# Operation and maintenance instructions

Original instrutions

# RS20 SKID STEER LOADER

Warming:Unsafe use of this machine may cause serious injury or death. Operation and maintenance personnel must read this manual before operating and maintaining this machine. This manual should be placed near the machine for timely reference and all personnel related with this machine should consult this manual regularty.

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# Operating and maintenance instructions

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-RS20

# skid steer loader

WARNING: Use of this machine contrary to the operating instructions may result in serious injury or death.

Operators and maintenance personnel must read this manual before operating and maintaining the machine. This manual should be kept near the machine for prompt reference and should be consulted regularly by all persons associated with the machine.

#### preamble

Thank you very much for purchasing our products, please read the product manual carefully before using the product. This manual will provide you with an explanation of the product's performance, technical parameters, use and maintenance, and general precautions, which can help you use the equipment smoothly, safely and effectively.

In order to enable the user to correctly grasp the use of the machine, adjustment, maintenance, maintenance and other aspects of knowledge, to give full play to the effectiveness of the machine, please read this operation and maintenance manual carefully, and effectively implement the provisions of this operation and maintenance manual. For use and maintenance of the companion engine, refer to the Engine Instruction Manual prepared by the companion engine factory.

The operating section is a technical reference for the operator to use the machine, during which illustrations are used to guide the operator through the correct procedures for checking, starting, operating and stopping the machine. The operating techniques outlined in the manuals are a basis on which the operator can improve his or her own skills and techniques by acquiring knowledge of the machine and its functions.

The maintenance section is aguide for the user to carry out maintenance of the whole machine. Specific maintenance measures for the machine are detailed in the Skid Steer Loader Maintenance Catalog. Users should follow the requirements in the Skid Steer Loader Maintenance Catalog and perform maintenance items separately according to the different working hours of the machinery.

In extremely harsh, dusty or humid working conditions, increase the number of lubrication times as appropriate to the operation of the machine.

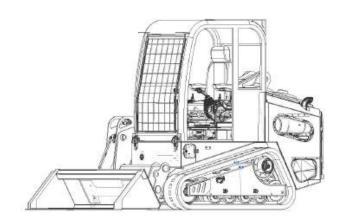
If the actual product differs from the pictures in this manual, the actual product shall prevail.

# Catalogue

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#### I. Machine number

The machine number is in the lower area, indicated by an arrow. Each machine has its own unique number; please provide its information to the following form.



Model:	RS20
Series:	RS Series
Engine:	Yanmar Engine
Date of manufacture:	
Date of manufacture:	

#### II. Areas of application

The skid steer loader RS20 is designed for compact construction work and is available in a tracked form. Has a powerful gasoline engine with a powerful quick-change connection, which makes it easy to attach a variety of attachments. Under normal circumstances, from small construction projects, home renovations, and landscaping,

Agriculture to small moving works; it is skilled in any compact road or low space work. If necessary, such as working in extreme areas, please contact our company or local distributor, otherwise it will conflict with the application. The RS20 should be operated, serviced and maintained only by trained operators who are familiar with its special characteristics and familiar with safe operation.

#### III. Mechanical components

The machine is a crawler type walking mode, the crawler type is mainly used in the road surface is relatively muddy road, the crawler type can also be used in the relatively flat road surface, has the characteristics of strong passability and so on.

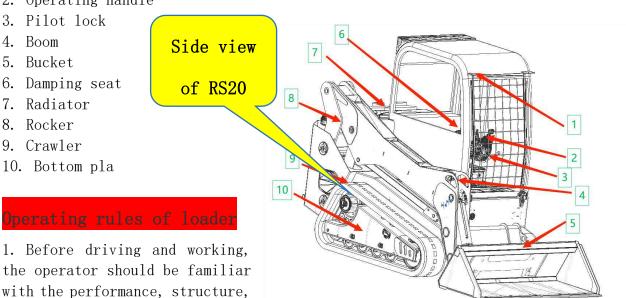
1. Cab

technical

maintenance

operation methods of the loader,

2. Operating handle



and carry out it according to the regulations. It is forbidden to take people except the driver.

- 2. When discharging into the car, the bucket must be lifted to a height that won't touch the trunk baffle, so as to prevent the bucket from touching the trunk, and it is forbidden to cross the bucket from the top of the cab.
- 3. When going downhill, use automatic deceleration, and don't step on the accelerator pedal to prevent the acceleration power from overturning and causing serious accidents.
- 4. The loader should be stopped immediately after wading. If it is found that the brake fails due to flooding, it should be braked continuously, and the moisture in the brake pad should be removed by heating, so as to make the brake return to normal as soon as possible. When the loader is working, people are not allowed to stand in front of it, and the bucket is not allowed to carry people during driving.
- 5. When working, it is forbidden to stand under the boom, and irrelevant personnel and other machinery are forbidden to work and pass here.
- 6. It is forbidden to use high-speed throttle gear operation. When the operator leaves the driving position, he must land the bucket, turn off

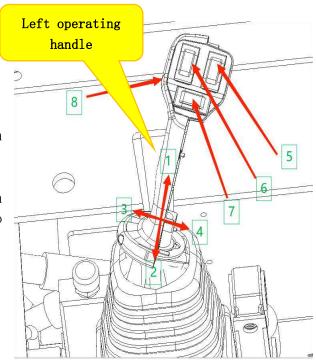
the engine and cut off the power supply.

- 7. Strictly prevent the bucket from hitting the trunk, and it is forbidden to cross the bucket from the top of the cab.
- 8. Do not step on the accelerator pedal, in case of collision accident.
- 9. If it is found that the brake fails due to flooding, it shall be braked continuously, and the moisture in the brake pad shall be removed by heating, so that the brake can return to normal.
- 10. No one is allowed to stand directly in front, and the bucket is not allowed to carry people during driving. 12. Keep the machine clean, and fasten loose parts to prevent the parts from being worn or lost due to looseness.
- 11. If there is any abnormality, stop in time to eliminate it. If the reason is not found and the fault is not eliminated, stop the operation.

#### Use of left operating handle

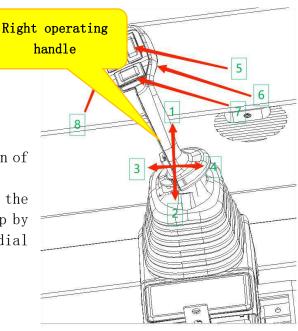
- -Forward gear
- 2. -Reverse gear
- 3. -Turn gear to the left
- 4. -Turn gear to the right
- 5. High and low gear forward-high gear backward-low gear
- 6. -Spare gear
- 7. Turn signal gear to the left-in the left turn signal-Turn signal to the right
- 8. Lower part of the handle-pull Position

#### Right operating handle



1. -Drop the boom

- 2. -Lift the boom
- 3. -Put away the bucket
- 4. -Drop the bucket
- 5. -Stand-by gear
- 6. -Float switch
- 7. -Forward and reverse rotation of the oil circuit
- 8. Turn the control knob of the flow roller up-dial the flow up by 25%-dial the flow up by 50%-dial the flow up.



#### Instrument panel display screen

#### program change password: 291819

- 1. Machine working time display
- 2. Water temperature thermometer
- 3. Fuel level display
- 4. Battery charge display
- 5. Engine speed
- 6. Time
- 7. Date
- 8. 0il pressure.

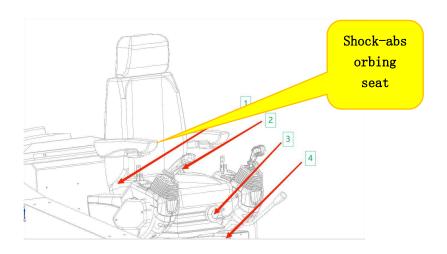
Right operation display screen

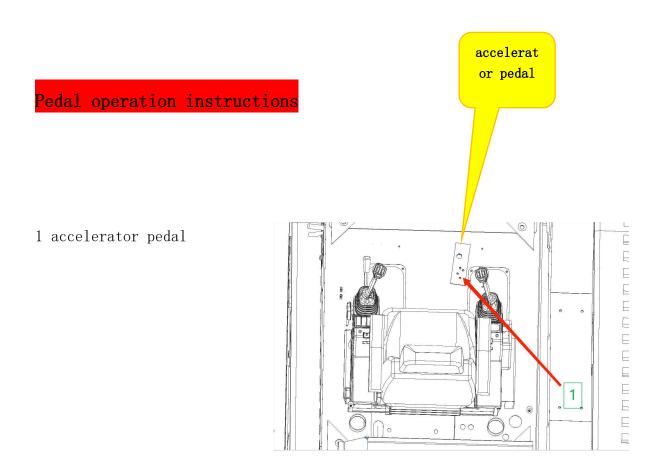


#### Instructions for seat use

- 1. Seat belt
- 2. Adjustment switch of seat front and rear angle adjustment button
   Backward Adjustment switch of seat position and distance Alignment Seat fixing
- 3. Adjustment switch of seat up and down adjustment button Right Adjustment switch of seat up and down height Left Seat down height

4. —Adjustment switch of seat front and back adjustment button — Up — Seat front and back. Adjusting switch-downward-seat fixed position.

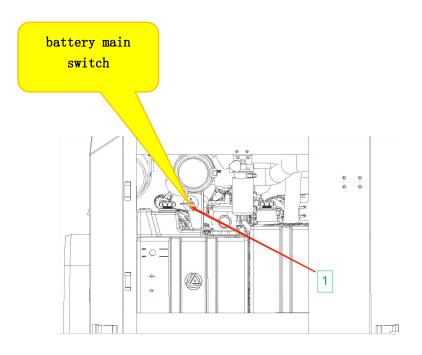




#### Power main switch operating instructions

Operating steps: As shown in the above picture and the upper picture, the hand brake is in a flat state when working, and when working stops, the hand brake is pulled up and the vehicle is in a braking state, so as to prevent the vehicle from slipping and causing unpredictable consequences.

1. Turn the main power switch 90 degrees to the left-turn the power off 90 degrees to the right-turn the power on.



#### Operating steps:

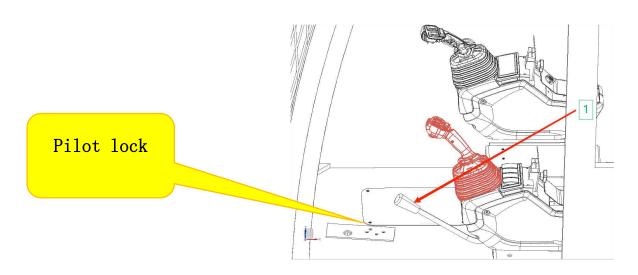
- 1. First, open the tailgate and prepare to operate the loader. Under normal circumstances, as shown in the above figure, the main power switch is located at the rear of the car body and in the upper direction of the hydraulic oil tank, and the components shown in the figure are found, and the parallel state is in the power—on state. 1. Turn on the main power switch.
- 2. Turn on the main power switch in parallel as shown in the above figure. At the position shown in the figure, the power supply is turned on, the car body is powered on, and all lines are powered on.
- 3. Turn off the main power switch, and it is necessary to turn the button down 90 degrees, so that the power supply is turned off and the car body is powered off. All lines are out of power.

### Operation button instruction

- 1. Press the light button for the first time-low beam for the second time-high beam  $\frac{1}{2}$
- 2. wiper switch 4-Turn the start key to the left to be the preheating button.
- 3. Turn the key to the right for 30 seconds to start the vehicle. 4, Cigarette lighter button

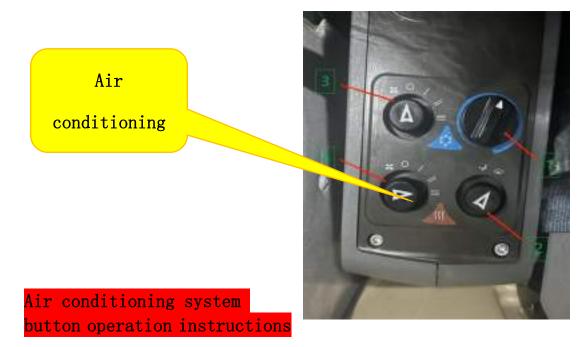
Operation button





#### Instructions for use of pilot lock

1. Before the pilot lock button gets on the bus, turn the pilot lock down and disconnect the oil circuit. After getting on the bus. Lift the pilot lock upward to open the oil circuit. The vehicle can be started. Only the oil pipe line can supply oil, and the machine operation handle can be operated.



- 1. Air-conditioning temperature knob knob left-lowest temperature knob right-highest temperature
- 2. Windshield the air-conditioning air outlet before blowing;
- 3. Air-conditioning cold air air outlet operation button; the circular pointer is the close button; the primary air outlet rotates two times to the right; the secondary air outlet rotates three times to the right; the tertiary air outlet
- 4. Air-conditioning warm air air outlet operation button; the circular pointer is the close button; the primary air outlet rotates two times to the right.

#### Cab prop-up instructions

#### Internal inspection of frame

When inspecting and maintaining the interior of the frame, the engine should be kept open with the support rod.

