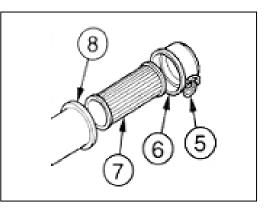
Check airproof...everyday

Replace...When pipeline

has crack and air leakage



on connection pipeline, dirty air will enter and damage engine.





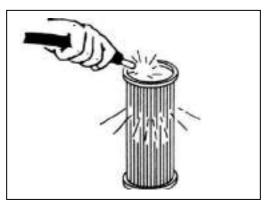


FIG.4-16

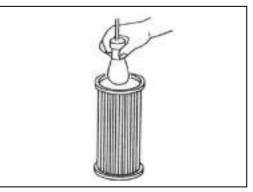


FIG.4-17

4.2.7 COOLING SYSTEM

			Interval (hours)						
Parts name	2	Qty	8	50	100	250	500	1000	2000
1. Check cooling water level		1	\bigtriangleup						
2. Check and adjust fan belt tension		1		×1	Δ				
3. Replace cooling water		10L						Δ	
4. Clean radiator	interior	1				∆‰3			
and hydraulic oil exterior		1	When replace cooling water						

CAUTION

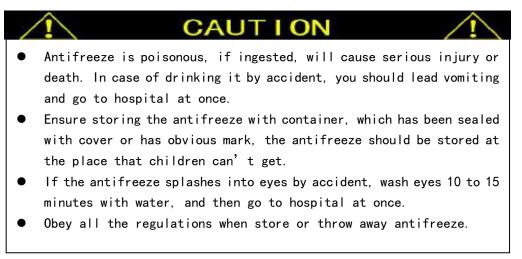
- Only maintain in the first inspection.
- When the machine is delivered, 30% of antifreezing fluid has been filled in the cooling system.
- Operate the machine at dusty areas, maintenance interval should be shortened.

Fill soft and pure tap water or bottled water.

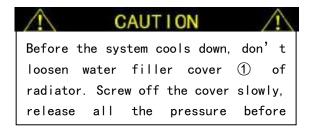
Antifreeze:

If the air temperature is below $0^{\circ}C(32^{\circ}F)$, add antifreeze and soft water to the cooling system. In general, the ratio of antifreeze should be between 30% and 60%.

If the ratio is less than 30%, the cooling system will be rusted; if the ratio is more than 60%, the engine will be overheated. Use 50% water and 50% glycol antifreeze, the engine can operate at the -37° C perennially.



Check cooling water level...everyday



When engine is running, the cooling water level should reach the lower surface of flume neck. If the water level is lower than the lower surface, add cooling water to water tank.





Check and adjust fan belt tension

Every 100 hours (the first check should be after 50- hour operation)

Lax fan belt may cause insufficient power of battery, engine overheat, and quick & abnormal belt abrasion. On the other hand, over tighten the belt will damage bearing and belt.

CAUTION /

- Don't check, test, and replace belt when engine is running.
- Mount new belt, run engine at low revs for 3-5 minutes, adjust tension again to ensure the new belt is perched correctly.

Press the belt with thumb at the middle point between strap wheels and crank, if the press is 58.8N (6kg), the maximum flexibility should be 10mm.

Visually check the damage, crack, and abrasion of belt. If there is any ill evidence, change the belt.

Clean radiator and oil cooler core

Exterior.....every 250 hours

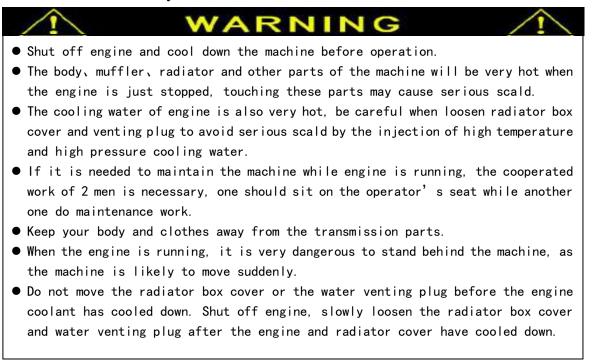
Interior.....once per half year

- Open radiator repairing door and hood cover.
- Use compressed air (less than 0.2MP) or water to clean or wash the radiator of oil cooler.

CAUTION

- Use low pressure compress air (less than 0.2MP) to do clean work, be aware of flying claps, wear individual protect equipments, including eye protection items.
- When working in the dusty environment, check the sundries and blocking of radiator, oil cooler and condenser core.

Replacement of coolant every 1000 hours



- 1) Open the engine back cover.
- 2) Loosen the radiator box cover, release the press in radiator.
- 3) Loosen the water venting plug (1) to vent the coolant into some kind of container.
- 4) Screw down the water venting screw plug and add some cleanser and water, fill the radiator water tank with water. This job may take some time. Please use the cleanser under the instruction on this manual.
- 5) Start engine, run idle for about 30 mins. Pay attention to the cleanser level and add water if the level goes down.
- 6) Shut off engine and vent all the cleanser.
- Screw down the water venting plug ①, add water, start engine and run idle for 10 mins, then shut off the engine and vent all the water.
- 8) Repeat the hereinbefore cleaning work until the water is clean.
- Screw down the water venting plug ①and add new coolant till the appointed height after clean job.
- 10) Start engine and run it idly, exhaust air, shut off



engine after the coolant level is stable and stay at the appointed height.

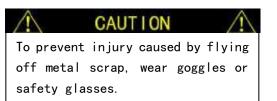
11) Check the coolant height, then screw down the water tank cover.

