## TH TRACTOR SERVICE MANUAL

i. Inspection after re-assembly

The gears should turn smoothly without hitching.

## **11. TROUBLE SHOOTING**

Turning torque 0.3 kgf-m (2.17 ft-lbs) or less

Problems	Causes	Countermeasures
Lift does not rise.	Insufficient engine speed	Raise engine speed slightly.
	Insufficient transmission oil	Maintain oil level by replenishing with the same kind of oil.
	Air taken in through suction piping	Tighten securely or replace broken parts.
	Clogged suction filter	Clean.
	Broken or poor hydraulic pump if necessary. Pay particular attention to shaft seal because a broken seal sometimes intakes air.	Inspect pump and repair or replace
	Poor link mechanism if necessary.	Inspect, adjust, repair, or replace
	Excessive load on lift	Decrease load.
	Broken cylinder	Replace.
	Too low viscosity of transmission oil wear, replace with gear oil of SAE 80.	As it will cause oil leaks or internal.
	Maladjusted relief valve	Readjust.
	Excessive internal leaks damaged seals, and repair. (Check each part systematically.)	Inspect cylinder and valves. Replace
	<ul> <li>Broken control valve</li> <li>(Even when spool is shifted to up position, lift does not rise.)</li> <li>Stuck compensator plunger stone</li> <li>Clogged orifices or slanted orifices in pilot passage</li> <li>Broken or fatigued relief valve spring</li> <li>Bitten or stuck check valve plunger</li> </ul>	Lap after repairing flaws with oil Clean them with compressed air or a sharp point. Replace spring. Lap after repairing flaws with oilstone.
	Broken flow-control valve <ul> <li>Stuck poppet.</li> </ul>	Lap after disassembling, cleaning, and repairing flaws with oilstone.

Problems	Causes	Countermeasures
Too low rising speed of lift	Above causes can also be possible.	Repair according to above instructions.
	Too small a spool stroke in control valve	Inspect, readjust, or replace link mechanism if necessary.
	Broken compensator spring in control valve	Replace spring.
Lift lowers even when adjusting knob is	Flow-control valve	
closed fully with adjusting handle.	Stuck poppet	Lap after disassembling, cleaning, repairing flaws with oilstone.
(When engine is stopped.)	<ul> <li>Poor poppet seat</li> </ul>	Replace valve.
	Poor O-ring	Replace.
	Safety valve <ul> <li>Oil leaks due to poor sealing</li> <li>Poor seating</li> </ul>	Inspect and re-tighten each joint. Replace valve.
Lift does not lower.	Flow-control valve knob is turned to the lock position.	Turn knob to down position.
	Seized lift shaft	Apply grease and repair or replace bushings or both bushings and shaft if necessary.
	Stuck poppet of slow-return check valve	Lap after disassembly, cleaning, and repair flaws with oil stone.
	<ul><li>Broken control valve</li><li>Stuck main spool</li></ul>	Lap lightly after disassembling, cleaning, and repairing flaws with oilstone or replace as an assembly.
Too slow lift lowering speed	Above mentioned causes can also be possible.	Repair or adjust according to instructions mentioned above.
	Insufficiently lowered control lever	Lower lever sufficiently.
When hydraulic	Excessively closed flow-control valve	Open valve sufficiently.
control lever is raised, relief valve beeps.	Maladjusted lever stopper check valve	Readjust lever stopper gu/de position.
	Poor link mechanism	Inspect, readjust, repair, or replace link mechanism if necessary.
Fluid overheating	Excessively high working pressure	Inspect and adjust.
	Too high or low viscosity of working fluid	Replace with fluid of adequate viscosity.

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Problems	Causes	Countermeasures
Fluid overheating	Insufficient fluid	Maintain specified level by replenishing.
	Too high internal friction of pump	Replace.
Pump noise	Partially clogged suction-filter or suction piping.	Clean.
	Air inhaled through suction piping connections	Inspect and re-tighten.
	Air inhaled through intake pipe connection for pump	Inspect and re-tighten.
	Loosened pump cover tightening bolts	Inspect and re-tighten.
	Too rich oil viscosity	Replace with oil of specified viscosity.
	Trapped foreign matter	Disassemble and clean.
	Broken or worn pump parts	Inspect and replace defective parts.
Excessive wear, deflection or damage of pump	Dirty fluid	Eliminate foreign matter and inspect filters.
	Circuit pressure exceeds pump capacity	Adjust relief valve or replace If necessary.
	Oil less operation due to insufficient oil quantity	Inspect transmission oil level and maintain specified oil level by replenishing.
	In either case, clean, and repair pump parts and replace damaged ones if necessary.	
Oil leaks outside pump.	Broken or fatigues oil seal or O-ring	Replace.
Oil leaks from piping or joints	Poorly connected piping	Inspect, clean, and eliminate dust. Repair flaws with oilstone if necessary. Re-tighten.
	Poor O-rings	Replace.
	Broken piping	Replace with a new one after washing clean related parts.
	Poor oil seal	Replace oil seal or bushing if necessary.