1. Insert the key and unlock the seat cover.

- 2. Then open the tools inside the tool box at the lower part of the seat, find out the jack support rod, insert the support rod into the specified position, and then manually prop up the jack and the cab to the specified position before entering the frame to repair the machine.
- 3. After checking the machine, take out the jack support rod, turn on the unloading button of the jack, and the cab will slowly drop and land at the designated position.

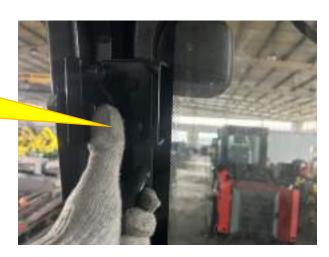
#### note:

Always keep the jack cylinder locked except opening the cab. You can check the open or locked position of the jack cylinder by looking at the direction of the groove.

#### Remarks:

When the jack cylinder is locked, the cab cannot move.

Window operating



Lock pin 1



Cab windshield

Lock pin 2

1. When opening or closing the front window or door, put the safety locking

lever in the locking position.

- 2. If you don't lock the joystick and accidentally touch the joystick, it will lead to serious accidents.
- 3. When opening the front window, hold the handle firmly with both hands and push it upward. Don't let go until the automatic latch locks.
- 4. The window is in danger of falling. So be sure to lock the window with the left and right locking pins.
- 5. When the front window is closed, the window will move faster under its own weight. So hold the handle firmly with both hands. The front window can be placed (stacked up) on the top of the cab.

#### window

- 1. Stop the machine on a flat ground, completely drop the working device on the ground, and then turn off the engine.
- 2. Place the locking lever of the operating lever of the working device firmly in the locking device.

#### Cab door

- 1. Open the door, and pay attention to fix the switch latch on the rear side to avoid damaging the cab when operating the machine.
- 2. Pay attention to the door lock. In the left position, press the lock button and the cab door will be released. Close the door.

#### Cab prop-up instructions

- 1. Lock the lifting cylinder with the key. Insert the key. Open the lock.
- 2. Return the lifting cylinder to its proper position.

3. Use the tool box tool, insert the special lifting hole, press the tool down, reciprocate, and prop up the cab.

Second step



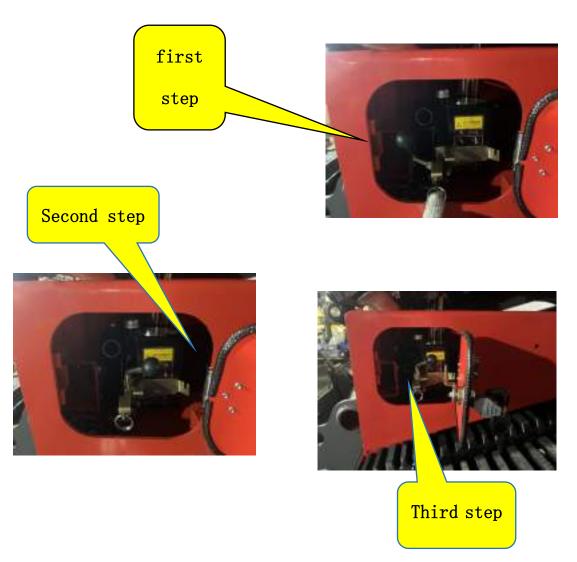
Third step



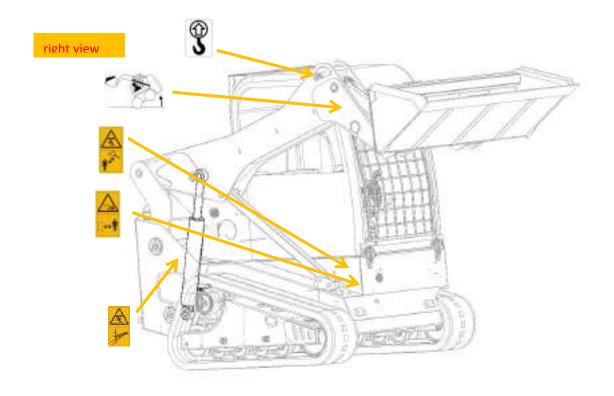


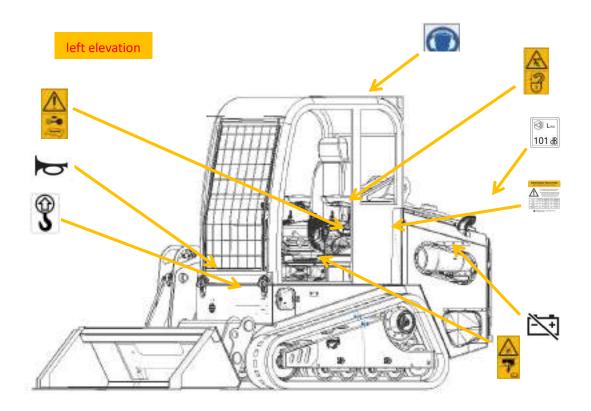
## Cab drop instructions

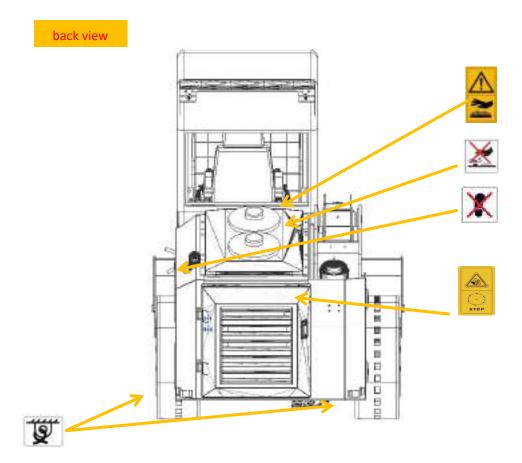
- 1. Pull out the pressing tool.
- 2. Lock the lifting cylinder switch, open it, and open the pull ring.
- 3. Restore the cab to its original position

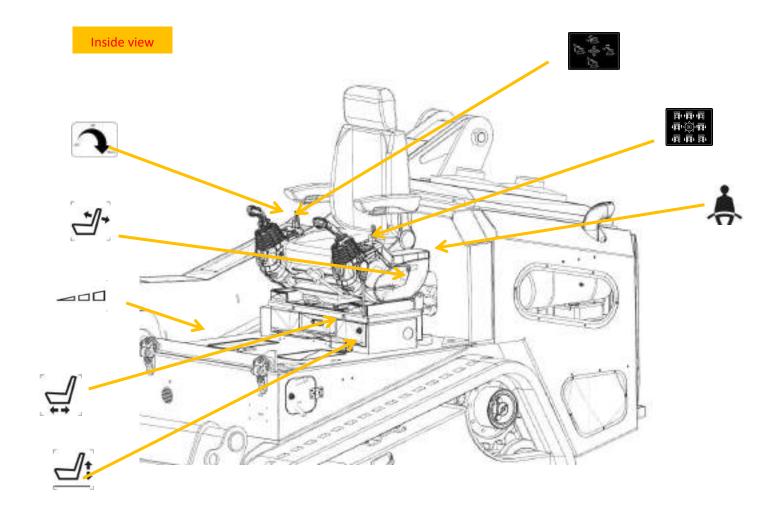


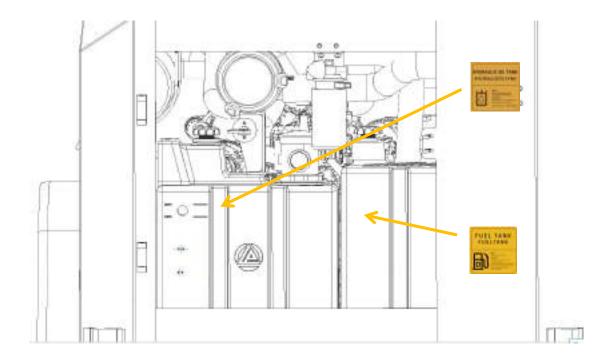
# Schematic diagram of car sticker











(1) Do not touch the engine blades, and avoid touching and cutting off hands or fingers.



Attention: The engine blades are forbidden to be touched to avoid personal injury.

(2) Keep a safe distance when the loader lifts the arm and bucket. Avoid squeezing the whole body.



Note: When the loader boom is lifted, it is forbidden to stand on both

sides of the boom to avoid serious personal injury.

(3) The oil cylinder is dangerous, so keep a distance from it.



Note: Avoid operating under the cylinder boom when operating the machine, and lock the cylinder with the cylinder locking device. Avoid danger.

(4) wire danger, keep a distance from wire danger.



Attention: avoid operating under high voltage lines when operating the machine to prevent electric shock.

(5) Schematic diagram of the left joystick of the loader



**Note:** Carry out the basic operation of the loader according to the above figure. It is forbidden to operate the loader without following the signs.

(6) It is forbidden to open the filler of antifreeze cover under high temperature operation.



Note: It is forbidden to open the filler when the vehicle is running to avoid burns.

(7) Fuel tank filler



Note: The fuel is filled according to the specified amount of

(8) Hydraulic oil tank



Note: Fill the hydraulic oil as required.

(9) Warning attention to burning hands



Caution: Avoid burning oil pipes or machine parts.

(10) Schematic diagram of the right joystick of the loader



**Note:** Carry out the basic operation of the loader according to the above figure. It is forbidden to operate the loader without following the signs.

#### (11) No trampling



Note: No trampling is allowed in the marked position.

(12) Maintenance precautions



Note: Maintain the machine according to the time shown in the diagram.

(13) Marking diagram of hoisting position



Note: Specify the lifting position. It is forbidden to tear up the label.

(14) It is forbidden to open the pilot lock. Improper operation of the movable arm hurts people.



Note: When operating under the boom, the pilot lock must be opened.

(15) Location of lifting rope



Note: The lifting position of the lifting rope can be used in the labeling position.

(16)



Note: the noise decibel of the exhaust pipe is 101.

(17)



Attention: Do a good job of protection (18) Start key.



Attention: Do a good job of protection (19) The seat tilts back and forth.



(20) seat back and forth movement adjustment



(21) Seat adjustment up and down



(22) Horn



(23) Mechanical throttle identification



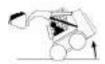
(24) battery disconnect and shut down



(25) fasten your seat belt



(26) It is forbidden to overload the machine with goods. Risk of leaning forward.



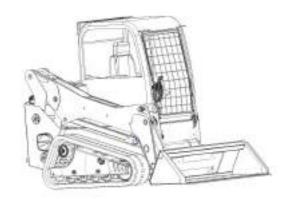
(27) Please read the operation manual first when maintaining and operating the machine.



(28) When operating under the boom, the self-locking device must be opened to fix the boom.

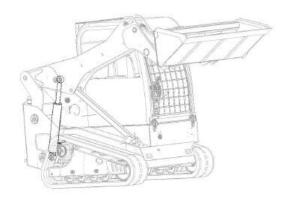


#### Instructions for parking when going uphill



#### Matters needing attention:

- 1. When the vehicle runs uphill empty, the front bucket device must lift the boom, which must be higher than the slope height, and the front bucket needs to be lifted to avoid collision, as shown in the above figure.
- 2. Pay attention to the fact that the front bucket is operated as shown in the above figure when the heavy vehicle is running, and it is necessary to lift the boom to prevent the serious consequences of rollover caused by the unstable center of gravity of the vehicle when the front bucket device works. In an emergency, you can quickly lower the working device to the ground to help stop the machine.



When the vehicle is parked uphill, it is necessary to operate steps to loosen the accelerator pedal-put down the pilot lock to prevent the vehicle from slipping and avoid danger. When walking uphill, be sure to check the hardness of the ground in front of the machine. To drop the working device to improve the balance, keep the working device 20-30CM above the ground and walk at a low speed.

2. When the vehicle is working uphill, pay attention to the maximum lifting weight of the front bucket.

- 3. When working, the parameter limit of the vehicle must be guaranteed, and the vehicle is within the controllable range when working. Overloading and overweight are prohibited, resulting in serious consequences.
- 5. When the vehicle finishes its work. When going downhill, the front bucket is retracted, and the front boom is lifted and retracted. Pay attention to the bucket length at the rear of the car body to avoid serious consequences of collision and rollover.



6. When the vehicle goes downhill. Pay attention to the length of the car body, to avoid collision, which will lead to serious consequences of rollover. Go downhill with low gear, then lightly step on the accelerator pedal, and the vehicle will run slowly downwards. It is forbidden to go downhill with high gear, which will lead to too fast speed and rollover. When going downhill, to reduce the engine speed, keep the walking joystick near the middle position and walk at a low speed.

7. When the vehicle is driving on a smooth road, the braking distance shall be within two meters. After the vehicle starts, there is a buffer distance, and the braking of the brake pedal is within two meters. When the vehicle stops on a smooth road and stops suddenly, both the brake pedal and the accelerator pedal must be pressed at the same time. Pull the handbrake to prevent the car from slipping, causing serious consequences.

Note: Walk straight up and down on the slope, and it is very dangerous to turn or cross the slope on the slope. Don't turn or cross the slope. Be sure to go down to a flat place to change the position of the machine, and then go up the slope. Walk on grass, fallen leaves or wet steel plates at a low speed, because even in the case of a small slope, the machine is in danger of slipping. If the engine stalls when the machine is walking on a slope, immediately move the joystick to the middle position and restart the engine.