4.2.8 OTHERS

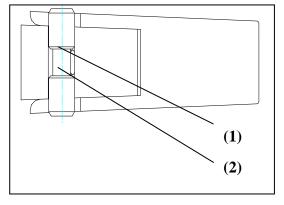
				Int	erval (hours)		
Parts name	Qty	8	50	100	250	500	1000	2000
1. Check abrasion and laxation of bucket teeth		Δ						
2. Replace bucket	1			Wh	en ne	cessary		
3. Control lever lubricant		When necessary						
4. Check track tag	2		\triangle					
5. Replacement of rubber track	2	When necessary						
6. Clean track mechanism	—— When necessary							
7. Bolt & nut fasten moment				Wh	en ne	ecessary		

Check bucket teeth

- 1) Check the abrasion and laxation of bucket teeth everyday.
- 2) Replace the seriously abraded teeth.
- 3) The replacement procedure :



- Take out lock pin ① with hammer and punch. When disassembling the lock pin, be careful, do not damage elastic steel ring ②.
- Dismantle teeth, check the damage of lock pin
 1) and elastic steel ring (2), replace them if necessary.





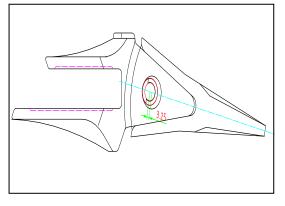
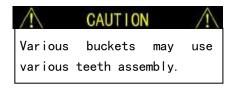
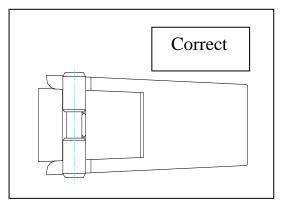


FIG.4-21

• Clean the protruding seat surface.



- Fit the lock pin into the hole completely as instructions.
- Check the bucket teeth at regular interval to ensure the abrasion, don't exceed the scheduled limitation.



Replace bucket

CAUTION

To prevent injury caused by flying off metal scrap when beat the connection rod in or out, wear goggles, safety glasses or other safety instrument.

- Park machine on the level ground, lower the bucket to the ground and place its plane surface on the ground. Ensure the bucket won't roll after pins are removed.
- 2) Remove the orientation pin at the clip spring exterior and take out orientation pin.
- 3) Remove bucket pin A and B, separate arm and bucket.
- 4) Clean orientation pin, pin and holes, daub sufficient lubricant to them.
- 5) Calibrate the arm and new bucket, ensure the bucket will not to roll.
- 6) Fit pin A and B, and fit corresponding orientation pins and new clip springs.
- 7) Adjust bucket connection clearance of pin A and B. Guarantee the unilateral clearances between bucket and connection rod, and between clearance bucket and arm are from 0.25mm to 0.7mm, the clearance between pin and bucket should be as little as possible. Use adjusting gasket to adjust the middle

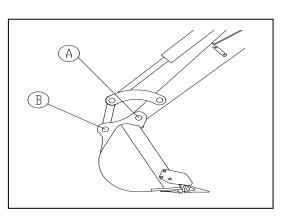


FIG.4-24

clearance.(use the same amount of gasket at both sides)



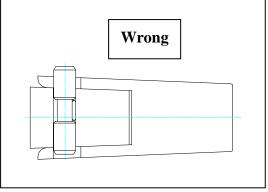
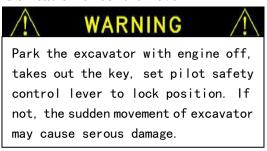


FIG. 4-23

8) Grease pin A and B.

Lubrication of control lever



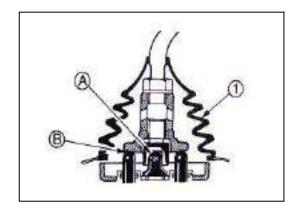


FIG.4-25

Add some lubricant to the control lever and pedal if they can not move smoothly.

A. Control lever

- 1) Disassemble the low part of the rubber dustproof cover of the operation lever, turn over it upward.
- 2) Clean the aging lubricant and add new lubricant.
- 3) Reposit the rubber dustproof of control lever.

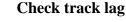
B. Link bar mechanism

- 1) Remove rubber mat (1).
- 2) Loosen the bolt, disassemble cover (2).
- 3) Disassemble rubber dustproof ③.
- 4) Use doper to add lubricant to lubricant nozzle ④.
- 5) Clean the overflowed lubricant.

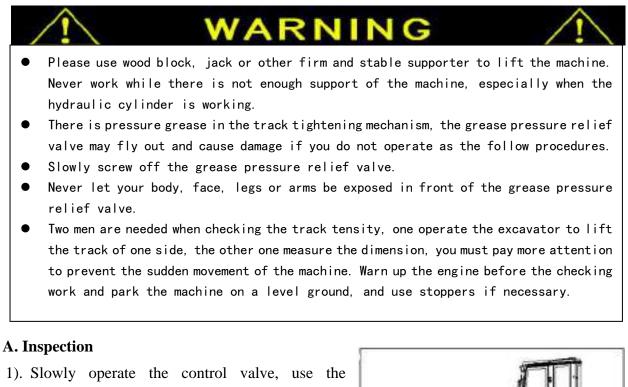
FIG.4-27

6) Fit the cover and rubber mat in the reversed order of disassembly operation.

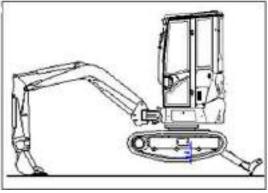
FIG.4-26



...every 50 hours (or when necessary)



- 1). Slowly operate the control valve, use the operation device and dozer blade to lift the machine.
- Check the center under surface of the track frame and the clearance of the up surface (A), the clearance should be within following range: A 65~70mm.