Snow-covered or frozen surfaces are very slippery. When walking or operating the machine, be especially careful not to suddenly operate the joystick. Even a small slope will cause the machine to slip. Therefore, when working on slopes, special attention should be paid. For the frozen ground, it will become soft when the temperature rises, which will cause the machine to tip over. If the machine enters Zita Law, it will be in danger of tipping over or being buried in the snow. Be careful not to leave the shoulder or get caught in the snow. When cleaning the snow, the objects

near the shoulder and the road are buried in the snow and cannot be seen, so there is a danger that the machine will tip over or hit the buried objects. Parking machine

Park the machine Park the machine on a firm and flat ground. Choose a place where there is no danger of falling rocks or landslides, or if the terrain is low, there is no danger of drowning. Lower the working device completely to the ground. When leaving the machine, pull down the safety lock lever to the specified position. Then turn off the engine. To prevent unauthorized personnel from moving the machine, close the door of the cab, lock all devices with keys, remove the keys, take them with you and put them in the specified places. If it is necessary to park the machine on a slope, observe the following regulations, adjust the bucket to the downhill side and insert the bucket into the ground. Put a pad under the track to prevent the machine from moving.

Precautions for transportation: When transporting the machine, you should abide by all relevant laws and regulations and pay attention to safety. Loading and unloading

#### warning:

When loading and unloading, walk at a low speed, and operate the machine slowly when loading and unloading. When loading and unloading machines, you should choose a solid and flat ground. Keep a safe distance from the edge of the road. A ramp with sufficient width, length, thickness and strength shall be used, and the maximum slope shall be 15 degrees. When using the pushed soil slope, the pushed soil should be completely compacted and measures should be taken to prevent the broken surface from collapsing. In order to prevent the machine from slipping on the ramp, all dirt and dirt on the track should be removed before starting. Make sure that the ramp surface is clean and free of water, snow, ice, grease or oil.



Don't correct the steering on the ramp, or you will be in danger of the

machine tipping over. If necessary, drive off the ramp, correct the direction and then enter the ramp. Do not use the working device for loading and unloading operations, which is dangerous. When you are on the ramp, do not operate any joystick except the walking joystick. At the junction between the ramp and the trailer, the center of gravity of the machine will suddenly change, and there is a danger that the machine will lose its balance. Therefore, it is necessary to walk slowly when crossing this part. When the trailer rotates the upper car body, the trailer is unstable, so it needs to be retracted and the working device rotates slowly.



#### Loading

- 1. Loading and unloading can only be carried out on solid and flat ground, and a safe distance should be kept from the edge of the road.
- 2. Operate the walking pedal slowly.
- 3. The working device should be as low as possible.
- 4. Fix the machine in the specified position on the trailer.

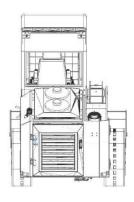
#### attention



Retract radio antenna. In order to prevent the oil cylinder from being damaged during transportation, the quick-change end should be padded with a wooden pad to prevent it from touching the bottom plate.

- 1. Drop the bucket
- 2. Extend the bucket cylinder completely, and then drop it slowly.
- 3. Turn off the engine and remove the key from the start switch.
- 4. 4. Turn off the main power switch.
- 5. Lock the joystick firmly with the safety lock joystick.
- 6. Put pads under both ends of the crawler to prevent

The machine moves during transportation. Fasten the machine firmly with chains or steel ropes of appropriate strength. Special attention should be paid to fixing the machine firmly so that it will not slide to one side. unload a vehicle



#### unload a vehicle

- 1. Loading and unloading can only be carried out on solid and complete ground, and a safe distance should be kept from the edge of the road.
- 2. Apply the brake and put down the pad on the tire to ensure that the vehicle does not move.
- 3. Remove the chain or wire rope that fixes the machine.
- 4. Turn on the main power switch and insert the key.
- 5. Start the engine. 6. Don't step on the accelerator pedal.
- 6. Lift the working device, and the working device is off the ground. 8. Lift the bucket.
- 7. The machine walks slowly.
- 8. If the working device is as low as possible without touching the ground or other objects.

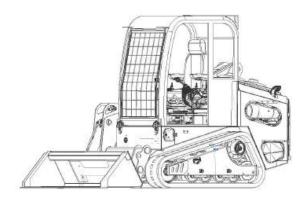
#### Matters needing attention in parking loader in rainy season



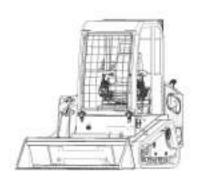
In rainy season, when removing soil in narrow or gully areas, it is necessary to cooperate with excavators. Because excavators are much better than loaders in exploring the road where the water is deep or the road conditions are unclear. The loader must not rush straight to avoid danger. There must also be relevant risk-removing personnel to observe and command next to ensure personal safety. After the excavator finds a safe and suitable position, let the excavator dig the soil to a suitable position first, and the loader will remove it. Or the excavator directly pours into the loader bucket for shoveling, and when encountering the road surface trapped in the car, you should concentrate on driving, so that the small throttle can move at a constant speed. Don't suddenly refuel the door or brake. Emergency braking on wet roads can easily make the

direction of the loader out of control, making the whole vehicle elegant and dangerous. Don't raise the boom too high to make the center of gravity unstable. When the wheels are excessively tilted or deviated, the soil should be removed immediately and returned to repair the road surface before working. When the loader is used as a tractor in rainy season, it must ensure the safety of the loader. Only by ensuring its own safety can it rescue others. Especially when towing a car on the down ramp, you must see the road clearly. If there is too much mud, it is best to remove the soil first.

#### Keep the chassis clean.



After the rainy season, the loader site must be cleaned, and the necessary places should be maintained and oiled to prevent corrosion. Check whether the oil drain screws are loose, and if so, maintain them in time. Where water is found in the machine, it should be removed in time to avoid corrosion affecting the spirituality of the machine. When parking in the open air, pay attention to check whether the fuel tank and hydraulic tank cover are tightly covered, so as to avoid unnecessary troubles caused by rainwater infiltration into the fuel tank. Pay attention to check the filter element of the air filter of the loader in rainy days to prevent rainwater from entering. When the paper filter element is damaged and blocked, it should be replaced and maintained in time. In addition, attention should be paid to the wear of the sealing ring on the engine oil gauge to prevent rain from seeping into the engine oil, and the oil filler should also be inspected. When parking in the open air, a plastic bag can be put on if necessary, so that the use of the starter service line head can be checked forever to see if there is any right looseness or sodium rust.



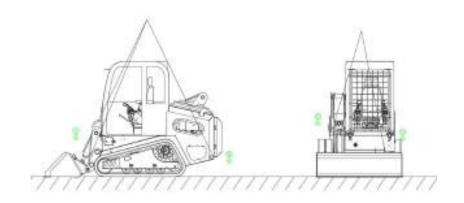
#### Safetyprecautions when parking.

- (1) The loader should be parked on the flat ground, and the bucket should be flat on the ground. When the engine is turned off, it is necessary to repeatedly pull the operating handle of the working device to ensure that each hydraulic cylinder is in a pressure-free rest state. When the loader can only be parked on the ramp, the tires should be firmly padded. Step on the brake pedal to stop the loader, pull the manual brake lever, put the gear lever in neutral and put the bucket flat to the ground; Gradually reduce the engine speed to idle for a few minutes, then pull the flameout button to turn off the engine and then turn off the main power switch; When parking on the ramp, wedge-shaped anti-skid objects should be placed on the rear (or front) side of the tire.
- (2) Put all kinds of handles in neutral or middle position.
- (3) take the electric lock key first, then turn off the main power switch, and finally close the doors and windows.
- (4) are not allowed to stop in an open flame or high temperature area, in case the tire is heated and exploded, causing an accident.
- (5) When inflating a tire with a combination valve or gas storage tank, people are not allowed to stand on the front of the tire to prevent explosion injury.

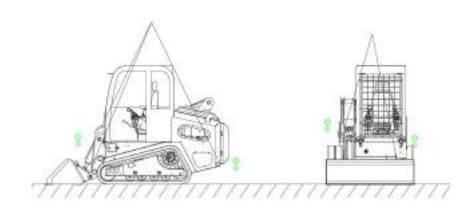
#### Hoisting machine

Don't lift the machine when there are people on it. Make sure that the steel wire rope used to hoist the machine has enough strength to bear the weight of the machine. Do not lift the machine in any posture other than that provided in the following steps. Otherwise, there will be a machine out of balance. Don't lift the machine with the upper body turned to the side, and put down the working device before lifting. When lifting, keep the machine level. It is dangerous to walk under the machine when hoisting. Don't walk under the machine in this case. 1. Start the engine. The working device is at the front of the machine. 2. Fully extend the bucket cylinder and the stick cylinder, and then use the boom cylinder to drop the working

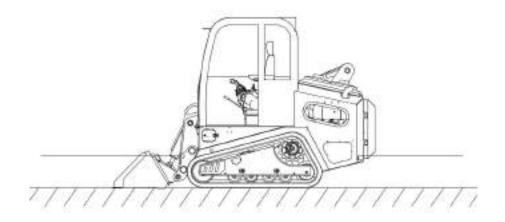
device on the ground. 3. Lock the safety lock lever firmly. 4. Turn off the engine and make sure there is nothing around the cab. Then leave the machine and close the cab door and the front window glass. 5. After the machine leaves the ground, carefully check whether the machine is balanced, and then slowly lift the machine.



#### Machine with lifting ditch



- 1. Start the engine. The working device is at the front of the machine.
- 2. Fully extend the bucket cylinder and the stick cylinder, and then use the boom cylinder to drop the working device on the ground.
- 3. Lock the safety lock lever firmly.
- 4. When lifting, check whether the oil leakage of the hydraulic oil circuit at the top of the boom cylinder will cause posture change.
- 5. When the machine leaves the ground, stop for a moment, and then slowly continue the lifting operation after the machine is stable.



#### Instructions for traction operation

Hook and loop must be used so that the wire rope is horizontally facing the track frame. Second operating procedures

- 1. Before driving every day, check the amount of oil, fuel and coolant. If it is insufficient, it should be added, and if it is deteriorated, it should be replaced; Check whether the external bolts and nuts are loose or fall off; Check whether the tire pressure is normal; Check whether the free travel of steering wheel, clutch pedal and brake pedal is normal; Whether the lights and speakers are working normally; Whether the accelerator pedal is flexible and normal; Check whether there are any signs of leakage under the car; If there is any abnormal maintenance or report. Note: If there is any fault or malfunction of the tractor, it is forbidden to start the vehicle before it is repaired.
- 2. When starting the engine normally, put the gear lever in neutral, press the accelerator pedal, and then turn the ignition switch to the start position. Immediately after starting, release the key to automatically reset it to the ignition position. The starting time should not exceed five seconds each time, and the interval between two starts should be ten seconds. If it cannot be started for three consecutive times, check whether there is any fault in the oil supply system and other systems, and then start it after troubleshooting. After the engine is started, the accelerator pedal is raised to 1/3, so that the engine can run at a low speed for some time, so that the tractor can start driving only when the water temperature rises to  $60\text{--}70\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

#### note:

When the ambient temperature is low, turn the key counterclockwise to the end for preheating, and then start it after preheating for 20 seconds. 3. just driving, should experiment and ensure the good and reliable performance of the foot brake and hand brake system.

- 4. in the process of driving, should always pay attention to the instrument readings, alarm lights are normal.
- 5. no-load car driving stability.
- 6. tractor towing trailer should avoid emergency stop, open or sharp turn.
- 7. When the tractor is driving normally, do not put your feet on the clutch pedal.
- 8. When the tractor is driving, it can't brake urgently, and it shouldn't be too hard when stepping on the brake pedal, so as to avoid accidents caused by tire slippage.
- 9. tractor driving process, should pay attention to listen for any abnormal sound, if necessary, should stop to check and eliminate.
- 10. when parking, should put the gearbox handle in neutral position, after waiting for the car to stop, still should make the engine idle for a little time to turn off, turn off the hand brake taut.
- 11. Turn off the power switch after parking every day and cut off the circuit of the whole vehicle.
- 12. cold season, tractor use antifreeze or parked in a warm garage, one side frozen crack engine cylinder block, cylinder head. If there is no warm garage, it should be put into cooling water, and long-term antifreeze is not allowed to be released. If the temperature is below -30°C, the electrolyte should also be protected from freezing. When closing the car, put the gear lever in neutral, turn off the engine, tighten the hand brake and cut off the power supply. When parking on the ramp, you should put the corresponding gear (forward gear on the ramp, reverse gear on the ramp) and pad the wheels with a pad.