CAUTION

If there is too much dirt, dust or other things on the undercarriage assembly, you may get an incorrect measure result, so you must clean the undercarriage before the measuring work.

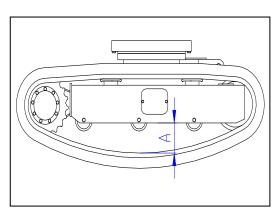


FIG4-29

B. Adjustment

Increase tension power

- 1) Take off cover ①.
- 2) Use grease gun to inject grease into grease pressure relief valve (2) through grease nozzle.
- 3) Check the track tensity.

Decrease tension power

1) Take off cover (1).

- 2)Slowly screw off grease pressure relief valve (2) to release grease. If there are any difficulties when adding the grease, move the machine forward or backward.
- 3)Screw down grease pressure value 2.
- 4)Check the track tensity.

Replace rubber track

Check the rubber track and repair or replace them immediately when following conditions appear. And contact the SUNWARD dealer for repair or replacement.

- 1) If the track has been pulled longer and can not recover, it should be replaced immediately.
- 2) If the dummy club ①is lower than 5mm, replace track.
- 3) If more than 2 of the steel wire core ②have exposure, replace track.
- If half of the steel wire core (2) has broken, replace the track.
- 5) Replace the track if only one of the iron core has desquamated.
- 6) Replace track when rubber track has a more than 60mm long gap.

A. Disassemble

- 1) Completely loosen the tightened track. (Refer to page 83 and 84 "inspection of track")
- 2) Slowly operate the control lever, use the operation device and dozer blade to lift the machine, and use other firm and stable objects to support the machine.
- 3) Insert a steel pipe into the gap between rubber track and the track frame, slowly reverse the sprocket wheel until the steel pipe is near the guild wheel and rubber track leaves the guild

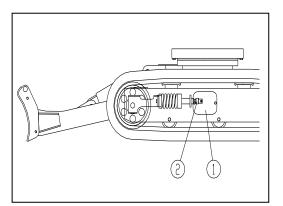
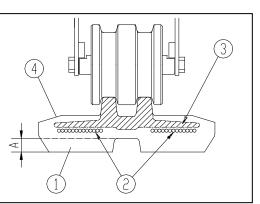


FIG.4-30





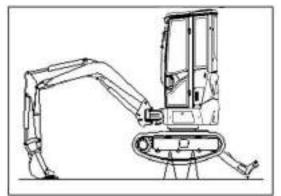


FIG. 4-32

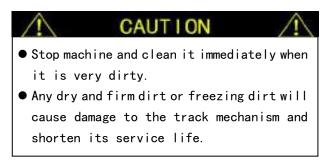
wheel to a certain height.

4) Slide the rubber track to the side of machine to disassemble it. Both of the two tracks can be disassembled following this schedule.

B. Installation

- 1) Slowly operate the control lever to lift the machine with control device and the dozer blade, then use some wood block, jack or other firm subjects to support the machine.
- 2) Install the rubber track on the sprocket wheel.
- 3) Insert a steel pipe into the gap between the rubber track and the track frame, slowly reverse the sprocket wheel until the steel pipe is near the guild wheel and rubber track has left the guild wheel for a certain height.
- 4) Slide the rubber track to the inboard of the machine, get the track, sprocket wheel and guild wheel in mesh and take out the steel pipe.
- 5) Check the rubber track and ensure that it is in mesh with sprocket wheel and guild wheel.
- 6) Tighten the rubber track with tightening mechanism until it reaches the standard tensity.
- 7) Install the other track in the same manner.

Clean the track



- 1) Lift the track on one side of the machine and firmly support it before cleaning the machine.
- 2) Clean all the sand grains and dirt in the guild wheel slide way.

Bolt & nut tighten moment

(Iso10.9 intensity standard certificated)

- 1) If no special request, considering the screw down moment of the bolt and nut refers to the following table.
- 2) Don't use the moment in the following table when assembling plastic caps, or the cap may be broken. Contact the SUNWARD dealer or after service department for help when doing this.
- 3) Use standard pieces of bolts and nuts in the same specification for replacement.
- 4) Alternately screw down the bolts and nuts (up, down, left and right), or screw it 2-3 times to ensure enough tensity.

Screw thread	Spanner specification (mm)	Screw thread specification	Screw moment (N.m)
	10	M6×1.0	9.8±0.5
	12, 13	M8×1.25	22.6±1.1
	14, 17	M10×1.5	47.1±2.4
Thick screw thread	17, 19	M12×1.75	83.4±4.1
tillead	19, 22	M14×2.0	134.4±6.7
	22, 24	M16×2.0	207.9±10.4
	27, 30	M20×2.5	410.9±20.5
	12, 13	M8×1.0	24.5±1.2
	14, 17	M10×1.25	50±2.5
Thin screw	17, 19	M12×1.5	87.3±4.3
thread	19, 22	M14×1.5	135.3±6.8
	22, 24	M16×1.5	220.6±11
	27, 30	M20×1.5	452.1±22.6

Operation condition Maintenance Inspect the loose and lost of connector, bolts and nuts, 1. obvious damage and leakage. 2. Clean mud, stone, sand grain on the machine, check the Work in mud, water or damage, crack and loose of jointing after work. rain 3. Carry out everyday lubrication and maintenance. 4. Clean concerned parts with water after working in acid rain or corrosive chemical materials. 1. Inspect all the screw plugs and make sure that all of them have been screwed down. Work beside the sea 2. Clean the machine carefully to remove all the salt on machine and maintain the wiring frequently to prevent possible cauterization. 1. More frequently clean the air filter core. 2. Wash the radiator and oil cooler cooling fin to remove dust and dirt. In dusty or hot condition 3. More frequently clean the fuel sucking filter and its core. 4. Termly carry out clean maintenance, especially the surface of the engine and generator. 1. Carefully operate the machine. Check if the undercarriage and track assembly are over damaged or worn. 2. Check for the loosen, damaged and lost connector, bolts and nuts. Work in the stony ground condition 3. More frequently check the over damaged and worn bucket and breaker. 4. Install a top frame and front frame if necessary to prevent damage caused by fallen subjects. 1. Use high quality, low glutinosity oil, which fit the environment temperature. 2. Make sure to use the antifreeze, which fit the temperature. 3. Charge the battery a little bit before the usual time. If the In cold weather battery is not completely charged, the electrolyte may be frozen. 4. Clean all the dirt on machine to prevent possible damage caused by frozen dirt.

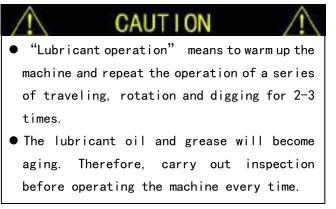
4.2.9 MAINTENANCE IN SPECIAL SITUATION

4.2.10 PROTECTION FOR LONG TERM STORE

If the excavator needs to be stored for over 1 month, the following protection should be adopted to maintain its function during the store period.

Maintenance	Details	
Clean machine	Completely clean the machine, fix any malfunction.	
Add lubricant oil and grease	Check the lubricant to find if it is dirty or insufficient. Ad lubricant to the parts, which need this. And smear a laye of oil.	
Battery	Take off the battery and charge it then restore it.	
Coolant	Add antirust. Add antifreeze if it is possible to be frozen; or vent out all the coolant, and hang a label: "No water in radiator" in the cabin.	
Dustproof and moistureproof measure	Store the machine in a dry garage and cover it.	
Tools	Inspect and repair it after stored.	
Lubricant operation	If the oil layer is damaged, the part is likely to rust, and cause some abnormal wear. Start the machine once per month at least to prevent this situation and check the liquid level of coolant and lubricant.	

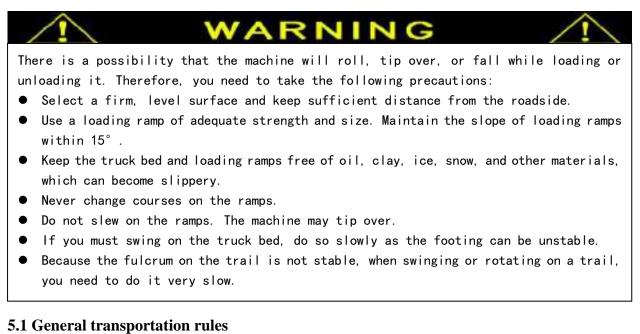
Protection for long term store



4.2.11 HEATER MAINTENANCE

- (1) Use compressed air to wash heating core surface termly(half a year \sim one year) according to work environment.
- (2) Inspect hot water tube circuit and wire harness termly to prevent abrasion, scald, over bend and connector loose.

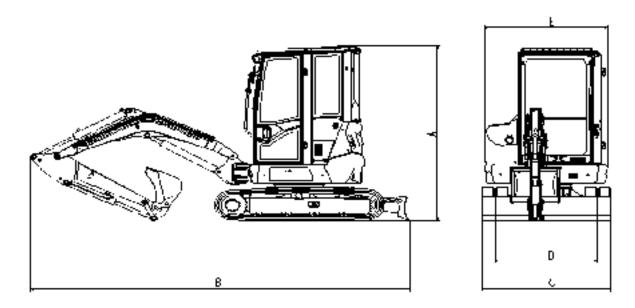
5. TRANSPORTATION AND STORAGE



Before transporting the machine with trailer, obey the related local regulations of freeway governing the length, width, height, and weight.

If any measurement exceeds the regulation of local freeway, you must apply for special permission, or separate the machine to smaller parts for transportation purpose.

5.2 Transportation measurement

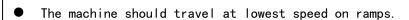


A. total height: 2454mmC. chassis width: 1500 mmB. total length: 4443 mmD. chassis width: (track frame extended) : 1200 mmE. superstructure width (cabin) : 1444 mm



Notice: Specific dimension in transport parameter and outline drawing are shown in section 7(technical specification)

5.3 Loading & unloading



- Turning while traveling on ramps is very dangerous, and it is forbidden. If you must do so, turn the machine back to the ground or truck bed, modify the traveling direction, and then pass the ramps.
- The intersection of the top of ramps and truck bed is protuberant, pass it carefully.
- Prevent the possible tip over and injury while the superstructure of excavator is swinging. Retract, lower arm and swing superstructure slowly to achieve best stability.

Make sure that the ramps are strong enough before loading the machine and follow these procedures:

- 1) Apply the truck's parking brake and place stoppers against its tires.
- 2) Fasten the ramps securely to the truck bed so that they will not come off. Set the ramps to an angle of 158 r less.
- 3) Direction of the excavator:

The work device should be placed at the foreside and directs forward while loading (as the right figure); and while unloading, place the work device backward at the rear, and travel backward.

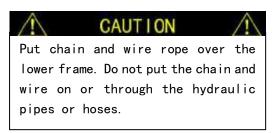
- 4) Line up the center of the truck bed with the center of the machine and the center of the ramps with the center of the crawlers.
- 5) Use the engine accelerograph control lever to reduce the revs of engine, drive the machine slowly to the

slope, and lower the hoe attachment as much as possible, making sure it will not hit the truck.