#### Safety rule

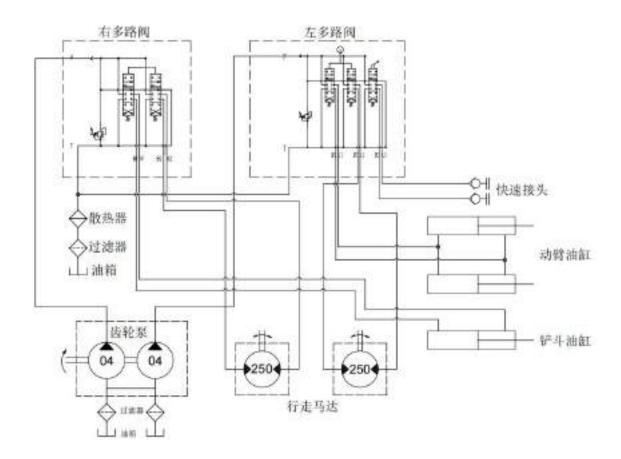
When the vehicle is driving, it is forbidden for other people to stand on the tractor, towing bolt or trailer. When towing many trailers, it is necessary to have a large turning radius to ensure that the fixed position is firmly fixed on the trailer. When driving in bad road conditions, it is necessary to be more careful to avoid rapid downhill and sudden braking, so as to avoid falling or overturning. Only when the tractor comes to a complete stop can it be reversed. or vice versa, Dallas to the auditorium When driving downhill, use the engine to brake, and don't operate the speed control handle. If the tractor exceeds the gear speed range, use the brake

pedal to pull it, which shall not exceed 1.5 times its own weight. Traction should be based on its own weight.

#### Lift an object with a bucket

- 1. Do not lift on slopes, soft ground or other places where the machine is unstable.
- 2. Use wire ropes that meet the specified standards.
- 3. Do not exceed the fixed lifting load.
- 4. If the load touches people or buildings, it is very dangerous. Before the machine turns, carefully check whether the surrounding area is safe.
- 5. Don't start, turn or stop the machine suddenly, so the lifting load is in danger of swinging.
- 6. Don't pull the load sideways or toward the machine.
- 7. When lifting the load, do not leave the operator's seat.

# 10. Hydraulic schematic diagram



## **IV.Safety Precautions and Safety Signs**

# △ cautionary

Follow the safety instructions before using and maintaining the machine. Please read the operating manual and mark the machine.

Perform repairs, adjustments and maintenance according to the markings in the manuals and instructions, then check for correctness. Failure to obey orders may result in death or injury.

- 1. Read the "Instruction Manual" carefully before starting the machine.
- 2. Wear coveralls, shoes and hats when performing any further operations.
- 3. When welding repairs are required, they are to be performed by trained welders.
- 4. Prepare in advance the tools and other aids needed for the job and know how to use them.
  - 5. Prepare a site for tools and parts and keep the work tidy at all times.
- 6. Before starting work, park the machine on a solid level site, then put the working device on the ground, if the working device is not easy to put down, it should be inserted with a safety lock or locked with a brake.
- 7. Before disassembling or assembling, hold the machine steady with supports, jacks or stands.
- 8. When operating in a group, one person in charge should be responsible for directing the operation. The cause of the fault and the method of elimination should form a unified opinion before operation.
- 9. When operating underneath the vehicle, hang a "Under Repair" sign on the side of the vehicle.

## Safety is the responsibility of the operator

Most accidents involving machine operation and maintenance can be avoided by following basic safety rules and precautions. Before operating

or servicing the machine, read and understand all safety information, safety practices and safety stickers in this manual.

This symbol indicates to be careful, please pay attention to safety before operating the skid steer loader.



Every guideline and rule for operation and maintenance should be understood and followed.

When operating the machine, make sure to use the amount and type of hydraulic fluid. At the same time, it can cause dangerous or serious injuries.

# Please read this manual carefully. Make sure you understand fuel maintenance and refueling.

This symbol indicates that you need to be careful; otherwise it could result in the death of the operator or bystanders. Stickers are applied to the machine

Safety stickers on the machine and warnings in the manual are especially for you to be aware of the dangers in order to avoid accidents.

Each loader is thoroughly tested and inspected before being delivered to the customer. You should operate it carefully for 100 hours so that all parts are in good condition. Rough handling can shorten service life or reduce the efficiency of use. For new equipment, you should be aware of the following:

- Run the machine idle for 5 minutes after startup.
- Avoid operating the loader at full speed.
- Avoid fast starts, rapid acceleration, unnecessary emergency stops or spins.
- Clean dust and impurities when replacing fixtures.
- If working in a hostile environment, check for all potential hazards.
- Please check the working hours of the work timer.
- Hold the handrail firmly with both hands when operating the machine to avoid causing injury when it is first started or during an emergency stop.

## When machine abnormality is detected

If any abnormalities (noise, vibration, odor, oil leakage, etc.) are detected in the operation or inspection and maintenance of the machine, immediately notify the sales or service agent and take appropriate measures. Do not operate the machine until the abnormality is removed.

## Operating Temperature Range

To maintain machine performance and avoid premature wear, observe the following operating conditions.

Do not operate the machine if the outdoor temperature exceeds  $+45^{\circ}$  C or falls below  $-15^{\circ}$  C.

If operated when the outdoor temperature exceeds +45° C, the engine may overheat, resulting in reduced engine oil performance. Also, the

hydraulic fluid may become very hot and cause damage to the hydraulic equipment.

If the machine is operated at outdoor temperatures below  $-15\,^\circ$  C, rubber parts such as gaskets may harden, resulting in premature wear or damage to the machine.

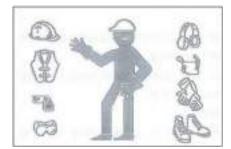
If it is necessary to operate the machine outside the above outdoor temperature range, consult your sales or service agent.

## Wear appropriate clothing and protective equipment

Do not wear loose clothing or accessories that could hang up on the control levers or moving parts.

Do not wear clothing with oil or fuel stains that could easily catch fire.

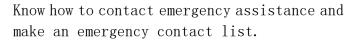
Wear safety shoes, helmets, safety glasses filtering masks, thick gloves, ear protection, and other protective equipment such as safety glasses and filtering masks as required by the work environment, as



splashing of metal shavings or other objects may cause serious injury. Use hearing protection when operating the machine. Prolonged exposure to high levels of noise can result in hearing damage or even complete loss.

## Installation of fire extinguishers and first aid kits

Be prepared for fires and accidents. Safety fire extinguishers and first aid kits and learn to use them as appropriate. Learn how to put out fires and deal with accidents.





## Do not remove safety devices

Make sure that all parts, etc. are in place and secure. Repair or replace damaged parts before operating the machine.

Never remove any safety device except for servicing. Keep all safety devices in good working condition at all times.

Learn how to use the hand signals required for a particular assignment and



identify the person responsible for signing.

All hand signals must be fully understood by all personnel.

The operator must respond only to gestures from the designated person, but must obey a stop gesture from anyone at any time.

Signalmen must stand in clear view when signaling.

## Precautions when leaving the driver's seat

When leaving the driver's seat, lower the work unit to the ground and stop the engine.

Accidentally touching any of the control handles can cause the machine to move and result in serious injury or death.



#### please note

Bucket, boom and auxiliary hydraulic controls, do not touch these controls. Before leaving the driver's seat, lower the work unit to the ground and turn off the engine. Also turn off the headlights, key switch and main power switch.

## Avoiding fire and explosion hazards

- Keep fuel, lubricants, and away to avoid flames. Fuel is particularly flammable and dangerous.
- Keep away from lit cigarettes, matches, lighters, and other sources of flame or ignition while handling these combustibles, and avoid static electricity.
- Do not smoke or expose to open flame when handling fuel or working on the fuel system, and protect against static electricity.
- Do not leave the job site while refilling fuel or lubricating oil.
- Do not remove the gas cap or refuel while the engine is running or has not cooled down. Also, do not splash fuel onto hot surfaces of the machine or electronic system components.
- Clean up any spilled fuel or lubricant immediately.
- Check for fuel and lubricant leaks. Please eliminate leaks and clean the machine before operation.
- Remove flammable materials to a safe place during polishing or welding operations.

- Do not cut or weld on pipes or tubes that contain flammable liquids inside. Clean thoroughly with a non-flammable solvent before cutting or welding.
- Remove all trash or debris from the machine. Ensure that no oily rags or other flammable materials are left on the machine.
- Dispose of various solvents or dry chemicals (foam-type fire extinguishers) according to the procedures on the manufacturer's container. Do this in a well-ventilated area.
- Never use fuel for cleaning purposes. Always use non-flammable solvents.
- Keep all flammable liquids and materials in a safe and well-ventilated place.
- A short circuit in the electronic system may cause a fire. Check for loose or damaged wire connections daily. Retighten loose connectors and cable clamps. Repair or replace damaged wiring.

## Pipe-caused fires

Ensure that hose and tube snaps, protectors and cushions are securely fastened. If loose, the hose or tube can be damaged by vibration or contact with other parts during operation. This could cause high-pressure oil to spray out, resulting in fire or injury.

## Engine exhaust is toxic.

Do not operate the engine in an enclosed area with poor ventilation.

If natural ventilation is not possible, install ventilation fans, fans, extended exhaust pipes or other ventilation devices.

## Handling of asbestos dust

Inhalation of asbestos dust may cause lung cancer. When handling materials that may contain asbestos, take the following safety measures:

- Never use compressed air for sweeping.
- Avoid polishing or sanding parts that contain asbestos.
- When cleaning, use a vacuum setting with a high-efficiency particulate air filter.

- Wear a prescribed respirator if there is no other way to control dust. When working indoors, install a ventilation system with a polymer
- Do not allow unauthorized personnel to enter the work area during operation.
- Please strictly adhere to the rules and environmental standards applicable to the area of operation.

## Be careful so you don't get pinched.

Do not place hands, feet or other body parts between the upper and lower frames or between the tracks., between the body and the work unit or between the cylinders and moving parts. When the machine is moved, the size of these voids can change, which could cause serious injury or death.



## Use of optional products

Consult for review before installing options. Depending on the type of attachment or their combination, the attachment may come into contact with other parts of the machine. Before use, make sure that the installed option does not come into contact with other parts.

Do not use attachments that have not been reviewed and approved. Doing so may jeopardize safety or adversely affect the operation or service life of the machine.

The company is not responsible for any injuries, accidents or damage to the product caused by the use of unauthorized accessories.

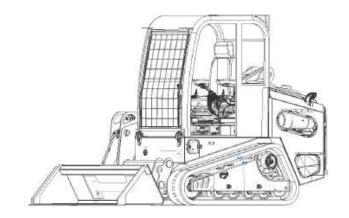
## Do not modify the machine

Unauthorized modifications to the machine can cause injury or death. Do not make unauthorized modifications to any part of the machine.

## V. Pre-operational inspections

Before operation, you should fully understand the condition of the vehicle and the operation area to ensure safety.

Fuel oil level check



#### Fuel oil level check

Before operation should check the fuel capacity of the vehicle fuel should be

replenished in a timely manner when fuel is insufficient, to avoid because of fuel depletion pipeline into the air, refueling again after the machine may not be able to start the fire. See the engine instruction manual for details on how to deal with failure to start the fire.

## Track tensioning check

Before operation, check the tightening of the track, if the track is loose, it needs to be tightened, otherwise the track will appear jumping teeth phenomenon can not walk. The tracks are too loose and can easily fall off when turning, turning around, or walking one way, and it is difficult to install the tracks once they fall off. When tightening, tighten the tightening bolt first, and then tighten the tightening nut (see the right figure for details of the operation position)

#### Hydraulic oil level check

Check the hydraulic oil level before operation, hydraulic oil level is too low when the body tilts the hydraulic oil in the tank to one side, which will lead to the oil pump can not suck oil and the whole car does not have any action (the action should be immediately turn off the engine,

the oil pump pump can not pump the oil to continue to work will lead to serious wear and tear or even damage to the hydraulic pump) need to supplement the hydraulic oil or the body to cushion the body flat, such as no hydraulic oil or can not cushion the body, for some of the mechanical operating systems If there is no hydraulic oil or the body can not be padded, for some models of mechanical operating system, you can try to operate the working device of the machine to adjust the body to a flat state, or drive the car to a flat road surface, and then replenish the hydraulic oil. to ensure sufficient hydraulic fluid in the hydraulic tank.

## 0il inspection

The skid steer loader used hydraulic oil for 46 # anti-wear hydraulic oil, due to the use of different regions with different climatic differences is relatively large, the temperature is too low or too high will affect the viscosity of the hydraulic oil, resulting in insufficient system pressure or noise, and even accelerate the oil pump wear. In special climatic areas (too cold or too hot), hydraulic fluids suitable for the local temperature should be selected according to the local climatic conditions.

#### Oil level check

Before operation, the engine oil should be checked to see if the oil is sufficient (due to the machine work there are climbing, downhill, tilting, and other situations, so the oil should be close to the upper limit of the oil dipstick position, to prevent the pump pump can not pump oil), insufficient to be timely replenishment, (the oil will be slow with the engine, so it is necessary to regularly check the amount of oil), otherwise it will lead to engine wear or cylinder pulling due to the lack of oil caused by the engine manufacturers do not warranty. Otherwise, it will lead to excessive engine wear or cylinder pulling, and the engine manufacturer will not warranty the cylinder pulling or other problems caused by the lack of oil.

(Note: Add different types of engine oil according to the local temperature and climate, refer to the engine maintenance manual for detailed type and amount)

## Lubrication point inspection

Before operation, each lubrication point of the skid steer loader should be inspected, and the lubrication points should be greased once every 8 hours of work. The amount of refueling should be sufficient, and the frequency of refueling should be increased when working conditions are severe.