6) Close the windows and doors of cabin, cover the vent, prevent rain from entering.



5.4 Transportation

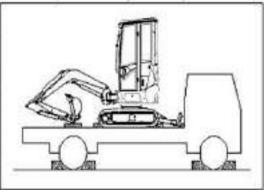


- 1) Set stoppers in front and behind the crawlers.
- 2) Put a chain or wire rope over the lower frame and the foreside devices and fasten them securely.

5.5 Transportation on highway

You must understand and obey the local regulations before transporting the machine on highway.

1) Check the trailer's length, width, height and weight before transportation by trailer.



2) Check the road condition before transportation, such as limit of size, weight and transportation rules.

Sometimes the machine needs to be disassembled to fit the size or weight limits.

5.6 STOREAGE

Long-term storage of machine

While storing the machine, retract the cylinder piston rod to the inside of cylinder as much as possible to avoid piston rod corrosion caused by rain and wind, clean machine surface and all the exposed parts.

Machine handling before storage

- (1) Grease the parts that need lubrication until fresh grease runs out.
- (2) Change engine oil.
- (3) Grease the exposed surface of piston rod.
- (4) Fill in diesel oil to the fuel oil tank to the full.
- (5) Choose a proper storage place: It's best to store the machine in a room, if it can only be stored outdoors, you should choose a flat ground and cover the machine with cloth.

Machine storage period

- (1) Run the machine once a month during storage period.
- (2) Run the air-conditioner system once a month.

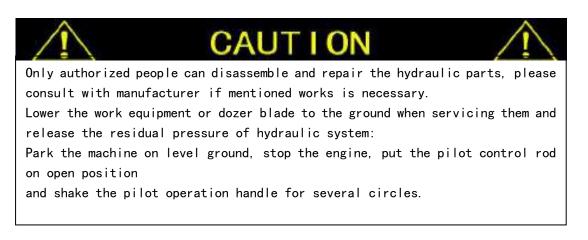
Machine handling after storage

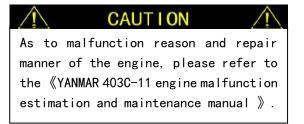
(1) Wipe the grease off on piston rod surface.

- (2) Grease all the places that need lubrication.
- (3) Check engine oil level to make sure it is in a stipulated position, otherwise you should fill oil. If there is any water in oil, change oil
- (4) Turn the key to "ON" position, switch accelerograph button from low to high speed and last for 3 seconds, then switch to low speed and start engine.

6. TROUBLE SHOOTING

If malfunction occurs, stop machine immediately, analyze the reason and maintain adjust or repair the machine as following methods, objects and order.





Malfunctions and solutions

Malfunction	Reasons	Solutions
Noisy hydraulic pump and vibratory pipeline	 Hydraulic malfunction. Air bubble in hydraulic system. Aging hydraulic oil, degenerative oil mixed with moisture, wrong brand and specification produce bubble. Low hydraulic oil 	 Consult with your dealer. Check whether air leakage at oil pump inlet pipeline. Replace oil. Run engine in low revs and then warm up the
	temperature and high viscidity of hydraulic oil.	engine.
Control levers don't work or work slowly.	 The machine is out of use for a long time, air separates from oil and floats in pilot control pipeline and hydraulic cylinder,etc. No pressure or exceeding pressure in pilot system. Low hydraulic oil temperature and high viscidity of hydraulic oil Hydraulic pump malfunction. Main safety relief valve malfunction 	 Operate control levers for several times. Check hydraulic control system, low-pressure relief valve, and gear pump. Warm up machine. Consult with your dealer. Consult with your dealer.
A cylinder doesn't work or work slowly.	 Corresponding pilot valve malfunction Corresponding commutator valve malfunction Corresponding overload valve malfunction Hydraulic cylinder pole damaged Hydraulic cylinder interior seals damaged 	 Repair Consult with your dealer Consult with your dealer Consult with your dealer Replace oil seals

Slewing platform don't slew, slew slowly, or slew not smoothly.	 Corresponding pilot valve malfunction Hydraulic motor malfunction Slewing retarder malfunction Slewing bearing malfunction Need to add lubricant grease into the slewing bearing. 	 Repair Consult with your dealer Consult with your dealer Repair Add lubricant grease
---	---	--

	neater Manufictions and solutions	
Malfunction feature	Reason	Resolution
Track of one side doesn't work or move very slowly (serious deflexion of traveling)	 Control pilot valve malfunction Corresponding commutator valve and stop valve malfunction Center connector seal damage Hydraulic motor malfunction Travel redactor fault The displacement of two-gang hydraulic pump is not equal 	 Repair Consult with the dealer
The hydraulic oil temperature rises too fast or becomes too high	 There is dirt on the surface of oil cooler. Wear of hydraulic parts and reduction of the cubage efficiency. Overfall valve and over load valve opens too frequently 	 Clean Contact the dealer. Over digging , over loading, change the digging method.
Some unexpected actions occur without operating	 Multitandem valve lever block. Pilot valve core block. 	 Contact the dealer Contact the dealer
Mandril leak at the top of pilot valve	Seal ring of the pilot valve mandril piston trepan boring aging or damage	Inspect and replace
Work device malfunction	Usually caused by the block of multitandem valve lever's one way valve	Inspect and replace

Heater Malfunctions and solutions

Malfunction	Description	Check	Solution
Heater unit stops	Air blower stops	A. Circuit break.	Check and repair Check
working.	running.	B. Bad grounding.	and repair
Heating effect is	Air blower	A. Hot water tube	Check tube circuit.
not good.	works normally.	circuit block.	Clean core surface.
		B. Heavy dust on heater	
		core surface.	

7. SPECIFICATIONS

7.1 TECHNICAL PARAMETER

EngineYANMAR diesel engineModelYANMAR 3TNV80f-SPSUDisplacement1.267LNumber of cylinder3Power14 kW/2400rpmFuel assumption272g/kw.hCoupling.MONOLASTIC 32 FlanschkupplungRadiator.BC7039-00
Hydraulic device
Hydraulic pump.plunger pumpModel.PVD-0B-24P-8G3-5516A
Flow2x28.8+19.2+6.5mL/r
Work pressure
Multitandem valveKVSE-36B-10
Hydraulic pilot valvecarry out the hydraulic
proportion control of the boom,
arm, bucket and flat swing through 2 "+"control joysticks
ModelHC-RCX 47586
HC-RCX 47585
Pilot system pressure
Hydraulic cylinder (standard backhoe)double action combined sealed hydraulic tank
Boom cylinderφ70Xφ40mm
Arm cylinder
Bucket cylinder
Dozer cylinder
Swing cylinder
Swing hydraulic motorcycloid motor Model
Travel hydraulic motor piston polar variable motor
ModelMAG-18VP-230F (B0240-18098)
Hydraulic oil tank capacity
Hydraulic cooling device
Oil cooling device modelC7039-00
Fan drive engine drive
Hydraulic oil filter
Oil return filter core model
Swing mechanism

Maximum output screw moment	5099N.m
Flat rotate speed	8.8rpm
Slewing bearing	Single row
traveling brake	hydraulic brake "+"spring pressure
	multiple brake (normally closed)

Electric device

Battery1X12V,63Ah
Starter
Generator
Fuel device
Fuel tank capacity
Travel mechanism
Speed ratio
Maximum output torque moment
High speed2645 N.m
Low speed1471Nm
Travel speed High speed4.1 km/h Low speed2.3 km/h Gradeability
Travel brakehydraulic brake"+" spring pressure
multiple brake (normally closed)
Track tensityhydraulic
Optional items:
Standard bucket:
Standard arm:
Optional arm:

Customers can choose simple cabin and quick coupler as an option according to different requirements.

7.2 TECHNICAL INTRODUCTION

SWE25UF is an all hydraulic track excavator with beautiful appearance, 360°rotatable fl at roof, 1980mm long small rear end, all of these ensure the work in limited place.

The engine is YANMAR 3 cylinder water-cooling diesel engine which has a normal rated power of 14kW/2400 rpm. Use flexible supporting breadthwise, install the engine at the rear end of machine.

Air filter is a fixed equipment of 119540-12520; safety device (optional) on engine inlet pipe ensures more safety and stability of the engine.

Large capacity water tank with air exhaust device for the engine cooling system can effectively protect engine and ensure normal work in high temperature and prevent overheating.

The main pump and engine directly connected with coupling, maximum work pressure is 22.6 (P1/P2) Mpa, 17.5(P3)Mpa_o

Use flexible shaft coupling installed in the diesel motor flywheel to drive the main pump, perfectly avoid the influence on main pump, which is caused by the vibration of diesel motor.

Hydraulic system and pilot system

Nachi, KYB Hydraulic pump, main valve, drive motor and swing motor from Japan with perfect quality and stable work condition can ensure the stable work of the whole system.

- Full power qualified system can make full use of the engine power.
- Aboratively matched drive control element can ensure the good control of the whole machine.
- The system can appropriately distribute and make use of flow to improve and promote the machine performance.
- High pressure double speed travel motor provides high traction and travel speed.
- Adopt a 24L oil tank to supply the oil pump.
- Oil pump supply oil to the entire working device through multitandem valve, and the oil comes back to oil tank through oil cooler and magnetism papery filter.
- The pilot control mechanism in cabin can ensure the multitandem valve action.
- The gear pump connected with main pump can supply hydraulic oil to pilot oil passage.
- The high precision high-pressure filter in pilot oil passage can avoid interferer from outside.

Hydraulic oil cooling

We adopt aluminium oil air exchanging cooler. Hydraulic oil can be perfectly cooled.

Fuel device

Diesel tank can be supplied from a 26L fuel tank, the compact and appropriate design makes it very easy to add fuel and clean.

Swing drive

Hydraulic swing motor drives the swing supporting of inner joggle through a planetary reducer. The normally engaged brake in drive system can ensure the safety of the machine.

Boom swing

The design of ultra-large angle boom swing mechanism makes the machine be applied at side ditch, side channel, foot of wall and cliff. It better meets the current demand of both home and foreign markets and broadens the use range of machine.

Undercarriage

The excavator undercarriage is a high tortuosity rigid steel structure part.

The large dimension pilot wheel and drive wheel provide best travel ability on severe road condition and self-clean ability.

Undercarriage with the function of left and right track frame flexing has greatly improved the stability of machine in operation.

The wheels and track are Shan Tui products with high stability and quality. The single element of track device, such as oriented wheel, carrier roller, track wheel, have a long lubricant cycle and don't need to be maintained frequently.

Hydraulic track tension device can conveniently tension and loosen track.

The helix spring provides huge tension power for oriented wheel and ensures the track orientation, avoid track digression.

High alloy steel track has good adhesion, stability and long service life.

Travel drive

Travel drive adopts axial piston double speed oil motor for power supply, providing high travel speed and more traction.

Novel travel mechanism is a build-in structure with compact structure and high universality.