#### Tightness check of fixing bolts of important parts

Important components include the travel motor, bell housing, gear pump and engine. The fixing bolts of these parts should be checked for looseness before operation, and if there are any loose bolts, they must be tightened immediately. Check with the manufacturer if necessary, failing to check or tighten loose bolts can cause serious problems such as parts falling off or unscrewing with the engine coming off.

## 0il Leakage Inspection

Before operation, you should observe a circle around the vehicle and look at the chassis to check if there is any oil leakage from the skid steer loader, if there is any, it should be tightened or repaired in time.

## Inspection of operational areas

Check the topography and ground conditions of the work area, and in the case of indoor work, the building structure, and take safety measures where necessary.



Be sure to avoid hazards and obstacles such as gullies, underground pipelines, trees, cliffs, overhead power lines, or areas where there is a danger of falling rocks or landslides.

Work with the superintendent to check the location of buried gas lines, water mains, and power cables. If necessary, consult with the administrator and identify specific security measures that must be employed to ensure safety.

Always consider the safety of pedestrians and vehicles when working on the road, and use signalmen and/or signals. Isolate the operating area from unauthorized personnel.

When working in water or driving across shallow streams, the depth of the water, the solidity of the ground and the speed of the current should be checked beforehand.

## VI. Precautions to be taken during operations

#### Prohibited behavior:

Step up the throttle quickly when the engine starts.

When the engine is just started, the body temperature is low, the oil viscosity is large, the fluidity is poor, and the oil can not flow smoothly to each lubrication point in a short time. If the throttle is blown at this time, it will lead to an instantaneous increase in engine speed, although the oil pump oil supply and pressure will increase, but instantly can not meet the requirements of the lubricant volume and oil pressure of the moving parts, the moving parts can not establish a good lubricating oil film, resulting in instantaneous dry friction, resulting in severe wear. Poor lubrication of the moving parts, the operating resistance will increase, if the throttle, piston, connecting rod, crankshaft will produce violent impact, accelerate the damage to the machine parts. In addition, for gasoline engines equipped with turbochargers, it is very easy to destroy the oil seal due to poor lubrication, resulting in turbocharger failure and reducing the power of the gasoline engine. Therefore, after the machine starts, it should run smoothly at low speed, and it is strictly forbidden to increase the throttle quickly.

Direct operation without warming up after start-up

Due to the low temperature of the fuselage, the oil viscosity is large, which will make the oil pump supply insufficient oil, resulting in a short period of time the moving parts do not get good lubrication, and the wear is aggravated. At large loads, even accidents such as cylinder pulling and tile holding can occur. In winter, the hydraulic hose is brittle and easy to burst when working directly, which will cause a large amount of hydraulic oil to leak out. Therefore, after the loader is started, it should be idled to warm up, and test run each mechanism, and wait for the oil temperature and oil pressure to reach normal before operation.

Hydraulic oil replenishment directly during operation Insufficient oil will lead to the risk of engine pulling. Direct oil replenishment for gasoline engines at high temperatures.

The whole cooling system will instantly produce a large temperature difference, so that the cylinder head, cylinder liner, cylinder block, etc. instantly brittle cracks, resulting in micro-cracks, and gradually leakage, resulting in oil leakage, air leakage. Therefore, when the temperature of the gasoline engine is too high, it should be run at a slightly higher speed with no load, and then turn off the engine and stop running, which will lead to a shorter service life of the engine's use. Prolonged idling

Especially in the winter field operation, the weather is cold, not easy to start, many drivers are used to the loader does not work to let it idle for a long time. Prolonged idling oil pump will be insufficient to pump oil, oil pressure is low, the demand for lubrication of the moving parts of the oil volume and oil pressure can not meet the requirements, frictional resistance increases, wear and tear, especially the piston, cylinder liner wear and tear, easy to cause gas; sometimes also lead to the valve and piston ring jamming. In addition, prolonged idling with poor diesel atomization and incomplete combustion will result in prolonged stagnation, serious carbon buildup, and rough work. Therefore, the loader should not be idled for a long period of time, the idling time is usually about 5 minutes.

#### When the engine is difficult to start, warm the engine with an open flame

When the loader is not easy to start, some drivers use an open flame placed in the air intake or the air intake branch pipe and the air pump air pipe interface to start the gasoline engine, forced combustion gasoline engine. This practice will not only make the air filter burned, but also lead to ignition incorrectly, gasoline ahead of or behind the risk of violent combustion, explosion, rough work, cylinder liner, piston, engine and other stressed parts of the violent impact, uneven force, damage to the machine parts. Therefore, it is strictly forbidden to set fire to the car when it is difficult to start.

#### Shutdown with load or immediately after operation

When the loader stops with a load or immediately after operation, the cooling system then stops working and the heat dissipation capacity decreases sharply. Work generated by a large amount of heat accumulation in the vicinity of the heat source can not be distributed in a timely manner, so that the cylinder head, cylinder liner, cylinder block and other heated parts parts overheating, high temperature erosion. It also deteriorates the oil that adheres to its surface, making it difficult to start the next time. In addition, if the engine stops suddenly, it will cause the supercharger to heat up to about 600° C, which will easily cause damage to the sealing ring. Therefore, the loader should be unloaded before the flameout and run no-load for 3 to 5min, so that the machine temperature drops to below 40°C and the water temperature drops to below 50°C before stopping.

#### Slam the fuel door before turning off the machine.

Many drivers mistakenly believe that giving throttle hard before stopping allows excess unburned gasoline to remain in the cylinder for the next startup. In fact, this will cause incomplete combustion, black smoke, carbon deposits increase; at the same time, the throttle will make the moving parts of the inertia force suddenly increased, exacerbating the wear and tear of the moving parts; secondly, unburned fuel will flow down the cylinder wall into the oil sump to dilute the oil, shorten the oil use cycle. Therefore, the correct operation is to stop the machine after smooth operation at low and medium speeds under no load.

## Sliding into the shovel during travel

In loading operations, many drivers are accustomed to the inertia of the machine at high speeds to the pile of materials, natural deceleration, followed by shoveling materials. Using the driving inertia to rush to the pile will make the whole machine suffer from violent impacts, uneven force on all parts, which is very harmful to the whole body. This will cause deformation of the bucket, moving arm, frame, etc., cracks, due to violent force, torque increase, easy to slip and twisted deformation; transmission components are also very easy to damage. The correct operation is that the loader is driven towards the pile at low speed before shoveling, slowly inserted into the pile at an even speed, and gradually increase the throttle for shoveling

## Before and after engine start

Check the fuel level and the oil level in the engine oil pan, and check the wires are for damage.

Before starting the engine, check that the safety locking lever is in the locked position.

Check that there are no people or obstacles above, below or in the area around the machine.

## Security rules

Do not start the engine by shorting out the starter motor circuit; this is not only dangerous, but can cause damage to the equipment.

## Starting the engine in cold weather

To perform a warm-up operation, if the machine is not thoroughly warmed up before operating the joystick, the machine will be unresponsive and can lead to unexpected accidents.

If the battery electrolyte freezes, do not charge the battery or start the machine on a different power source; doing so will risk the battery catching fire. Allow the battery electrolyte to melt before charging or starting the engine on a different power source, and check the battery electrolyte's for freezing or leaks before starting. Before starting the engine, turn on the power switch, add oil in the right amount, twist the start switch, press the decompression switch when the engine speed reaches, release the start key immediately after the engine fires, and make sure the key pops back up at the same time.

\* It is strictly prohibited to turn the key again after the engine has been started. This operation may damage the starter motor and engine flywheel gears, or even destroy the starter housing and burn the starter coil. In addition, over-twisting the starter key will cause the key not to rebound, and the starter gear will not be able to separate from the engine after the engine is started, and in the case of high-speed engine drive, the current in the starter will rise rapidly, leading to coil burnout.

Start the key itself with a dust bubble, can effectively avoid dust water and other substances into the key inside, once water and other impurities into the key inside, will lead to the lock cylinder stuck not back or internal short circuit, damage to the starter, so in the rainy days or more humid, dusty environment to avoid a long time to pull out the key to park, such as the need to park must be done to protect the key port measures.

Special Note: If the gasoline engine still cannot start after the starter motor has been running for 10 seconds, please wait 15 seconds and start it again (long time continuous running of the starter motor will lead to a large amount of consumption of battery power, and may also burn out the starter).

The manufacturer's warranty does not cover starter damage caused by the above.

#### Winter startup method:

The model comes with start preheating function, when the weather is too cold to start, you have to preheat it first, turn the key clockwise to first gear, save  $8^{\sim}10$  seconds (not long time to preheat, otherwise it will lead to battery loss), then start the engine normally.

After starting the machine, make sure that the main power switch and the key 1st gear are turned on, otherwise the battery cannot be charged.

After starting the engine, perform the following operations and checks in an area free of people or obstacles. If any faults are found, shut down the machine as programmed and report the fault.

Check that the gauges are working properly.

Check for noise.

Do not use ether or starting fluid on the engine. Starter fluid can cause explosions and serious injury or death.

Preheat the engine and hydraulic oil. If the lever is operated without warming up, the machine will not respond or move quickly or properly,

causing accidents, or wear or damage to the machine and hydraulic components.

## Before starting the engine each day, check the following items

#### in this program

- Check work units, cylinders, and hoses for damage, wear, or play.
- Check that there are no cracks, excessive wear, or play in the work unit, cylinders, or hoses. If an abnormality is found, repair it.
- Remove spoils and debris from around the engine, battery and radiator.
- Check to see if any spoils have collected around the engine or radiator. Also check to see if any flammable materials (dead leaves, fine twigs, grass, etc.) have accumulated on the battery or on hot parts, such as around the engine muffler. To remove all stolen and flammable materials.
- Check for oil leaks in hydraulic unit, hydraulic tank, hoses, and fittings.
- Inspection should be free of oil leaks. If an abnormality is found, repair the oil leak.
- Check the lower body (tracks, guide wheels, support wheels) for damage, wear, loose bolts, or oil leaks from the wheels.
- If a problem is found, repair it.
- Check armrests and footrests for damage and loose bolts.
- If problems are found, repair him and tighten loose bolts.
- Check the meter for damage. If abnormalities are found, replace parts. To remove surface spoils.
- Check the bucket for damage. Check whether the hook is damaged, if found damaged, please contact the after-sales personnel for repair.
- Check the oil level in the engine oil pan, refueling
- When the engine is turned off, the parts and oil are still at a high temperature that can cause severe burns. Wait for the oil temperature to drop before starting operation.

#### Remarks:

When checking the oil level after running the engine, turn off the engine and wait at least 15 minutes before checking.

If the machine is slanted, level the machine before checking.

#### Check fuel level, add fuel

When adding fuel, do not allow fuel to spill or it will cause a fire. If fuel is spilled, wipe it up thoroughly. Since fuel oil is very flammable and dangerous, fireworks are strictly prohibited in the vicinity of fuel oil.

- ① Open the filler cap on the fuel tank.
- ② Check that the fuel tank is full when you open the filler cap, by looking into the tank.
- 3 If the tank is not full, add fuel through the filler neck and determine the fuel fill level by annotation.
- 4 Fuel tank capacity: 5 liters
- (5) When the tank is full, the page rises to the maximum
- 6 After refueling, close the gas cap

## Check electrical wiring

If the fuse blows frequently or there are signs of a short circuit in the circuit, find out the cause and repair it immediately or contact the after-sales service for repair.

The upper surface of the battery should be kept clean, remove any foreign objects from the battery to keep it clean.

Check for damaged fuses; use of fuses of specified capacity; signs of breaks or shorts in electrical wiring and damage to cladding. Also check for loose terminals. If there's screwing them up.

Also when checking the battery, engine starter motor and AC power generation, special attention should be paid to the electrical wiring.

Be sure to check for any flammable buildup around the battery. If flammable materials have accumulated, remove them as soon as possible.

#### Heat sink

The radiator fan does not work when you first start the car, after a period of time after starting the car, the fan starts to energize and work, and will automatically cut off when the temperature drops to save electricity.

#### Check the function of the horn

- Turn the starter switch to the right.
- Confirm that the horn sounds immediately when the horn button is pressed.

• If it doesn't ring check the connectors, or contact an after-sales person.

## Inspection after shutting down the engine

#### Machine inspection after daily work

- ① Walk through the machine and check the working devices, the exterior of the machine and the lower traveling body, and also check for oil leaks. If any problems are found, they are to be repaired.
- (2) Fill the fuel tank with fuel.
- 3 Check the engine compartment for paper and debris. To avoid a fire hazard, remove any paper and debris.
- 4 Remove soil attached to the lower traveling body.

## haulage

When transporting the machine observe all relevant laws and regulations and take care to ensure safety.

## Lifting machines

The operator performing lifting operations with a crane must be a qualified crane operator.

- Do not lift the machine when it is occupied.
- Be sure that the wire rope has sufficient strength to withstand the weight of the machine.
- When lifting, keep the machine level.
- Do not enter the area under or around the raised machine.
- There are special lifting rings on the machine when lifting, which can be hooked to lift (there are four on each machine to ensure the stability of lifting)

## Upon completion of daily assignments

Track idling is dangerous, so stay away from the tracks.