The viarable system make the travel speed change from 0~2.1 km/h to 0~4.3 km/h.

Travel brake

Italian COMER piston motor and well-assorted brake drive adopt hydraulic brake"+"multiple spring pressure brake (normally closed) to provide stable brake ability while working, especially when working on the slope.

Compensation valve connected with travel motor can avoid overdrive when machine traveling on slope.

Cabin

The cabin has two types, the common one & the brief one.

The common cabin and flexibly installed cabin tally with international standard on width, height and structure. In addition, the test result according to the ISO10262 and ISO12117 standard of cabin protection structures by the engineering equipment lab center of Ji Lin University shows that

the prototype meets the lowest performance requirements.

Wide front door can extend to the front and ensure convenient passage.

Glass around the cabin and turnover front window provides best view for operator.

Cabin seat is designed according to the ergonomics and can provide more comfort. The surface, backrest and rigidity are adjustable and can suit different kinds of requirement from different operator.

Seat with safety belt and pillow is optional.

Control lever is appropriately integrated with left & right control box, the light handle of the lever can prevent fatigue caused by long time work.

Double action pedal switch control the travel drive. Also it can be controlled manually.

Monitor is within operator's sight and it is very easy to recognize the indicators on it, such as engine, electronic device and hydraulic system. All the indicator's sketch maps comply with SAE certification.

There is radio installed in cabin.

Also, there is heater in cabin (optional). The heater we adopt is world famous Bergstrom product with perfect performance.

Machine canopy and sound insulation

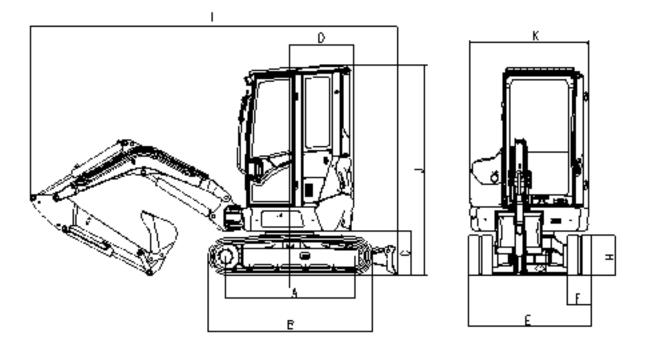
The whole canopy is composed of firm middle machine canopy and back cover. It can protect the engine and pumps, the high quality sound insulation materials reduce noise to comply with European standard.

Arm teeth

We adopt knockdown tooth, which has a tooth cover and tooth holder made by wearable alloy steel. The cover and holder are connected with lateral pin, which allows easy replacement. Though there is no special bucket tooth on the side of the bucket, there are side blades with clearance angle to help digging.

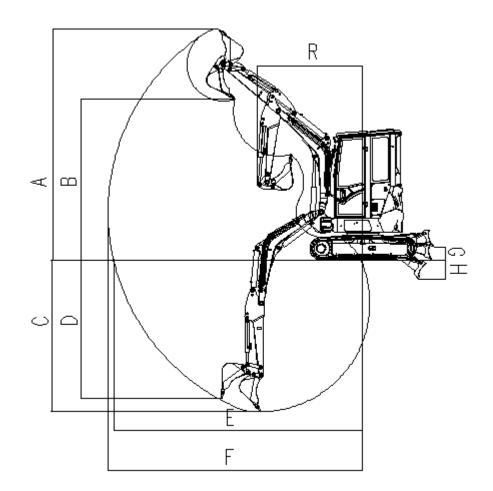
7.3 OPERATION PARAMETER

(1)Outline dimension



(2)Working range dimension

parameter	SWE25UF			
0	4140X1500X2455			
	А	Distance between wheel	mm	1560
	В	Length of track	mm	1990
	С	Turret distance to ground	mm	525
	D	Gyration radius of turret	mm	765
	E	Chassis width	mm	1500
Dimension	F	Track width	mm	300
parameter	G	Ground clearance of chassis	mm	310
	Н	Track height	mm	472
	Ι	Overall length	mm	4140
	J	Overall height(to cab top)	mm	2455
	K	Upper structure width	mm	1445
		Dozer dimension(length ×width)	mm	1500×325



	SWE25UF			
para	meter			
	А	Max. digging height	mm	4355
	В	Max. unloading height	mm	3010
	С	Max. digging depth	mm	2840
	D	Max. vertical digging depth	mm	2580
Working	Е	Max. digging radius	mm	4670
range	F	Max. reach at ground level	mm	4775
	G	Max. lifting height of dozer	mm	280
	Н	Max. digging depth of dozer	mm	320
	R	Min. swing radius	mm	1980



Do	o not atte	empt to	S	pecified	l lift-point	radius and	than these l height. xet lifting e		lues at tl	neir
	Rated lift capacity(kg) LPR									
LPH										
	MAX		4.0 m		3.0m		2.0m		1.0m	
m										
	End	Side	End	Side	End	Side	End	Side	End	Side
3	213*	173	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
2	235*	143	/	/	244	191	/	/	/	/
1	274*	128	/	/	309	161	500*	296	/	/
0	304*	143	/	/	318	158	574*	304	/	/
-0.5	330*	157	/	/	326	161	531*	270	/	/
-1	214.5*	139.5	/	/	/	/	238.4*	197.3	/	/

Capacities marked with an asterisk (*) are limited by hydraulic capacities. See Note 2.

The mass of slings and any auxiliary lifting devices shall be deducted from the rated load to determine the net load that may be lifted.