To prevent mud and water from freezing on the lower body and preventing the machine from being moved the following morning, observe the following precautions.

- Remove mud and water from the machine itself. In particular, the piston rod of the hydraulic cylinder should be wiped clean to prevent damage to the seal caused by dirt, spoils or water droplets on the piston rod entering the inside of the seal.
- Always park the machine on a hard, dry surface. If possible, park the machine on a board. The boards keep the tracks or wheels from freezing to the ground, allowing the machine to be moved the next morning.
- Open the drain plug to drain water that has collected in the fuel system to prevent freezing.

Fill up the fuel tank. This minimizes moisture condensation in the tank as the temperature drops.

## Precautions for Driving Operation Essentials

#### first steps

- 1 Raise the boom and turn the bucket upward so that the lower hinge point of the boom is 40 to 50 centimeters above the ground.
- (2) Observe the surroundings of the machine and sound the horn.
- 3 Graduallypush the forward handle forasmooth start of the loader

## Skid SteerLoader Operating Essentials

When starting, listen to the sound of the engine. If the RPM drops, increase the engine RPM tofacilitatestarting. Gradually increase the gas pedal to increase the speed to a certain level. Skid steerloaders should be safe when interchanging forward and reverse to avoid rapid switching leading to operator injury.

After starting the machine, pay attention to the front and the surroundings.

#### make a turn

Grab the handrail with both hands and use your thumbs or other fingers as appropriate.

#### essentials

- Before steering, reduce the driving speed depending on the road conditions, reduce the operating handleif necessary, and reduce the driving speed.
- In a straight line driving to correct the direction of travel, to slightly hit a little back, timely hit timely back, do not hit hard back, resulting in the loader "dragon" driving. When turning, operate the leveraccording to the curvature of the roadtosteer the vehicle in the direction you want to drive. When the body direction is close to the new direction, start tooperate the lever back to the right direction.

#### detent

Braking methods can be categorized into anticipatory braking and emergency braking. The operator should use the correct choice to ensure the safety of driving.

#### Predictive braking

Loader traveling, the operator has found the terrain, pedestrians, vehicles and other changes in traffic conditions, or anticipate the possibility of complexity, purposeful deceleration or stopping measures, known as anticipatory braking. Anticipatory braking not only ensures safe driving, but also preventsdamage to the tires(tracks) of themachine. Therefore, this is one of the best braking methods and should be utilized on a regular basis.

#### Emergency braking

Machine braking is based on the hydraulic unit's center position for self-locking with oil cutoff, i.e., the lever stops operation to restore the center function.

## pull up (stop one's vehicle)

- 1. Slowly slow down the operating handletodeceleratethe machine.
- 2. Push the operation handleaccording to the stopping distance to make the loader stop at the designated place.
- 3. Lower the arm so that the bucket is placed on the ground.

#### Fixed machine

cautious

In order to prevent damage to the quick change cylinder during transportation, please pad the quick change end with a wooden gasket to prevent the quick change end from touching the bottom plate.

- 1. Lower the bucket
- 2. Fully extend the bucket and rod cylinder, then slowly lower it.
- 3. Turn off the engine and remove the key from the start switch.
- 4. Turn off the main power switch
- 5. Tie the machine firmly with a chain or wire rope of appropriate strength. Special care should be taken to secure the machine firmly so that it does not slide to one side.

## reverse (a vehicle)

Reversing should be carried out after the loader has come to a complete stop, and the starting, steering and braking methods of reversing are the same as those of forwarding.

Note: The operating position of the operator during reversing and forwarding is determined according to the actual environment (standing on the foot pedal or standing on the road with the foot pedal retracted for operation).

## Foot pedal precautions

## Caveats:

When the foot pedal is retracted. Pay attention to the spring pin of the pedal fixing part, which must be retracted from the inside of the pedal, and note that after the spring pin is retracted, there is a margin for the pedal to fall back, so pay attention to the pedal to fall back to avoid knocking the leg. Scratched fingers.

#### Working condition precautions

#### Caveats

- Note that when the vehicle is running empty uphill, the front bucket unit, which must raise the big arm, which must be raised above the height of the incline, is required to raise the front bucket to avoid a collision, as shown in the figure above.
- Note that when the vehicle is running heavy, the front bucket, as in the above picture, needs to be operated, and the movable arm needs to be lifted to prevent the front bucket device from working when the vehicle's center of gravity is unstable, leading to serious consequences of rollover.
- When the vehicle is in the uphill parking state, it prevents the vehicle from skidding and avoids danger.
- When the vehicle is working uphill, pay attention to the maximum shoveling weight of the front bucket, when working, must ensure that the parameters of the vehicle limit, to ensure that the vehicle is working in a controllable range, prohibit overloading overweight, resulting in the occurrence of serious consequences.
- When the vehicle has finished its work. When going downhill, the front bucket is retracted and the front boom is lifted and retracted, pay attention to the length of the rear bucket of the vehicle body to avoid collision, which will lead to serious consequences of overturning.
- When the vehicle is in a downhill condition. Pay attention to the length of the vehicle to avoid a collision that could lead to serious consequences of a rollover. Vehicles run slowly downward, it is prohibited to increase the gas pedal, resulting in excessive speed, resulting in the phenomenon of rollover.
- Stopping distance is within one meter when the vehicle is traveling on a smooth surface. The vehicle starts with a buffer distance and passes within one meter of the parking brake. When the vehicle is traveling on a smooth road surface to stop, gradually slow down the operating speed of the handle when stopping sharply to prevent skidding and causing serious consequences.

long term storage
pre-storage

When storing the machine (for a month or more), hold the machine in the position shown in the diagram below to protect the cylinder piston rod.

When placing the machine in storage for a long period of time (more than one month), do the following.

- To clean and rinse all parts, then put the machine inside. If you have to store the machine outside, choose a flat surface and cover the machine with a cover cloth.
- Fill up the fuel tank so you can place moisture buildup. Lubricate and change the oil before storage.
- Apply a layer of grease to the metal surface of the hydraulic cylinder piston rod.
- Disconnect the negative terminal of the battery and cover the battery or remove the battery from the machine and store it separately.

## depository period

When the machine is indoors, if rustproofing operations must be performed, open windows and doors to promote air circulation to prevent gas poisoning.

During storage, the machine should be operated and moved a short distance once a month to attach a fresh film of oil to the surfaces of the moving parts. Also, charge the battery.

## after storage

Notes.

If the machine has been stored without the monthly rust prevention operation, please contact the after-sales personnel before using the machine.

When using a machine that has been stored for a long period of time, follow these steps before using it:

- Wipe some grease applied to the surface of the cylinder piston rod.
- Fill all parts with oil and grease.
- When the machine is stored for a long period of time, moisture from the atmosphere can get into the oil. Before starting the engine or after starting the engine, check the oil in all parts and change all the oil if there is water in it.

## Starting the engine after long-term

#### storage

When storing a started engine for an extended period of time, perform a warm-up preheat operation.



Ensure good visibility

When working in dark areas, turn on the machine's headlights and install additional lighting if necessary.

When visibility is poor due to inclement weather (fog, snow, rain or haze), stop operating the machine until visibility improves.

## Do not carry people on the machine

No person shall be permitted to ride on any part of the machine at any time while the machine is in motion or in operation.

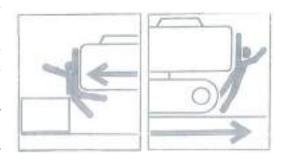


## Check that the work area is safe and secure before operation

Confirm the performance limits of the machine.

Signalmen are used on road shoulders in narrow places or where vision is obstructed.

Never allow anyone to enter the machine's swing radius and path. Indicate your intention to move by sounding the horn.



There is a viewpoint blind spot at the rear of the machine. Before walking backwards, check the safety of your

## VII. Technical specification parameters

	Overall kerb quality (kg)	4150
Basic	Rated bucket capacity (m3)	0. 4
perfor mance parame	Maximum driving speed (km/h)	9
ters	Climbing ability (%)	25
	Rated charging mass (kg)	1250
	Maximum loaded mass (kg)	2100

	Maximum discharging height (mm)	2250
	Cummins engine	1360
	Bucket lifting time fully loaded (s)	5. 6
	Bucket lowering time (s)	4.5
	Maximum accessory flow (1/min)	100
	Engine model	QSF2. 8t4TC74
	deploy	Turbocharging++ EPA++Euro 5
	Rated speed (r/min)	2500
	Rated power (kw)	56
Cummin	Displacement (1)	2.8
s engine	Cylinder number	4
	Cooling mode	Intermediate cooling+water cooling+hydraulic oil
	Engine oil change (L)	7. 5
	Fuel form	diesel
	Fuel label	No. 0/-No. 10
V	Engine model	4TNV98T-ZCNLYS
Yangma engine	deploy	Guosan+Turbocharg ing
	Rated speed (r/min)	2500

	Rated power (kw)	64. 1
	Displacement (1)	3. 319
	Cylinder number	4
	Cooling mode	Water cooling+oil cooling
	Engine oil change (L)	7.5
	Fuel form	diesel
	Fuel label	No. 0/-No. 10
	Engine model	4TNV98C-PLYS
	deploy	EPA++ouwu
	Rated speed (r/min)	2400
	Rated power (kw)	49.9
Yangma	Displacement (1)	3. 319
engine	Cylinder number	4
	Cooling mode	Water cooling+oil cooling
	Engine oil change (L)	7
	Fuel form	diesel
	Fuel label	No. 0/-No. 10
	Engine model	4TNV98CT-NLYS
Yangma engine	deploy	Turbocharging++ EPA++Euro 5
	Rated speed (r/min)	2500

	Rated power	er (kw)	53. 7
	Displacemo	ent (1)	3. 319
	Cylinder	number	4
	Cooling ma	ode	Water cooling+oil cooling
	Engine oi	l change (L)	7
	Fuel form		diesel
	Fuel labe	1	No. 0/-No. 10
caterp illar tread	Track mode pitch × r sections)	el (width × number of	320×84×52
fuel	Hydraulic	oil tank (1)	45
tank	Fuel tank	(1)	56
		mode1	HP21VG45
		brand	Hengli
	Walking pump	Rated pressure (MPa)	35
hydrau lic pressu		Rated flow (1/min)	112. 5+112. 5
re system		mode1	LX10V045LADS
	*** 1 •	brand	Lezhuo
	Working pump	Rated pressure (MPa)	25
		Rated flow (1/min)	112. 5

		model	LX12SL
	Working	brand	Lezhuo
	valve	Rated pressure (MPa)	22. 5
		model	LX21VE45
		brand	Lezhuo
	Walking motor	Rated pressure (MPa)	30
		Rated displacement (ml/r)	45*2
		model	TFT7T2-32. 3A
	reducer	brand	Lezhuo
		velocity ratio	32. 3
	I	Overall dimension (mm)	3820*1800*2460
		Bucket length (mm)	3820
Bod	y data	Length without bucket (mm)	3040
		Maximum lifting height (mm)	3760
		Bucket width	1800

(mm)	
Minimum clearance from the ground (mm)	230
Boom length (mm) Boom length (mm)	2900

# VIII.Fault and solution

## Skid Steer Loader Common Failures and Solutions

common breakdown	Reason for failure	prescription
Weakness and slow	Clogged or loose	Disassemble to clean or
movement of the	relief valve	tighten relief valve
machine	pump damage	Replacement of hydraulic
		pump
	Clogged oil pump	Clean or replace the oil
	inlet pipe	feed tube
	engine trouble	Contact the factory to have
		the engine serviced
The machine does not	pump damage	Replacement of hydraulic
move.		pump
	Damaged shaft	Replacement of coupling
	coupling splines	splines
	Hydraulic oil bias	Add hydraulic fluid or
	due to tilting of	level the machine
	the fuselage	
	to one side	
The machine will not	Walking motor off	fit into place
rotate	Damaged travel	Replacement of travel motor
	motor	
Blue smoke from the	Overfilling of oil	Adjust the oil level
engine and no power		according to the upper and
		lower limits of the oil
		dipstick
	engine trouble	Contact the factory to have
		the engine serviced
The engine smokes	Clogged air filter	Clean or replace the air
and is weak.		filter
	engine trouble	Contact the factory to have
		the engine serviced
white smoke from the	Water in gasoline	Drain the oil and refill
engine (idiom);		
fig. suffering from		
a lack of motivation		
Engine Holding	Stuck relief valve	Remove the relief valve and
		clean it with gasoline,
		then reinstall it.
	Relief valve	Trimming relief valves
	adjustment too	
	tight	

	Insufficient	Charging or charging with
	battery voltage	an external battery fire
	Gasoline with dry	Unplug the gas hose from the
	talent refueling	engine and drain the air
	leads to the tube	before installing it.
	There's air in the	G
The engine won't	road.	
fire.	Not enough	Fill with gasoline as
	gasoline.	appropriate
	engine trouble	Contact the factory to have
		the engine serviced
	Clogged injector	Replacement of fuel
	nozzles	injectors
	Clogged air filter	Replacement of air filter
	element	element
	Damage to the high	Replacement of high
	pressure oil pump	pressure oil pump
	Fuse broken	Check and replace fuses
	Clogged fuel filter	Replacement of fuel filter
	element	element
	Damage to high	Replacement of high
	pressure oil pump	pressure oil pump
	Low temperatures	Change to the right grade of
	cause the oil to	oil
	thicken	
Engine Throttle Up	Folded gasoline	Check the gasoline fuel
and Down	leads to fuel supply	line and adjust the
	unruly	direction to ensure a
		smooth fuel supply
Throttle continues	Engine throttle	Release the engine throttle
to increase	retainer locks up	retainer
Can't get the	Throttle cable	Tighten the throttle cable
throttle up.	ferrule is loose	ferrule

common breakdown	Reason for	prescription
	failure	
Headlights don't	Line plug	Check the wiring plugs for
come on, odometer	disconnected	dislodged or loose
or display doesn't	component damage	Replacement parts
work		

Battery not	Generator wire	Check engine wiring and
charging	breakage	reconnect
	Damaged fuses	Replacement of fuses
	Damaged regulator	Replacing the regulator
	battery damage	Replacement of battery
High engine	Highland climate	Replacement of
temperatures	impacts	high-pressure water tank
		cover
	engine trouble	Contact the factory to have
		the engine serviced
0il pressure alarm	Lack of oil	Add oil
	overheating of the	Check coolant
	engine	
	Damaged sensors	Replacement of sensors
	line fault	Line checking

## IX. Maintenance and upkeep

#### Maintenance Considerations

#### Engine Maintenance

As the excavator's most important power system - the engine needs to be maintained in accordance with the "engine instruction manual" carried with the vehicle, in strict accordance with the engine instruction manual for the maintenance of the content can effectively improve engine life, reduce the occurrence of failures.

#### The main maintenance consists of the following components:

- Engine break-in care.
- Oil change intervals, and refills. (Oil will be used with the machine, slow consumption, so you need to regularly check the amount of oil, not a refill and wait until the next time to replace the refill, the oil is insufficient need to be supplemented in a timely manner, otherwise it will lead to serious consequences such as pulling the cylinder, due to the lack of oil caused by the engine damage manufacturers do not warranty)
- Oil Filter, Fuel Filter Replacement Intervals
- Air Filter Replacement Intervals

## Labeled "Do Not Operate" warning message

Inspection or maintenance of the machine could result in serious injury if an unauthorized person starts the engine or touches the control handle.

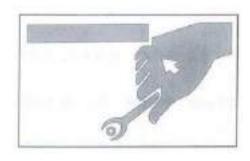
Before performing maintenance, turn off the engine, remove the key and keep it with you.



Mark the "Do Not Operate" warning message in a conspicuous place such as the starter switch or lever.

## Use the right tools

Do not use damaged or deteriorated tools or tools designed for other uses. Use tools appropriate to the operation in question.



## Regular replacement of safety-critical components

To ensure that the machine can be used safely for a longer period of time, it should be regularly refueled and inspected and maintained. To enhance safety, replace safety-critical parts such as hoses and seat belts regularly.

"Periodically replaced safety-critical components" means components that age, wear and deteriorate in function through repeated use and whose performance changes over time. These characteristics of such parts make them capable of causing serious mechanical damage or personal injury, and it is difficult to judge their remaining useful life based on visual inspection or operating feel alone.

Replace the "Periodic Replacement of Safety Critical Parts" if any damage is found during visual inspection, even if the specified replacement interval has not yet been reached.

Replace fuel hoses regularly. Fuel hoses can become increasingly worn over time, even if they do not yet show any symptoms of wear.

Replace at the first sign of wear, regardless of the replacement schedule.

To use the machine safely, perform regular inspections and maintenance. The following safety-critical components must be replaced periodically to enhance safety. Damage to these parts can cause serious injury or fire.

human body	Safety-critical components that are regularly replaced		replacement time
Fuel		fuel pipe	Every 2
system		Packing on fuel cap	years
		Hydraulic hose (pump outlet)	
	hosts	Hydraulic hose (pump suction port)	
		Hydraulic hose (travel motor)	
Hydraulics Systems	working	Hydraulic hose (boom cylinder line)	Every 3
Systems	device (e.g. for gasoline,	Hydraulic hose (bucket cylinder line)	years
	diesel	Hydraulic hose (pilot valve line)	
	engine)	Hydraulic hose (handle line)	

Hydraulic hoses (tank lines)
Hydraulic hoses (auxiliary lines)

## explosion-proof lighting

When checking fuel, lubricating oil, coolant or battery electrolyte, use an explosion-proof lamp to prevent fire or explosion. Otherwise, an explosion may occur, causing serious injury or death.



# Access by unauthorized persons is strictly prohibited

Do not allow unauthorized personnel to enter the work area during operation. Be careful when sanding, welding or using a hammer as you may be injured by flying debris from the machine.



## Preparation of the working area

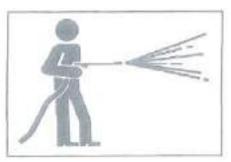
Select a firm and level working area. Ensure proper lighting conditions and ventilation if working indoors.

Remove obstacles and hazardous materials. Exclude slippery areas.

## Always keep the machine clean

## Before maintenance, the machine should be cleaned

Turn the engine off before cleaning the machine. Cover electrical parts to prevent water ingress. Water ingress



into electrical components can lead to Causes a short circuit or malfunction. Do not clean the battery, electronic control components, sensors, connectors or cab with water or steam.

## Turn off the engine before maintenance

Avoid lubricating or mechanically adjusting the machine when it is running, or when the machine is not running but the engine is running.

If maintenance must be performed while the engine is running, two people should work as a team and stay in communication with each other.

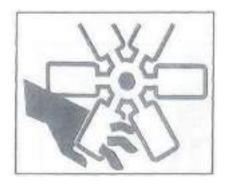
A person must be seated in the driver's seat so that the engine can be turned off immediately if necessary. This person must take special care not to touch the control levers and pedals, except when required.

The other person performing the maintenance shall ensure that his/her body or clothing is kept away from the moving parts of the machine.

## Keep away from moving parts

Keep away from all rotating and moving parts. If a hand or tool gets caught in a rotating or moving part, it could result in serious injury or even death.

If tools or other objects are thrown or inserted into the fan or fan belt, they will



be blown or shredded. Do not drop or insert anything into the fan or fan belt.

## Securely fasten the machine or any part that may fall out of

## place

Before performing maintenance or repairs under the machine, all movable work devices should be lowered to the ground or in the lowest position.



#### Fixed tracks

If work must be done under lifted machinery or equipment, it must be secured with wooden pads, jacks, or other strong, stable supports. Do not get under a machine or work device without supporting it securely. This procedure is particularly important when working with hydraulic cylinders.

## Stabilized working devices

When repairing or replacing cylinders or tubes, the working device should be fixed to prevent accidental movement of the machine.

Hold it steady when opening the hood or cover.

Be sure to secure the hood or cover before working inside the machine. Keep the hood or cover closed in windy weather or when the machine is parked on a slope .

## Place the weight in a stable position

When temporarily placing heavy objects or accessories on the floor during disassembly or installation, be sure to place them in a stable position. Keep unauthorized persons away from areas where such items are stored.



## Fueling Precautions

There shall be no smoking or open flames while refueling or in the vicinity of the refueling point.

Do not remove the gas cap or refuel while the engine is running or has not cooled down. Do not spread fuel on hot surfaces of the machine.

Fill the fuel tank in a well-ventilated area.



Do not fill the fuel tank. There should be room for oil expansion. Spilled fuel should be wiped up immediately.

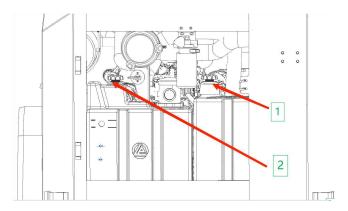
Securely tighten the fuel tank. If the gas cap is missing, replace it with the original. Use of an unauthorized, poorly vented fuel cap can create internal pressure in the fuel tank.

## Precautions:

1. Diesel fuel tank filler. When filling diesel fuel, pay attention to

unscrew the diesel fuel tank cover on the right side of the car body first, connect it with the fuel tank filler with a funnel, and then fill diesel fuel with a fuel tank barrel. Pay attention to turning on the power switch, and pay attention to the instrument to display the filling position of the fuel tank, so as to prevent the fuel tank cover from being too full and causing serious consequences.





#### Keeps dust out

When installing and removing parts, do so in a dust-free area, sweeping the work area and cleaning the parts to prevent the ingress of dust.

#### Cleaning the mounting surface

When installing or removing parts, make sure that the contact surfaces of the parts are clean. If the sealing groove on the contact surface is damaged, contact your sales or service agent for repair or replacement.

#### Seals and Cotter Pins

Always replace all removed seals and cotter pins with new parts.

When installing, be careful not to damage or distort the seal.



When wrapping a screw plug with sealing tape, clean the threads from the old sealing tape and clean the threads. Fuel oil shall not be used for cleaning.

Wrap the threads tightly with a sealing ring, taking care to leave one or two turns at the end of the plug unwound.

Fuel and lubricants use the correct fuel grade for the season.

Please select the appropriate fuel, lubricant and grease according to the temperature. regardless of whether or not they have reached the designated

If the oil becomes too dirty or deteriorated, change it.

When refueling, do not mix different brands of oil. If you are changing brands, replace all fuel/lubricants.

#### Handling of hoses

Lubricant or fuel leaks can cause fires.

Do not twist, bend or strike the hose.

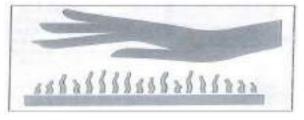
Do not use twisted, bent or cracked pipes, metal tubes or hoses as they may burst.

Retighten the loose fitting.

#### Be careful when handling hot and pressurized parts

Turn off the engine and wait for the machine to cool down before performing maintenance.

The engine, exhaust, radiator, hydraulic hoses, sliding parts and many other



parts of the machine are hot when the engine is first turned off. Touching these parts can cause burns.

Be careful not to touch the hydraulic fluid when loosening the cover or plug. Operating the machine in this condition can result in burns or injuries due to hot oil spray.

#### Beware of internal oil pressure

The pressure in the hydraulic fluid lines will be maintained for a long time after the engine is turned off.

Internal pressure should be completely relieved before performing maintenance work.

The high pressure of hydraulic

fluid can puncture the skin or eyes, causing serious injuries ranging from

blindness to death. Keep in mind that hydraulic fluid seeping out small holes is virtually invisible to the naked eye. When checking for leaks, wear sunglasses and heavy gloves, and protect your skin with cardboard plywood to prevent injury from hydraulic fluid spray.

If hydraulic fluid penetrates the skin, it should removed surgically within a few hours by a physician familiar with such injuries.

Open the back door

or

be

Fuel filter element

# Before working on the hydraulic system, it should be relieved of pressure.

Hydraulic fluid may spray out if the cap or filter is removed or piping is disconnected before the hydraulic system is pressurized.

Slowly loosen the bleeder plug to relieve tank pressure.

When removing plugs or screws or disconnecting hoses, stand to one side and slowly loosen them to gradually relieve internal pressure before removing them.

Oil or oil plugs may spray out due to pressure in the travel motor oil tank. Slowly release the oil plug to relieve the internal pressure.

#### Be careful of flying debris when using the hammer!

When using a hammer, pins or metal shavings may be splashed around. This can cause serious injuries.

Wear protective equipment such as goggles and gloves when striking hard metal parts such as pins, bucket teeth, side teeth or bearings with a hammer.

Make sure no one is around when tapping pins or teeth.

#### Disconnect the battery cable.

- Disconnect the battery cable before working on the electronic system or welding. First disconnect the negative battery cable. When reconnecting, connect the negative battery cable last.
- Please be careful when handling the battery
- The battery contains sulfuric acid which can damage eyes or skin if touched inadvertently.
- If inadvertent eye contact occurs, flush immediately with water and seek medical attention promptly.



- If accidentally swallowed, drink plenty of water or milk and seek immediate medical attention.
- If sulfuric acid touches skin or clothing, wash it off immediately with plenty of water.
- Goggles and gloves should be worn when handling the battery.
- The battery can generate flammable hydrogen gas, which may cause an explosion. Keep away from sources of ignition such as open flames, sparks or lit cigarettes.
- Use a flashlight when checking the electrolyte level.
- Before checking or disposing of the battery, be sure to turn the starter switch off to turn the engine off.
- Be careful not to allow metal tools or any metal objects to touch the electrodes and cause a short circuit.
- Electrical sparks are generated when the electrodes are loose. Be sure to tighten it.
- Make sure the battery cap is securely fastened.
- Do not charge or cross start the engine when the battery is frozen or it may explode. Warm frozen batteries to 15°C before use.
- Do not use the battery when the level is below the lower limit. Otherwise, it will accelerate the internal deterioration of the battery and shorten its life. It can also lead to rupture (explosion).
- Do not refill distilled water above the upper limit. Otherwise the electrolyte will leak out. Contact with this liquid can damage skin or corrode machine parts.
- Clean the area around the electrolyte level line with a damp cloth and check the level. Do not clean with a dry cloth, as this can lead to static buildup and combustion or explosion.