Lift capacities are based on the machine standing on a firm, uniform supporting surface. The user shall make allowances for job conditions such as soft or uneven ground.

The operator should be fully acquainted with the operator's manual and the operating safety manual furnished by the manufacturer before operating the machine.

NOTE 1 Lift capacities shown are without the power boost feature engaged.

NOTE 2 Lift capacities shown do not exceed 75% of minimum tipping loads or 87% of hydraulic capacities.

NOTE 3 The least stable position is over the side.

NOTE 4 Lift capacities apply only to the machine as originally manufactured and normally equipped by the manufacturer.

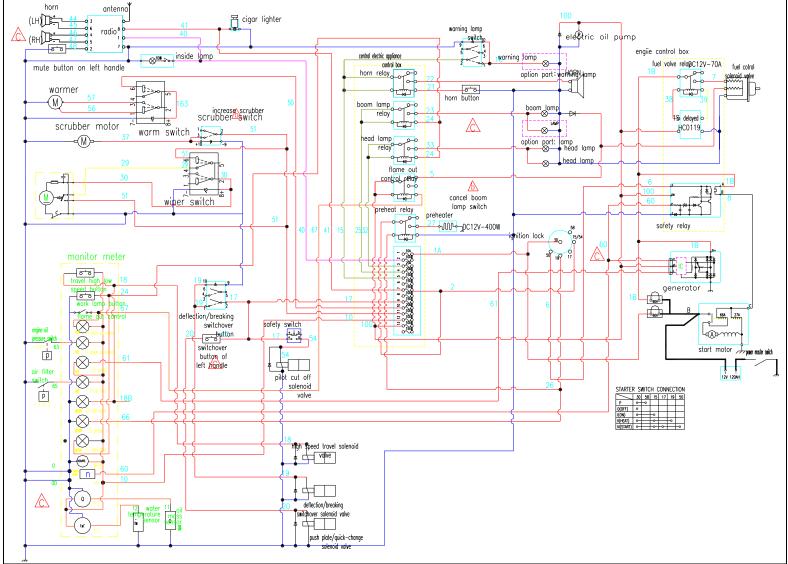
NOTE 5 The total mass of the machine is 1770kg. Included in this mass are triple grouser shoes, boom, arm,

counterweight, bucket weighing , all operating fluids and a 75kg operator. NOTE 6 Lift capacities are in compliance with ISO 10567:2007.

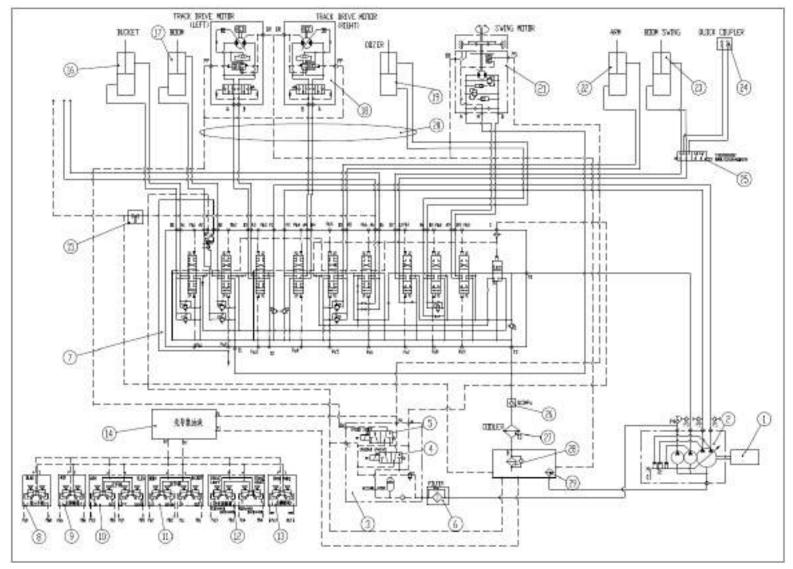
The lifting capacity is based on the criteria of the machine being level on a firm supporting ground. When the machine is operated in conditions that deviate from these criteria (e.g. on soft or uneven ground, on a slope or when subject to slide loads), these conditions shall be taken into account by the operator and need contract manufacture for safety operation.

8. ATTACHMENT

8.1 ELECTRIC DRAWING



8.2 HYDRAULIC DRAWING



8.3 HYDRAULIC COMPONENT LIST

No.	Name	No	Name
1	diesel engine	16	bucket cylinder
2	plunger pump unit	17	boom cylinder
3	pilot oil source block	18	Travel motor
4	pilot safety solenoid valve	19	dozer blade cylinder
5	pilot two-speed solenoid valve	20	center rotation joint
6	pilot filter cooler	21	swing motor
7	main valve	22	arm cylinder
8	Bulldozing hand shank	23	boom swing cylinder
9	left foot value (crushed auxiliary control)	24	Quick-changing splicer
10	Left joystick (pilot control valve)—arm+swing		selector valve——swing+quick change switch
11	right joystick (pilot control valve)—boom+bucket		oil return one-way valve
12	Travel foot value		oil cooler
13	right foot value (blade control)		oil return filter
14	Pilot oil catcher	29	air filter—breather
15	Auxiliarystop valve		

9. ABOUT MANUFACTURER

Company: Hunan SUNWARD intelligent machinery Co., LTD.





Address: 16 LiXiang Road, Xingsha economic and technologic development district, Changsha,

Hunan.

Tel: 0086-0731-83572739 83572783

Maintenance point: our office in some provinces and cities of China

About distributor

About distributor	
Distributor name:	
Address:	
Address.	
Tel:	
Fax:	
Email:	
Service personnel:	
Note	