#### Using the battery charging cable across the start

- When starting the engine using the battery charging cable, be sure to connect the cable following the correct procedure below.
   Incorrectly connected cables can cause discharge and battery explosion.
- Don't let the "problem machine" and the "rescue machine" run into each other.
- Do not touch the positive (+) and negative (-) clips of the battery charging cable to each other or to the machine.
- To connect, first connect the positive terminal of the battery charging cable to the positive (+) terminal. To disconnect, first disconnect the negative cable from the negative (-) terminal (ground terminal).
- Be sure to securely connect the cable clamps.
- Connect the last wire clip of the battery charging cable to as far away from the battery as possible.
- Goggles and gloves should always be worn when starting the engine with the battery charging cable.
- Use battery charging cables and clips sized for the battery capacity. Do not use damaged or corroded battery charging cables and clips.
- Make sure that the battery of the "rescue machine" is of the same capacity as the battery of the "problem machine".

#### Please appoint our service agent for welding repair

- When welding must be performed, it must be done by qualified personnel in a fully equipped workplace. To prevent damage to any part of the machine caused by excessive current or electrical sparks, observe the following.
- Disconnect the battery wiring before performing welding.
- Do not apply 200V or more continuously.
- The grounding point shall be connected within 1 meter of the welded part. Do not connect the ground terminal near the electrical controls/meter or connector.
- Ensure that there are no seals or bearings between the welded part and the grounding end.
- Do not connect the grounding end to the pin of the work unit or around the hydraulic cylinder.
- To perform welding work on the body, disconnect the connector of the electronic control unit before working.

#### waste treatment

Ensure that waste oil from the machine is collected in a container. Improper disposal of waste oil can be harmful to the environment.

Follow applicable laws and regulations when handling



hazardous materials such as lubricants, fuel, filters and batteries.

### Disposal of hazardous chemicals

Direct exposure to harmful chemicals can cause serious injury. Hazardous chemicals used in this machine include grease, battery electrolyte, coolants, paints and adhesives.

Please handle hazardous chemicals carefully and properly.

#### Maintenance Catalog

Cartridg	inaugural		inaugural routine		model	note
e Name	timing	Maintenance	timin	Maintenanc	numbe	
			g	е	r	
Oil Filter	50H	change (one's	200H	change	/	For severe
		address etc)		(one's		conditions,
				address etc)		cleaning
						and
						replacemen
						t intervals
						will be
						shortened
						(air
						blowing,
						not water
						washing).

Oil return filter	300H	change (one's address etc)	600H	change (one's address etc)	/	
Hydraulic oil outlet filter element	300H	change (one's address etc)	600H	change (one's address etc)	/	
			slick			
Oil Name	inaugural		inaugural conventional (weapons)		model numbe	note
	timing	Maintenance	timin	Maintenanc	r	
			g	е		
oil	50H	change (one's address etc)	200H		CD 15W-4 0 CF-4 15W-4	Choose the right oil for your local temperatur e
diesel	everyda y	replenishmen t	/	/	92	Use gasoline from regular gas stations
hydraulic oil	300H	change (one's address etc)	600H	change (one's address etc)		
grease	new airport	raise the stakes	8H	raise the stakes		

#### oil change

#### Oil Change Precautions

- Oil changes must be done with the engine hot.
- Do not start the engine during an oil change or until the oil has been drained and new oil has been added.
- An oil fill level close to but not exceeding the upper limit of the dipstick is optimal.
- The oil filter must be changed at the same time as the oil change.

Gasoline should meet the following standards, and this table lists several fuel specifications in force in the world.

World Fuel Code gasoline key indicators				
	categor	Category	Category	Category
	y I	II	III	IV
Lead, g/L Not more than	0.013	not	not	not
Lead, g/L Not more than	detected	detected	detected	
Sulfur content, % (m/m) Not more than	0.10	0.02	0.003	not have
Oxygen content, % (m/m) Not more than	2. 7	2. 7	2. 7	2. 7
Aromatic content, % (v/v) Not more than	50.0	40	35. 0	35.0
Olefin content, % (v/v) Not more than		20.0	10.0	10.0
Benzene content, % (v/v) Not more than	5.0	2. 5	1.0	1.0

#### Caveats:

Gasoline tank filling port, filling gasoline, pay attention to the rear of the body of the engine vapor gas tank cover unscrewed first, using a funnel connected to the tank filling port, and then use the tank bucket to fill gasoline, pay attention to the filling position of the tank, to prevent overfilling, resulting in the tank cover can not be covered, resulting in serious consequences.

#### • Fuel tank capacity: 5 liters.

After refueling, tighten the fuel tank cap clockwise Hydraulic oil tank filling port, filling hydraulic oil, pay attention to the front of the car body first hydraulic oil tank cover unscrewed, the use of funnels and oil tank filling port connection, and then use the oil tank bucket filling hydraulic oil, pay attention to observe the hydraulic oil window, pay attention to the oil window of the filling position, when the hydraulic oilmore than the oil window red dot marked one-half ofthe time, the hydraulic oil to immediately stop filling, prohibit overfilling, resulting in the oil tank cover can not be covered, resulting in serious consequences.

- Hydraulic oil tank capacity: 18 liters
- Hydraulic oil fillingcan be stoppedafter completion of filling according to the specified amount.
- Whenthe hydraulic oil windowis filled, tighten the tank cap clockwise to prevent oil leakage. The hydraulic fluid can be stopped filling.

# Diagram of grease filling position

# Slip RS20 Grease Filling Standard

serial number	Fill position	icon	Requirements for refilling	note
1	Movable arm left rear Pin position		When filling grease, grease overflow from the grease filling port and pin connection is qualified.	Avoid overfill ing the grease, which can cause grease to drip and bodywork to become fouled.
2	Right rear of movable arm Pin position		When filling grease, grease overflow from the grease filling port and pin connection is qualified.	Avoid overfill ing the grease, which can cause grease to drip and bodywork to become fouled.
3	Left arm cylinder Head pin position		When filling grease, grease overflow from the grease filling port and pin connection is qualified.	Avoid overfill ing the grease, which can cause grease to drip and bodywork to become fouled.

4	Right arm cylinder Cylinder head pin position	When filling grease, grease overflow from the grease filling port and pin connection is qualified.	Avoid overfill ing the grease, which can cause grease to drip and bodywork to become fouled.
5	Bucket Cylinder Front End Pin Location	When filling grease, grease overflow from the grease filling port and pin connection is qualified.	Avoid overfill ing the grease, which can cause grease to drip and bodywork to become fouled.
6	Left side of quick-chan ge plate Pin position	When filling grease, grease overflow from the grease filling port and pin connection is qualified.	Avoid overfill ing the grease, which can cause grease to drip and bodywork to become fouled.
7	Right side of quick-chan ge plate Pin position	When filling grease, grease overflow from the grease filling port and pin connection is qualified.	Avoid overfill ing the grease, which can cause grease to drip and bodywork to become fouled.

#### **Caveats:**

Pay attention to filling the grease when filling the grease in bad wind and sandy weather, pay attention to gently press the grease gun a few times first to prevent the wind and sand from blocking the grease nipple, and avoid the pipe from entering the wind and sand, which will lead to the damage of the machine when you use it.

Pay attention to refill the grease in a good weather environment, pay attention to first gently press the grease gun twice to prevent the dust will grease nozzle blocking, use to avoid the grease pipe into the wind and sand, resulting in wear and damage to the machine parts.

#### Open the back door

#### 0il change method

#### 0il Change Precautions

- Oil changes must be done with the engine stopped.
- During the oil change process and after draining the oil before adding new oil, it is prohibited to start the standby machine and stop the machine when the temperature reaches 80 degrees.
- An oil fill level close to but not exceeding the upper limit of the dipstick is optimal.
- Put the oil catch pan under the oil drain of the gasoline engine and unscrew the oil drain bolt to protect the environment.
- WARNING: Be careful of hot oil burns and dispose of old oil properly.
- Pay attention to the type of oil used.
- Replace with new oil, taking care to check the dipstick level.



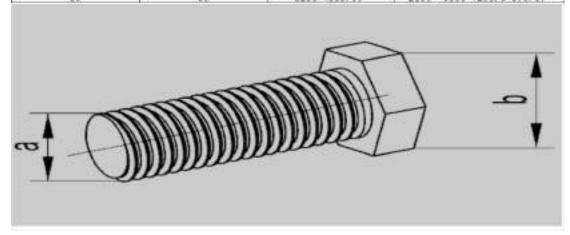


0il return filter

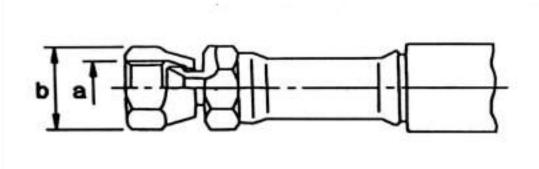
- NOTE: The added oil must wait five minutes before checking the level of the oil.
- If the diesel engine is ready to stop using for a long time, it should be drained while it is still hot, coolant, fuel, clean the engine oil sump and oil filter.

## Torque reference standard

螺栓拧紧力矩表					
AND AND DECEMBER OF THE PARTY O	对比宽度b(mm)	拧紧力矩: N+m (kgf+m)			
螺纹直径a(mn)		目标值	使用极限		
6	10	13.2 (1.35)	11.8-14.7 (1.2-1.5)		
8	13	31 (3, 2)	2754 (2, 8-3, 5)		
10	17	66 (6,7)	5974 (8, 0-7, 5)		
12	19	113 (11.5)	98-123 (10, 0-12, 5)		
14	22	177 (18.0)	157-196 (16, 0-20, 0)		
16	24	279 (29.5)	245-309 (25, 0-31, 5)		
18	27	382 (39.0)	343-425 (35, 0-43, 5)		
20	30	549 (56.0)	490-608 (50.0-62.0)		
22	32	745 (76.0)	662-829 (67.5-84.5)		
24	36	927 (94.5)	824-1038 (84.0-105.0)		
27	41	1320 (135.0)	1180-1470 (120, 0-150, 0)		
30	46	1720 (175.0)	1520-1910 (155, 0-195, 0)		
33	50	2210 (225.0)	19602450 (200, 0-250, 0)		
36	55	2750 (280.0)	24503040 (250, 0-310, 0)		
39	60	3280 (335.0)	2890-3630 (295, 0-370, 0)		



液压油管拧紧力矩表					
AMAN PLAN / N	and the obsides of the	拧紧力矩: N·m			
螺纹直径a(mm)	对比宽度b(mm)	目标值	使用极限		
10	14	14.7 (1.5)	12.7-16.7 (1.3-1.7)		
14	19	29.4(3.0)	27, 5-39, 2 (2, 8-4, 0)		
18	24	78.5 (8.0)	58.8-98.1 (6.0-10.0)		
22	27	117.7 (12.0)	88. 3137. 3 (9. 0-14. 0)		
24	32	147.1 (15.0)	117.7176.5 (12.0-18.0		
30	36	215.7 (22.0)	176. 5245. 2 (18. 0-25. 0		
33	41	255, 5 (26, 0)	215, 7284, 4 (22, 0-29, 0		







# **EC DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY**

	Original Declaration
MANUFACTUI	RER.
Name.	SHANDONG RIPPA MACHINERY GROUP CO., LTD.
Name:	36 meters north of Guang'an Jiayuan, Guang'an Road Jining City,
SHANDONG	Shandong Province, China
RIPPA	
MACHINERY	
GROUP CO.	
AUTHORIZED	REPRESENTATIVE.
	Irmin Garbers
	WALDERSEESTRASSE 9, 23566 LUBECK, GERMANY
authored to he	old technical file on behalf of manufacurer above
herby declare	s that the below mentioned machine.
description of	machinery
PRODUCT	NAME: HYDRAULIC LOADER
Excavator	
MODEL/TYPE	. <u>RS20</u>
SERIAL NO.	
PRODUCTION	I YEAR
IN ACCORDA	NCE WITH.
machine direct	ive 2006/42/EC
	en 4741:2022; en 4745:2022
EMC DIRECTI	VE 2014/30/EU
	en iso 137661:2018; en iso 137662:2018
AS WELL AS	TO THE FOLLOWING OTHER DIRECTIVES AND THE
CORRESPON	DING NATIONAL REGULATIONS.
NOISE DIREC	TIVE 2000/14/ec & 2005/88/ec, dlgs 262/02
equipment acc	ounting to the definition government by annex i, item 20 of noise directive.
CONFORMITY	ASSESSMENT PROCEDURE FOLLOWED.ANNEX VII of 2000/14/EC
NOTIFIED BOI	DY: EUROPEAN CERTIFYINGeuropean certifying organization s.p.a.NB
0714, VIA MEN	NGOLINA 33, FAENZA(RA), ITALY
holder of the te	echnical documentation.MANUFACTURER
MEASURED S	OUND POWER LEVEL.92 dB(A)
guaranteed so	und power level: 93 dB(A)93 dB(A)
signed on beha	alf of shandong rippa machinery group co.
stamp&signatu	re : name : shandong rippa machinery group co.
NAME :	

# Additional list mat Supporting

- 1. accessories random file An operation
- 2. and maintenance manual One
- 3. three-package document of the service
- 4. certificate qualification
- 5. certificate Engine manual Engine
- 6. three guarantees certificate List of
- 7. market service networks